New-York Daily Times.

VOL. VI....NO. 1565. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1856. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

[illegible] ... in obedience to the law of self-defence, and drive them from our [illegible] Gov. Geary, in obedience to his instructions [illegible]

[illegible] over and over again to Acting-Governor Woodson to open the highways running to [illegible] and to Westport. He has told us that [illegible] and that if we would promise to [illegible] Territorial Laws he would stop the difficulties. We never knew that it was necessary for men to [illegible] before claiming protection from the Government. We never knew that barbarians had the right to plunder on the highways, murder and scalp peaceful travelers, because certain people did not choose to recognize obnoxious laws. We had always supposed that law was made for the protection of all—but in Kansas, it seems, that when the actual settler refuses to recognize laws he had no voice in making and laughs at officers who usurp positions they have no right to fill—then the people of Missouri are justified in blocking up the highways—robbing travelers, burning cabins and murdering peaceful citizens.

It is said that our people are in arms against the Territorial laws. This is false. Our people do not recognize these laws—neither do they disobey any but those which infringe upon the freedom of speech and of the press. The present troubles arise not from any disobedience to law, but in consequence of the tyranny of the Government officials.

When the Deputy Marshal endeavored to arrest Gov. Reeder, it was Reeder who refused to obey the summons, and not the people who interposed. True, the people sympathized with Reeder—but is it a crime for our people to sympathize with the wronged and oppressed? Is there any law against it? The statute book of Kansas may make it a crime for us to sympathize with the black race in their oppression—but [illegible]

The [illegible] and people of Lawrence who have [illegible] asked acting Gov. Woodson to open the highways, have never disobeyed any laws. There are [illegible] against them. They have never even been [illegible] as a nuisance by a packed Territorial Grand Jury.

The United States Marshal arrayed a posse against us because Gov. Reeder told the Deputy Marshal if he "put his finger upon him, he did it at his peril." That posse murdered two of our citizens, plundered houses, stole horses, blew up our hotel, destroyed our printing presses, and robbed nearly every house in Lawrence. The action of the United States Marshal in that case was similar to the action of every official in Kansas. Who blames them for sounding the call "To Arms!" If, under such circumstances, they would not fight, then the world should exclaim—

"Ay! down to the dust with them, slaves as they are."

Enclosed you will find the inaugural of Gov. Geary, and two proclamations from him. It is the same old story—the same determination to enforce the Territorial laws. If they are rigidly enforced, all christendom can't prevent Kansas from becoming a Slave State. You may say that Geary is a good and impartial man—this only makes the matter worse. The better the man engaged in such a work, the more the danger to freedom.

We are not disposed to deny the previous good reputation of Geary, nor will we say he does not intend to act justly. We believe he will do all that a man can do to secure harmony and peace among the settlers and to protect their rights. This he has got to do with the Territorial laws, and their rigid enforcement deprives the Free-State men of every right worth having, under the Constitution. The man who would leave the retirements of private life, as John W. Geary has done, to accept the position of Governor of Kansas Territory, under the obligation to enforce the laws and with the intention of fulfilling that obligation to the letter, must be anxious to become a tyrant. Freedom and Justice can have no hope under his rule. To-morrow Geary will visit Lawrence.

Fights at Hickory Point and at Grasshopper Falls.

From the St. Louis Republican, Sept. 20.

The steamer Polar Star arrived from the Missouri River yesterday, bringing the latest news from that quarter. To one of the officers we are indebted for what follows:

Col. Lane and his "army of the North" were still stationed at Lawrence, numbering over a thousand men.

When the boat landed at Atchison, it was reported that a battle came off on the previous day at Hickory Point, the particulars of which were thus stated by a gentleman just arrived:

A party of about fifty Law and Order men, under the command of Captain Robinson, were attacked by about two hundred Insurgents, under the command of Colonel Harvey, of Chicago. The Insurgents, after having continued the attack for several hours, finally sent in a flag of truce, and proposed if they would have a drawn battle they would deliver up all the horses and cattle which they had stolen, and would agree not to commit any more depredations in that section of the Territory. The "Law and Order" men agreed to the proposition, and let them slide. Captain Robinson was wounded severely, a ball passing through his hips, and nearly all the "Law and Order" men were more or less severely wounded by balls, or splinters from the cabins in which they were defending themselves. Two of the Insurgents were killed and some twenty wounded.

The day before the battle of Hickory Point, Capt. Robinson went to Grasshopper Falls, and defeated a force of about one hundred Insurgents under the command of one Crosby. Capt. Robinson also captured all their stores and ammunition, consisting of property stolen by the Insurgents. Two of these men were killed, and they all left their horses, which were taken by the Law-and-Order men.

The Insurgents who were defeated at Hickory Point were the same body of men who robbed all the [illegible] and killed two [illegible]

At Leavenworth it is remarked that everybody had [illegible] and all houses were closed, and the streets deserted.

There were about six hundred United States troops at Fort Leavenworth, and about nine hundred at Lecompton—making fifteen hundred in the Territory. Gov. Geary was at Lecompton with the United States troops.

These are the reports as gathered by the Polar Star. Sufficient time had not elapsed to see the effect of Gov. Geary's proclamation and the declaration of his intention to maintain the peace at all hazards. We hope that he will be able to do this, and that the next advices will bring news of a settlement of the question at issue, without a further resort to arms.

The Presidential Election.

To the Inspectors of Election, Telegraphic Operators and Newspaper Editors and Reporters throughout the Union:

The public will look for the result of the Presidential election on the 4th of November. To enable the newspaper press of the Union to declare the result on the following morning it will be necessary for the Inspectors of election throughout the United States to aid the telegraphic operators, and for the telegraphic operators to aid the editors in every town, village and city, and for the editors and reporters to aid each other. This can be done by [illegible] on the night of the election to the Presidential vote alone.

Let the Inspectors everywhere count the first vote. Let the telegraphic operators transmit the Presidential vote only on that night. This plan will enable the press to announce the result the morning after the election, even if the contest be a close one. We hope this plan will be adopted. No other will succeed. It will simplify the labor, make it easier, save time, and satisfy the people.

Country and city editors will promote the object in view by publishing in their editorial columns this notice, twice every week until the 4th of November.

Mr. Whitney Defends Himself.

Norwalk, Conn., Monday, Sept. 22, 1856.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Daily Times:

Sir: In your paper of this date, under the head of "City Politics," I find the following paragraph relating to myself:

"Mr. Whitney was elected as an Anti-Nebraska M. C., but has always voted in the House with the opposite party."

I desire to state that I was nominated by the National Whig Convention of the Fifth District; the nomination was ratified and confirmed by the American Party, and by these two parties I was elected. The Nebraska-Kansas question was not mentioned in the canvass in connection with my nomination. The candidate supported by the New-York Times, [illegible] opposed to me, was [illegible] of the Courier & Enquirer. My votes in the House of Representatives have been in conformity with the national sentiment of the district which I have the honor to represent, and, as I have reason to [illegible]

Very respectfully, THOS. R. WHITNEY.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Magnetic Telegraph Co.'s Offices—[illegible] and 161 Broadway; House Printing Telegraph—Office No. 21 Wall-street.

STATE POLITICS.

The American State Convention at Rochester.

Erastus Brooks Nominated for Governor by Acclamation.

For Lieutenant-Governor, Lyman Odell; For Canal Commissioner, A. H. Prescott.

ACCESSION OF THE NORTH AMERICAN BOLTERS.

Rochester, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The American State Convention assembled in this city to-day. There was a very large number of Delegates present. The morning session was mostly occupied in the presentation of credentials.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at 3 o'clock P. M., and was called to order by the President of the State Council, Mr. Sammons. Over 1,000 Delegates were present.

General Scroggs, of Buffalo, moved that a Committee of one from each Congressional District be appointed to select permanent officers.

During the absence of the Committee, Attorney-General Cushing, Wm. G. Clark, editor of the Mobile *Advertiser*; Hon. J. F. Hughes, of Florida; and Burnell White, of Ohio, were admitted.

On motion, the Convention rose and gave three cheers each for Ohio, Alabama and Florida.

Wm. G. Clark was called on for a speech. He expressed the satisfaction he felt at being so cordially received by the Americans of the State of New-York, and pledged the electoral vote of Alabama for Mr. Fillmore.

The Committee on Permanent Organization then reported the following officers:

FOR PRESIDENT:

J. W. Barker, of New-York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENTS:

1, Mr. Hornfield, of Queens; 2, Rosalie Graves, of Kings; 3, W. Stokely, of New-York; 4, Jeremiah T. Brooks, of New-York; 5, Geo. C. Preston, of Kings; 6, Jos. B. Nones, of New-York; 7, A. M. C. Smith, of New-York; 8, C. M. C. Neil, of New-York; 9, L. W. Canfield, of Rockland; 10, O. Whiston, of Sullivan; 11, E. Lounsbery, of Ulster; 12, Edgar Thorne, of Dutchess; 13, Banchus, of Rensselaer; 14, Eli Berry, of Albany; 15, Elisha Curtis, of Saratoga; 16, Nelson Kingsland, of Clinton; 17, N. S. Benton, of Herkimer; 18, W. Clark, of Montgomery; 19, S. P. Champion, of Delaware; 20, A. J. Williams, of Oneida; 21, B. G. Berry, of Chenango; 22, W. S. Leslie, of Oswego; 23, H. C. Chittenden, of Jefferson; 24, M. T. Sperry, of Onondaga; 25, M. Conger, of Cayuga; 26, O. Case, of Ontario; 27, H. W. Jackson, of Schuyler; 28, B. F. Bailey, of Steuben; 29, L. B. Swan, of Monroe; 30, J. G. Russell, of Genesee; 31, T. Baker, of Niagara; 32, A. Hitchcock, of Erie; 33, F. B. Stanton, of Cattaraugus.

Messrs. Leslie, of Oswego, and Gray, of Orange, were chosen a Committee to conduct the President to the Chair.

Mr. Barker, on taking the Chair, made a brief address, thanking the Convention for the honor done him, and referring to the gratifying increase in the Councils since the last State Convention, and declaring his conviction that the State was safe for Fillmore and Donelson.

At the close of his remarks a delegate moved that the Convention proceed to ballot for Governor.

Wm. Kemp moved that the nomination be made by acclamation.

The Convention immediately arose then, as one man, shouting: "Erastus Brooks!" and for ten minutes a scene of the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. Hats flew all over the Hall, and the cheering from the inside was reëchoed from the streets.

A call was made for those who were opposed to the nomination to rise. Not a man arose.

General Scroggs made a brief speech, congratulating the Convention on its unanimity, and moved that the Convention proceed to an informal ballot for Lieutenant-Governor.

Motion carried.

Mr. Merritt, of New-York, Mr. Murray, of Seneca, and Mr. Jenkins, of Albany, were appointed Tellers.

Jessie C. Dann, of Buffalo, Lyman Odell, of Livingston, and G. Denniston, of Steuben, were nominated as candidates.

On the first ballot Mr. Odell received a majority of 40.

Gen. Scroggs moved to make the nomination unanimous, and said that Mr. Dann had consented to allow his name to be used with great reluctance, and then not at the request of citizens of Buffalo, but of citizens of Jefferson County, with whom he formerly resided. No one would support Lyman Odell more earnestly than Jessie C. Dann.

The nomination of Mr. Odell was then made unanimous, and three cheers given for him, and three more for Mr. Dann, and three more for Goodwin Denniston.

The number of votes cast was 369.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for Canal Commissioner, but the ballot resulted in no choice.

Mr. J. W. Thompson moved the adoption of a resolution extending the sympathy of the Convention to the North Americans, acknowledging their indorsement of Fillmore and Donelson, and inviting them to join in support of the American ticket.

Before action was taken on the foregoing, a motion to go into another ballot prevailed.

A letter of acceptance from Mr. Brooks was here read, and received with nine deafening cheers.

EVENING SESSION.

A. H. Prescott was nominated for Canal Commissioner.

A resolution to appoint a Committee to wait on the North American Convention was adopted.

On their return they reported that they had been received with courtesy, and that a Committee of five from the North American Convention had been appointed to wait on this Convention.

A motion that they be received was adopted unanimously.

As the Committee of the North Americans entered the hall, the Convention rose and received them with loud cheers.

Horace H. Day, Esq., as Chairman of the North American Committee, said the duty devolved upon him to present to this Convention a resolution which had been unanimously adopted by the North Americans.

The resolution indorses Fillmore and Donelson and the State Ticket of the American Party, pledging that North Americans will support it.

Mr. Day accompanied the resolution with eloquent remarks which were received with loud cheers.

C. Edwards Lester then addressed the Convention, declaring that the North Americans now recognize Fillmore and Donelson as the first, last and only legitimate candidates of the American Party. They would take the first lightning train into the campaign and work for the entire ticket until after the election. Their address had been sent forth not to New-York alone but to every State in the Union; and would have the effect he hoped of preventing any more cowardly talk of sending the election into the House of Representatives.

The President addressed the Committee warmly, welcoming them in behalf of the Convention, and inviting them to seats on the platform.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for State Prison Inspector, but without arriving at any result took a recess till 11½ o'clock.

The Convention of the North American Bolters.

Rochester, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The North Americans met at the Court-House this afternoon. Seventy-four delegates were present. F. W. Walker, of Queens, was chosen President.

C. Edwards Lester, from the Committee appointed at Syracuse, reported an address. It gives a history of the North American Party, and the bargains alleged to have been made between the leaders of the Republicans and North Americans prior to the Philadelphia Convention. It asserts that, after the nominations there, an agreement was made to withdraw Mr. Dayton, if the North Americans would drop Mr. Banks and adopt Fremont.

It states that the refusal to carry out the bargain thus made has compelled the North Americans to repudiate the Republicans or submit to the entire prostration of their principles and the overthrow of the party. It accuses a leader of the North Americans with seeking to betray and barter away the party at the recent Syracuse Convention, and concludes with recommending the present Convention be withdrawn a coalition with their enemies and fraternize with the Americans for the overthrow of their opponents.

The address was adopted.

The Convention then took a recess till the afternoon, and on reassembling a coalition was effected with the "regulars," as reported above.

Large American Mass Meeting at Rochester.

Rochester, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

A large American mass meeting was held here this evening. From five to six thousand people were present. The greatest enthusiasm was manifested. A torchlight procession paraded the streets, accompanied with numerous bands of music, banners, transparencies, flags, &c., the whole affair ending with a most magnificent display of fireworks in the public square.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE INDIAN AT QUEBEC.

COTTON FIRM—BREADSTUFFS LOWER.

Consols 94 3-4.

Quebec, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The screw steamship *Indian* arrived at this port this morning.

Her dates from Liverpool are to the 10th inst., four days later than those received by the *Asia* at New-York.

The Cunard steamship *Canada* arrived at Liverpool at 7 P. M. on Saturday, the 6th inst.

The *Indian* left Liverpool at 3½ P. M. on the 10th inst. She brings 207 passengers and a full cargo.

The *Anglo-Saxon*, from Quebec, made the passage out in nine days and twenty-three hours.

The screw steamer *Etna*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool at 8 A. M. on the 8th inst., and the *Anglo-Saxon*, from Quebec, arrived at 6 o'clock on the evening of the 9th inst.

Politically there is no news of any special importance.

It is reported that France will permit its minister at Naples to withdraw for a time, and that England will not appoint a successor to the late Sir William Temple.

The news of the suppression of the insurrection in Naples is confirmed.

The Greek Government recently appointed a Governor of the Piræus, but the French Admiral has refused to recognize him.

The Prussian and Bavarian Ministers protest against it, but the British Minister supported the French.

The English fleet had returned from the Black Sea to the Bosphorus.

Correspondence from Russia describes the gorgeous ceremonies attending the coronation at Moscow.

Le Nord publishes the Russian reply respecting the Isle of Serpents, from which it appears that Russia declares it cannot concede except to the joint Powers.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

The leading circulars quote the market firm, with sales during the three business days, subsequent to the departure of the *Asia*, of 25,000 bales, of which 5,000 were on speculation and 2,500 for export. Holders offered freely, but without showing any disposition to press sales, and the market closed steady at previous quotations.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

The weather continued favorable for the harvest and the accounts from the agricultural districts were generally of a satisfactory character, causing a decline in Breadstuffs and restricting all speculative inquiry. Flour is quoted 1s.@2s. ₩ bbl. lower, with a dull market. Baltimore and Philadelphia, 30s.@31s.; Ohio 31s.@33s. Wheat, 3d.@4d. ₩ bushel lower; old red, 8s.@9s. 6d.; new red, 9s.@9s. 3d.; old white, 9s. 9d.@9s. 6d.; new white, 10s.@10s. 3d. Corn very dull at a decline of 1s. Yellow and mixed quoted at 31s.@31s. 6d.; white, 33s.@35s.

Liverpool Provision Market.

Provisions generally are without any essential change. Beef dull. Pork quiet. Bacon steady at former rates. Lard in moderate request. A small lot on the spot sold as high as 69s., and parcels to arrive brought 73s.@70s. Tallow without change.

London Money Market.

There had been no change in the tone of the market since the sailing of the *Asia*. Consols for money closed at 94¾.

Arrival of the Kangaroo at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The steamship *Kangaroo*, from Liverpool, was telegraphed off the Capes of Delaware at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but as she has not yet arrived up to port, it is evident that she has been detained at Quarantine. Her dates are the same as brought by the *Indian*, arrived at Quebec.

Great Fremont Demonstration at Meriden, Conn.

Meriden, Conn., Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The Fremont mass meeting to-day has been the greatest meeting in Connecticut during the campaign. At least fifteen thousand persons have been present. Mr. Burlingame spoke for three hours this afternoon amid great enthusiasm. Senator Foot is now addressing an immense crowd, while the town is filled with processions, music and banners.

Congressional Nominations in New-Jersey.

Trenton, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The Convention of Republicans and Americans in the Second Congressional District of New-Jersey, to-day, nominated George R. Robbins for Congress by acclamation. The Convention was held at Bordentown and was very harmonious and enthusiastic.

From Washington.

RESIGNATION OF JUDGE MASON—COMPENSATION TO NAVY AGENTS.

Washington, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The resignation of Judge Mason as Commissioner of Patents has been tendered to the President, but it is not believed that he will vacate that office.

According to a decision of the Attorney-General, the additional per centage given to navy agents under the act of March 3, 1855, commences that day, but is to be apportioned over the whole official year, and not credited to any part of the year, in case of death or resignation.

The National Intelligencer for Fillmore.

Washington, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The *Intelligencer* drops its neutrality this morning and supports Fillmore for the Presidency, on the basis of the action of the Whig National Convention.

Great Fire at Macon, Ga.

Macon, Ga., Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The building occupied by the Marine and Mechanics' Banks, the old Washington Hall, and all the other buildings on the north side of the Washington Hall Block, except that occupied by the Bank of Middle Georgia and a similar wood building, was consumed by fire early yesterday morning.

The Southern Steamers.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALABAMA AT SAVANNAH.

Savannah, Tuesday, Sept. 23.

The steamship *Alabama*, Capt. G. R. Schenck, from New-York on Saturday, arrived here at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

ARRIVAL OF THE NASHVILLE AT CHARLESTON.

Charleston, Monday, Sept. 22.

The U. S. M. steamship *Nashville*, Capt. Berry, from New-York, arrived here this (Monday) evening.

Nonarrival of the Canada.

Halifax, Tuesday, Sept. 23—8 P. M.

The steamship *Canada* is now over 10 days out and about due at this port, but up to the present moment she has not been heard of. The weather is very thick and rainy, and there is little chance of her [illegible]

Amusements.

Wallack's Theatre.—The fame of this establishment for truthful and excellent revivals of the old dramatists has certainly fallen into conservative hands, and will not be dimmed whilst Mr. Stuart holds the reins. The present week has been marked by two excellent revivals, the "Rivals," and the "Poor Gentleman." Mr. Blake, an old and valued actor, made his reappearance in each, and was overwhelmed with applause and kindly greetings. In the line of character he undertakes, Mr. Blake is unapproachable, and his acquisition to the present company can scarcely be over-estimated. Mr. Stuart may justly boast of the best and most complete company of comedians in the United States. A series of sterling comedies with such a company is a luxury which may not be again enjoyed for years to come.

The "Poor Gentleman," played last night, was a perfect gem of acting from beginning to end. Mr. Blake's *Sir Robert Bramble* was filled with touches of gentleness and tender emotion which none but he can interpret, and which make the heart swell with satisfaction and pride. Mr. Lester was excellent as *Frederick*, and Mrs. Hoey charming as *Emily Worthington*. Mr. Dyott and Mr. George Holland were also remarkably good. The only one who seemed to be a little out of his element, was Mr. Burnett, as *Ollapod*. Taken as a whole we have never seen a Comedy more admirably played on any stage. If it should be on the bill again go and see it by all means.

Burton's Theatre.—Miss Pollie Marshall, a well-known *comédienne* of the English stage, made her first appearance here on Monday night, and succeeded in gaining the warmest approbation of a very large audience. Miss Marshall is a lady of unquestionable talent, and will become eminently popular. But she has to rub off some of her old experiences, and to acquire, for this hemisphere, a style not altogether so broad. A very little time will be sufficient for this. The careful way in which our audiences miss all Cockney points will teach a bright woman like Miss Marshall to make them sparingly. She is, without doubt, a great acquisition to the dramatic force of New-York.

Niblo's Saloon has been curiously and handsomely fitted up for the reception of Miss Emma Stanley, who once more delights the town with her parlor entertainments, called "The Seven Ages of Woman." The remarkably elegant and cultivated character of this entertainment makes it doubly acceptable in a handsome saloon.

Academy of Music.—To-night Meyerbeer's Opera "L'Etoile du Nord" will be produced for the first time on this Continent, with new scenery and costumes according to Meyerbeer's standard at Paris, and a powerful cast headed by La Grange.

We have received a copy of the libretto from Mr. Darcie, the publisher, and are requested to state that the edition sold inside the building is alone genuine. A vamped up translation has been published by a party of speculators who will try to foist it on the public outside the doors, but we are assured it is unreliable and worthless. Mr. Darcie pays for the privilege of selling these books, and as he issues them with great punctuality and completeness, he ought to be supported.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Political.

DEMOCRATIC COUNCILMEN NOMINATIONS.

The Democratic Nominating Conventions have made the following nominations for Councilmen:

13th Council District—No meeting.
14th Council District nominated George Tobin.
15th Council District nominated Michael Barry. (Renominated.)
20th Council District nominated John Nichols.
22d Council District nominated Charles Doty.
24th Council District nominated John McConnell.
25th Council District nominated Wesley Hunt.
9th Council District nominated Wm. L. Waugh.
16th Council District nominated Luther Norton.
18th Council District nominated Peter Crawford.
17th Council District nominated Jonas N. Phillips. (Renominated.)
19th Council District nominated Louis Fronsway.
20th Council District nominated Sam'l Burnham, Jr.
21st Council District nominated Charles A. Kentish.
22d Council District nominated Samuel A. Frye.
23d Council District nominated Wm. Vallean.
24th Council District nominated Samuel Young.
26th Council District nominated J. W. Birdsall.
27th Council District nominated John J. Bradley.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST IN THE EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Democratic Congressional Convention, to nominate a candidate in the Eighth District, met again last evening, on the corner of Fourth-avenue and Thirty-second-street, and after balloting until near 11 o'clock, adjourned to Monday evening next, without nominating. Eighteen ballots were taken. On the first, the candidates stood as follows:

David J. Chatfield...... 5 Horace F. Clark.......10
David S. Jackson....... 7 Anson Herrick.........15

After the first ballot, Mr. Chatfield's name was withdrawn, and the subsequent ballots resulted as follows:

Jackson.................10 Clark..................10
Herrick..................15

Great Republican Meeting at Yonkers.

The meeting of the Fremont Club of Yonkers, held at the Getty House, last Monday Evening, was a "rouser for Fremont and Freedom." Fifteen hundred persons were present and hundreds went away unable to gain an entrance to the large Hall.

Robert P. Getty, Esq., presided, and speeches were made by Chauncey Schaffer, Luther C. Marsh and General James, from Wisconsin.

Mr. Schaffer spoke for an hour and a half, and with force and eloquence showed that Mr. Fillmore, as well from his own antecedents as from the platform on which he stood, had no claim to the support of the American Party.

The meeting broke up at past midnight. Yesterday morning it was the subject of open conversation in Yonkers that the President of the Fillmore Council of that place and many of its members had declared their intention to vote for Fremont.

☞ The "Buck and Breaks" of the Sixth Ward have appointed a Campaign Committee that is not likely to knock under to the K. N's without a consideration. This is the way the names of the Committee start off:

Patrick { Nicholson, McGlochlin, White, Grant, Longer and Early.
John, Francis } McHugh.
Hugh { Foly, Donlican; and so forth.

Free Speech will be protected in the Sixth Ward so long as there is a shillelah left in the Ward, or the speaker is on the right side.

☞ A meeting of the Eighteenth Ward Fremont Republican Association was held on Monday evening at the corner of Twentieth-street and Third-avenue. Mr. Benjamin Warren, one of the Vice-Presidents, took the Chair, and made a spirited address. Hon. Samuel R. Curtis, of Iowa, recently elected member of Congress, was then introduced, and held the attention of the audience through a long address, in which he exposed the conspiracy between Douglas, Pierce and Atchison, and the usurpations of the Missourians backed by Federal power. Republican electors of the Ward who wish to participate in the primary elections, must give in their names and residences for enrollment before the evening of such elections. Some twenty names were added to the roll on Monday evening.

☞ A letter from West Hoboken, N. J., dated Sept. 22, says, "the cause of Freedom is not in much danger in New-Jersey, surely, if a Fillmore mass meeting held last night in our village is any criterion to judge by. I was present throughout the meeting, which did not number at any time over thirty souls, and that too, after posting the country for a week with their placards."

☞ Hon. Anson Burlingame and Wm. Curtis Noyes are to address the Republicans at Union-square this evening, under the auspices of the Fremont and Dayton Central Club.

☞ Mr. Banks will address the merchants in Wall-street on Thursday, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock.

Welcome to Mr. Peabody—Interesting Correspondence.

New-York, Tuesday, Sept. 16, 1856.

Geo. Peabody, Esq.: *Dear Sir*: We rejoice to notice your safe return to your native country after an absence of twenty years.

Permit us, dear Sir, to offer you a cordial welcome, and to avail ourselves of this happy occasion to express the high estimate we entertain of your personal worth, as also our gratitude for the successful efforts you have made during your long residence in London to give an elevated position to the commercial character and honor of our countrymen.

Your constant efforts also in social life to bring citizens of the United States and Great Britain into more direct and intimate acquaintance, we rejoice to believe, has tended to remove many prejudices, to soften political asperities and to promote feelings of good will and fraternity between the two countries.

Considerations like these inspire us with an earnest wish to do honor to one who has so much honored his country, and in saying this we feel assured that we but express the feelings not only of those of our countrymen who have enjoyed the pleasure of your acquaintance and participated in your hospitalities, but also of all those who have knowledge of your constant kind attentions to your countrymen when in Europe.

Desirous of testifying further our high appreciation of your character, we, the undersigned, for ourselves and in behalf of a wide circle of fellow citizens, beg to ask the favor of your company at dinner, on as early a day as may suit your convenience to indicate.

With sentiments of cordial esteem and regard we are, dear Sir, your friends and obedient servants,

N. L. & Geo. Griswold,
Brown Bros. & Co.,
Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Goodhue & Co.,
Wetmore, Cryder & Co.,
Spofford, Tileston & Co.,
A. & A. Lawrence & Co.,
Alsop & Chauncey,
Foster, Elliott & Co.,
Howland & Aspinwall,
De Rham & Co.,
Riggs & Co.,
Barclay & Livingston,
E. W. Clark, Dodge & Co.,
Winslow, Lanier & Co.,
Moses Taylor & Co.,
H. L. Routh & Sons,
DeLaunay, Iselin & Clark,
Ward & Co.,
Richard Irving & Co.,
A. A. Low & Brothers,
John Gihon & Co.,
Lawrence, Stone & Co.,
Schuchardt & Gebhard,
G. S. Robbins & Son,
E. D. Morgan & Co.,
William Hoge & Co.,
Cammann & Co.,
Babcock, Bros. & Co.,
Wetherspoon, Kingsford & Co.,
P. Chouteau, Jr., Sanford & Co.,
Grant & Barton,
Wm. W. De Forest & Co.,
C. H. Marshall & Co.,
E. & B. Curtis & Co.,
Wilmerdings & Mount,
A. A. Lawrence & Co.,
Merton & Grinnell,
John Munroe & Co.,
Bowen, McNamee & Co.,
Claflin, Mellen & Co.,
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Wm. A. Sale, Jr., & Co.,
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Babcock & Milnor,
Washington Irving,
William B. Astor,
Daniel Lord,
George Newbold,
John J. Palmer,
William S. Wetmore,
Chas. Augustus Davis,
E. Cunard,
M. Morgan,
Joseph Kernochan,
R. Withers,
Isaac Townsend,
John A. Stevens,
Henry F. Vail,
Richard Bell,
Charles Christmas,
James McCall,
J. D. Jones,
E. A. Matthiessen,
Stephen C. Williams,
Shepherd Knapp,
A. Belmont,
J. T. Soutter,
Joseph Fowler,
A. R. Neilson,
David Jones,
Henry A. Coit,
J. C. Bancroft Davis,
Samuel L. M. Barlow,
J. Van Buren,
Caleb O. Halsted,
J. D. Beers,
James Watson Webb,
James D. P. Ogden,
Jacob Little,
Robert Williams,
Wm. F. Havemeyer,
Joseph Walker,
David Hoadley,
Joseph Lawrence,
Leroy M. Wiley,
Thomas E. Davis,
S. B. Curtis,
Wm. Whitlock Jones,
Henry Borg,
W. C. Pickersgill,
Charles H. Russell,
Kirkland & Von Sachs,
J. J. Stuart & Co.,
Frost & Forrest,
Dutilh & Co.,
J. Boorman, Johnston & Co.,
Bird & Gillilan,
Slocomb, Stovell & Co.,
Mecomond & Co.,
Foster & Nickerson.

Newport, Monday, Sept. 22, 1856.

Gentlemen: I beg to hand you inclosed my reply to the letter from the "Merchants and Citizens of New-York," communicated to me on my arrival in that City, and to again express my sincere regret that my arrangements compel me to adopt a course so little in accordance with the wishes you so warmly advocated at our interview on the 17th inst.

With great respect, I am truly yours,

GEORGE PEABODY.

To Messrs. Charles Augustus Davis, Thomas Tileston, Watts Sherman, Henry A. Coit, Richard Bell, J. T. Soutter, Samuel D. Babcock, Committee of Arrangements.

Newport, Monday, Sept. 22, 1856.

Gentlemen: Your letter of the 16th inst. is before me. Allow me to say without affectation that no one can be more surprised than myself at the cordial welcome which you extend to me. Had my commercial and social life in London produced even half the results with which your kindness endows it, I should esteem myself more than repaid for all labors there by such a letter, subscribed as it is by many old and dear friends, by gentlemen whose names in letters are co-extensive with the knowledge of our own language, and by merchants whose enterprise has carried the flag of our country into every sea that commerce penetrates.

If during my long residence in London the commercial character and honor of our countrymen have stood upon an elevated position, it has not been the result of my humble efforts. In common with many of you, I have tried to do my part in accomplishing those ends. That the American name now stands where it does in the Commercial world is mainly owing to her merchants at home, who have extended her Commerce till its tonnage equals that of any other nation, who have drawn to her shores the wealth of other lands, under whose directions the fertile fields of the interior have been made accessible and peopled, and whose ability to their engagements has become proverbial throughout the world.

It has been my pleasure during a long residence in London to renew many old friendships, and to form many new acquaintances among my countrymen and countrywomen; and it has been my good fortune to be permitted to cultivate them in social life, where I have endeavored, as much as possible, to bring my British and American friends together. I believed that by so doing I should, in my humble way, assist "to remove any prejudices, to soften political asperities, and to promote feelings of good will and fraternity between the two countries." It gives me great pleasure to be assured that my countrymen at home have sympathized in these objects and believed that they are partially accomplished. The recent temporary estrangement between the two governments served to demonstrate how deep and cordial is the alliance between the interests and sympathies of the two peoples. By aiding to make individuals of the two nations known to each other, I supposed that I was contributing my mite towards the most solid and sure foundation of peace and good will between them; and while the power remains to me I shall continue in a course which you approve.

In returning to my native land after an absence of twenty years, I had several objects in view. I wished once more to see the land of my birth and early youth, and the surviving members of my family; once more to greet my friends in every part of the country; and to see and know the new generations that have come up since I left, and who are to be their successors. I also desired to visit every section of the Union, and to witness with my own eyes the evidences at home of the prosperity of which I have seen abundant proofs abroad. The twenty years that have elapsed since my last visit are the most important twenty years in the commercial history of America. Like Rip Van Winkle, I am almost appalled at the wonderful changes that already meet my eyes. Although, as you well know, I have not slumbered meanwhile in a Sleepy Hollow, I stand amazed at the energy and activity which characterize your city. It is my wish and purpose to remain in the country long enough to understand these changes and their causes.

On mature reflection, gentlemen, I think that if I accept the hospitalities which have been tendered to me by yourselves, and by friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities, I shall very seriously interfere with the objects of my visit. I have, therefore, been obliged to come to the conclusion to refuse all invitations to dinner with the single exception of my native town of Danvers, in Massachusetts. I assure you most sincerely that I regret very much that my plans thus compel me to decline the high honor which you propose to confer upon me and to deny myself the pleasure of meeting so many personal friends.

With great esteem and respect, I am, gentlemen, your faithful servant,

GEORGE PEABODY.

Messrs. Nathaniel L. & Geo. Griswold, Brown Brothers & Co., Duncan, Sherman & Co., Grinnell, Minturn & Co., Goodhue & Co., Wetmore, Cryder & Co., Spofford, Tileston & Co., A. & A. Lawrence & Co., Washington Irving, William B. Astor, Daniel Lord, George Newbold, John J. Palmer, William S. Wetmore, Charles Augustus Davis, E. Cunard and others.

Killed by Falling Down Stairs.

A man named William White, residing at No. 72 Avenue B, accidentally fell down stairs at that place about 4 o'clock this morning and so injured himself that he died soon afterwards. He was a native of Scotland, and about 45 years of age.

Breaking up a Dance-House.

The disreputable dance-house No. 7 Thomas-street, was broken up on Monday night by officer Ward of the Fifth Ward Police, who took Bernard White the proprietor, and three women, in custody.

Abduction.

The charge of abduction, preferred a few weeks since against [illegible] by a German woman, residing in Brooklyn, was yesterday dismissed by Justice Connolly, the evidence not being sufficient to hold the accused.

The Late Prize Fight.

[illegible] The investigation into the death of Kelly, the pugilist, was yesterday resumed in the Coroner's Office before Coroner Perry. A number of additional witnesses were found by the officers detailed for that purpose, but the evidence was mainly a repetition of that already published in the Times, as obtained from other parties. We annex some [illegible] which—particularly that of a Police Officer, who witnessed the fight—will be found rather interesting:

TESTIMONY OF OFFICER ISAAC AUSTIN.

Isaac Austin, a police officer, detailed at the [illegible] District Police Court, was sworn, and testified as follows: I was present at the fight which took place Thursday A. M. at the Palisades; Kit Burns, Jimmy Roach, Philip Clare, Jack Montgomery, [illegible] Barney Aaron, and a man by the name of [illegible] were there; Barney Aaron was Kelly's second; Lynch's seconds were Burns and Johnny Roach; I did not know that the fight was going to occur until the evening before; I did not report to my superior officer that a fight was going to occur, as I did not know where to find him; I think Murphy was one of the bottle-holders; I made a report of the affair next morning to the Chief.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN S. AUSTIN.

John S. Austin, residing in One Hundred and [illegible] street, deposed—I was present at a portion of the fight which occurred on the 18th of this month, at the Palisades; at eleven and a half o'clock, Wednesday night, while in bed my brother came to me for a horse and wagon to go to a fight which was to take place there; I did not let him have the horse and wagon; I went over there myself, as he wanted me to identify those engaged in the fight; this was the first I knew of a fight being about to occur; I believe my brother was going for the purpose of detecting those present at the fight; my brother is attached to the Police Court at Yorkville; after reaching Manhattanville I saw some five or six persons; after remaining there for some time we saw some people coming up; a steamboat came up; she got alongside, when we jumped aboard and proceeded up the river some three miles, when the party got off; there were some two hundred and fifty persons on the boat; the party loitered about for some time; about a quarter to six o'clock I went to the place designated for the fight; when I saw Lynch and Kelly engaged in a fight, surrounded by the whole crowd; did not witness the fight to the end; did not see Kelly fall for the last time; knew none of the spectators and actors in the scene; Charles Lynch and Mike Murphy, and a man named Burns, were there; Barney Aaron and a man named Laverty were Kelly's seconds; Harry Gibbon and Philip Clare were there; a man by the name of Kelly was there, and so was Jack Montgomery; all appeared to take an interest in the fight; I think Laverty and Barney Aaron took the most active part of any of the spectators; I saw Morrissey on the boat, also on the ground, at the fight; after the fight had continued some time I heard Morrissey express disgust and leave; I did not see the body of Kelly conveyed to the boat; I did not return on the *C. P. Smith*; there was a man at the fight by the name of Edward [illegible]; he did not take an active part in the fight; do not know the captain of the *C. P. Smith*; heard one of the hands say that if the captain knew what kind of a party he had on board, and what kind of an excursion he was going on, he would rather sink the boat; Burns was one of Lynch's seconds; don't know the name of the other.

TESTIMONY OF THE CAPTAIN OF THE C. P. SMITH.

Edwin Brainthwaite testified—I am acting Captain of the steam-tug *C. P. Smith*; my boat was engaged by a party of men to take a moonlight excursion at ten o'clock Wednesday evening; the bargain was made with an agent in South-street, named Joseph Martin; did not know until we had started the [illegible] purpose the party were making an excursion; had reason to suppose, after we were under way, that the object of the excursion was for a fight; knew the names of no person but hands on board the boat; landed the party at Hyler's Landing; did not go up to the fight; the body of Kelly was put on board my boat before I knew of it; on the return I heard the names of Jack Montgomery, and Kit Burns mentioned; do not recollect any other names; there were five men employed on board the boat.

TESTIMONY OF AN EYE-WITNESS.

James Collins, of No. 256 Water-street, deposed—I saw a part of the fight; went on board the boat *C. P. Smith*; Burns, Donnelly, Montgomery, Barry, Aaron, Laverty, John Roach, were more or less [illegible] in the fight; heard that Clare and Gibbons were there; [illegible] was there; also Toby Green; [illegible] was also on the boat; Lynch's seconds were Burns and Roach; Barny Aaron and Laverty were Kelly's seconds.

The witnesses were all compelled to give bail—some in the sum of $500 and others in $1,000—to appear when required.

Subpoenas have been issued for others known to have been present, and the investigation will be resumed again this afternoon.

Jack Montgomery, of Water-street, and indeed all of the most conspicuous of the actors in the tragedy, have so far succeeded in evading arrest. Lynch, it is said, is in New-Jersey.

THE SCENE AT THE CORONER'S OFFICE

yesterday, while the examination was going on, was a curious one. A great many of the roughest kind of roughs to be found in this or any other city were there, some to give evidence, but more as interested lookers-on. The witnesses were very loth to tell all they knew concerning the matter, and their subterfuges and dodges, to evade the direct questions of the Coroner were sometimes amusing, but oftener aggravating.

There were some respectable men there, too, besides the reporters attracted to the place by curiosity; one of them, a Mr. Parker, had $60 in his pocket when he went into the Coroner's office, but soon after he came in it was gone, he not knowing how or where. Several detailed policemen were also present.

JOHN S. AUSTIN NOT THE REFEREE.

In connection with our account of the prize fight published in yesterday's Times, we are requested to say, by John S. Austin, that he was not the referee in the affair. He was present on the ground, and was proposed for that position, but although urgently solicited to accept it, peremptorily declined doing so, saying that he had enough of prize fighting, as he had the misfortune to be present at the fight when McCoy was killed by Lilly.

THE BEHAVIOR OF THE EXCURSIONISTS.

When the "Moonlight Excursionists," as they called themselves, landed at the Palisades, and while the "ring" was being formed, they behaved most [illegible] A gang of them commenced to [illegible] cutting up and sawing the wood in the yard, and otherwise ill-behaving. They would have broken into the premises and helped themselves to the articles [illegible] had not S. Austin [illegible] drawing his revolver and threatening to shoot the first man who attempted to enter the premises.

Some of the rascals then went off and made a foray upon the neighboring orchards and farm-yards. They returned to the ring with their arms filled with plunder. This aroused the indignation of the more respectable persons present, who, assuming a threatening attitude, compelled many of the rogues to restore their booty to the place from which they had taken it. A person well posted, and who was present, assures us that he never before saw congregated together so many vile characters as were present at the fight between Lynch and Kelly.

The Turf for 1856.

RACES—OPENING OF THE FALL MEETING.

Fashion Course, First Day, Tuesday, Sept. 23. Westchester County—Stake for 3-year-olds, subscription $300; forfeit $100, with $300 added by the Club; mile heats.

ENTRIES.

F. Morris, br. f. [illegible], by Glencoe, out of Fashion.......[illegible]
John R. Morrison's ch. f. [illegible], by imp. [illegible], dam by imp. Priam.......[illegible]
Jesse Hunter's ch. f. [illegible], by imp. [illegible], dam by Andrew.......[illegible]
J. R. Morrison's br. f. [illegible], by imp. [illegible], out of Kate Cole.......[illegible]

Time—1:50; 1:51.

Two great races came off over the Fashion Course, yesterday. The sport commenced with brisk running. The day and track were both fine, but the attendance was meagre. The first race was a stake for 3-year-olds, mile heats. There were originally four nominations, but only two of them came to the post, [illegible] and [illegible]. [illegible] was the favorite at odds of two to one before the start. She led off, and continued ahead for three-quarters of the mile, when [illegible] passed and won easily by six lengths, in 1:50. Before the second heat [illegible] was backed to win at four to one. She dashed off, gaining a large gap, and although under a strong pull nearly the whole distance, won the heat and race with ease, in 2:06.

The second race was a stake light weight to carry 100 pounds, a single dash of four miles. The nominations were *Ellen Bateman*, *Miss Lightfoot*, and *Mabel*. *Ellen* was the favorite at three to one. On starting she took the lead,—and won the race with ease in [illegible]. The following is a summary of the race:

Second Race.—Light-Weight Stake, subscription $250, forfeit $100, with $250 added by the Club—Four miles; to carry 100 pounds.

N. B. Young's ch. f. *Ellen Bateman*, by imp. [illegible], *Glencoe*, dam by imp. [illegible]
W. S. Shaw's br. m. *Miss Lightfoot*, by imp. [illegible]
[illegible], out of [illegible] *Lady Lightfoot*.......[illegible]
P. C. Bush's ch. m. *Mabel*, by imp. [illegible], dam by Andrew, 5 years.......[illegible]

Time, [illegible]

Centreville Course, L. I. Trotting. Sept. [illegible]—Match, $1,000; mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness.

F. Voorhies, gr. g. *Honest John*.......[illegible]
H. Woodruff, ch. g. *Brown Frederick*.......[illegible]

Time: [illegible]

Same Day.—Match, $500; mile heats, best 3 in 5, in wagons.

Owner, gr. g. *Honey*.......[illegible]
H. Woodruff, b. m. *Mary*.......[illegible]

Time: [illegible]

AMERICAN RACING IN ENGLAND.

Mr. Ten Broeck has his horses, *Lecompte*, *Prior* and *Prioress*, now stabled at New-Market. The report that they had been sent to Corvin, in Ireland, was incorrect. Since Mr. Ten Broeck's arrival in England, he has been closely examining the English style of race-horses and racing; he hopes to give a good account of himself and his horses before returning to this country.

... Correspondence of the N. Y. Daily Times.

PARIS, Monday, Sept. 1, 1856.

[illegible] your contemporaries at New-York, who [illegible] the statement which I made in [illegible] letters in regard to the unanimity of the [illegible] press in favor of Col. FREMONT. It is certainly not my province as a European correspondent [illegible] the general subject of the Presidential contest; but it is yet my duty to endeavor to show the [illegible] of the conclusion which your contemporary [illegible] from the fact mentioned.

[illegible] the people of Europe have in the present political [illegible] in the United States is with the Buchanan [illegible]. That interest is free trade. [illegible] would be obliged to sympathize with the cause of Mr. BUCHANAN. But there is not an editor in France or England who is not in [illegible] of a republican government in America [illegible] Western Republic, as a republic. [illegible] knowledge of the leading European [illegible] "power" in politics here, they have but [illegible] feeling towards the United States, and that is for [illegible] as they are. There is not an editor of a leading journal in these two countries who would not [illegible] with indignation the assertion that he would see a dissolution of the American Union with pleasure. There may be simply headed politicians who would not regret to see such a catastrophe; but these are [illegible] who live in the shadow of courts, and [illegible] by the expression of such opinions to [illegible]. The entire class to which editors belong, the class of writers and professors, would [illegible] an event with regret. Even the Pays, Journal de l'Empire, which makes sometimes such violent [illegible] against the workings of the Republican system in America, is not at bottom in favor of the [illegible] of that system: it piques itself rather [illegible] its weaknesses in order to strengthen the [illegible] of Imperialism in France. It is an anti-republican journal for France but not for America.

[illegible]

AN AMERICAN SUCCESS.

... and instinctively suppose that these condemnations to death for attempts on the Emperor's life [illegible] to some event unknown to the public; and the correspondence [illegible] taining [illegible] of the case.

The genius of Mrs. [illegible] FREMONT, editress of the American Banner, published somewhere in Mississippi, in which she introduces her new editor, John Smith, to the public, has had an immense success in Europe. It is questionable whether a journal can be found which has not reproduced this charming specimen of Mississippi newspaper literature. The incongruity of Mr. Smith's character, which is described by his proprietress as mild and polite to excess, and yet who has fought five duels, and each time killed his man, has something of the ultra-American in it which the European brethren of the press do not understand. The worst of it is, they take Madame FREMONT's manifesto in earnest. So, too, the announcement of Tom Thumb's robbery at Cincinnati has had an immense circulation in Europe, the editors, notwithstanding they have all read BARNUM's Autobiography, never suspecting they were publishing an advertisement. MALAKOFF.

POLITICAL MISCELLANY.

The Providence Journal says: "We copied the appeal of GEORGE W. CURTIS for aid to circulate documents in Pennsylvania. One gentleman of this State answered it promptly with a remittance of $100; another sent $10, and two gentlemen collected $60 in dollar subscriptions in a few hours Saturday for the same good purpose. Doubtless more has been sent; and much more can be profitably used in enlightening the public mind."

A Welsh miner, by the name of JOHN THOMAS, is attracting much attention in Western Pennsylvania, for his rough but strong and eloquent speeches in favor of FREMONT. He was induced to make a speech at a small meeting among the miners, and his ability was so strongly evinced as to excite high expectations. It is said he will be kept upon the stump until the close of the canvass.

The Boston Atlas says: O. W. BURNHAM, Esq., of Amherst, N. H., the Democratic candidate for Register of Deeds in Hillsborough County, last Spring, went up to Concord, to the great meeting which the Post magnified to 20,000, heard the speeches, then went home and declared for FREMONT! Will not the Democracy get up another meeting?

In Lawrence County, last week, there were nine Fremont poles raised. This is poling Shamocracy pretty severely; but the people of that county will poll them a good deal worse in November.

Bucks always lose their horns in November.

Saturday's Pittsburg Journal has the following:

"We learn with regret that Mr. BRECKINRIDGE, the candidate for Vice-Presidency of the Pro-Slavery party, is quite out of health—so much so that for the time he has been obliged to withdraw from the active duties of the campaign and retire to his home to recruit. It was, doubtless, the depressing influence of his visit to this city, added to the weariness necessarily incident to travel and to speaking which overcame him. We learn from a friend who saw him on the night of the 10th, that the effect of that "show of hands" was evidently like that of the ghost of cherished hopes to a man very properly ambitious to attain to the position for which his party has named him."

Duty of American Citizens—Letter from Robert Emmett.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 1, 1856.

HON. THOMAS B. CARROLL—DEAR SIR: I regret that it will not be in my power to attend your great meeting on the 3d; neither my health nor my other engagements will permit me to leave home. I feel highly complimented, however, by your pressing invitation, and by the importance you seem to attach to my poor efforts in our cause. If I had time I should be glad to give you my views at some length in regard to the political controversy which now agitates the country, but I must confine myself to what I deem the most important aspect of this Presidential election in its results. The long threatened period has arrived when the people must decide whether the encroachments of the Slave Power shall be submitted to or effectually resisted. The friends of Free white labor must now settle this question. If they fail in this struggle, it will be useless to attempt it peaceably and constitutionally hereafter. The triumph of Slavery will begin by making Kansas a Slave State. Bad as that would be, it would only be the entering wedge for greater evils to follow. With such an accession of strength to the South, nothing, I fear, could save the the immense territory lying west of Kansas, from being made Slave States eventually. The Slave Trade will be again legalized, and Slavery will become not only a predominant power, but a national institution.

The exclusion of free white labor from the vast extent of the Western Territory would be the death blow to our national prosperity, the great element of which is the expansion of industry to every point where it can find its reward. Free labor, we know, cannot prosper where Slavery exists. It requires, on the one hand, free soil for its exercise, and on the other, independence of the control of capital for its success and for the welfare of those who live by it. The inevitable consequence of excluding it from the Western territory must be to confine it to the already thickly populated districts, exposing it to all the social evils which beset labor in crowded communities, and making it subservient, for its rewards, to the interests of those who do not labor themselves, but make profit out of the labor of others.

All classes of Free men, therefore, who depend on their own industry, have a strong interest in resisting the extension of Slavery; but it is to those of foreign birth, whose pursuits are almost exclusively dependent on their labor, that the question of Free Soil is of vital importance. They have all fled from Slavery in some form, to seek homes and resting places in this favored land. And the free exercise of their industry is the sole guarantee that this country can offer for their honorable success.

Every man, therefore, who lives by his labor, who honors it as the poor man's tribute to society, who sympathizes with its struggles or who values it as the only solid basis of our national prosperity, is bound to oppose the demands of Slavery in this contest, whether made in the name of BUCHANAN or FILLMORE. There are but two ways of doing this—either by force of arms or by force of law. The one would be civil war. The other will, I trust, be the peaceful and constitutional triumph of our ticket and platform, by the efforts of patriotic men, from all parties, who, under our Republican banner, mean to rescue our country from the greatest peril which has as yet threatened it. Believe me, my dear sir, very respectfully yours, &c., R. EMMETT.

Great Stampede from the Democratic Ranks in Michigan.

APPEAL FROM THE DEMOCRATS OF DETROIT TO THE DEMOCRATS OF MICHIGAN.

From the Detroit Daily Advertiser, Sept. 20.

In view of the almost irreparable injuries that have been inflicted upon our Democratic institutions, the long established principles of the Democratic Party, and the peace and prosperity of our beloved country, by the administration of FRANKLIN PIERCE, and the still greater injury threatened by the election of JAMES BUCHANAN, who has given his unqualified and cordial approval to all its wicked measures, and stands solemnly pledged, as well by his own declaration as by the Cincinnati Platform, to carry out its policy should he be elected.

We, the undersigned, who have uniformly acted with the Democratic Party, and who voted for FRANKLIN PIERCE in 1852, feel it to be our duty as Democrats, as friends of our country, and as good citizens, publicly to declare our determination to oppose, in every honorable way, the election of JAMES BUCHANAN, and to give our influence and our votes to John C. Fremont, and to set forth the reasons which have impelled us to this course.

We need not remind intelligent Democrats of the pledge given by the Baltimore Convention, and renewed by President PIERCE in his inaugural address to discountenance the agitation of the Slavery question, both in Congress and out, by all possible means. Now how that pledge was falsified in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise act. That is already familiar to them all, nor is it necessary to do more than briefly call their attention to the train of circumstances which that act of bad faith has produced, bring as it has, nothing but calamity, and reproach upon the Democratic Party, and only dishonor and misfortune upon the country. The chief argument urged by the Northern supporters of the act, abrogating the Missouri Compromise line, and the one which induced us to acquiesce in it, strongly as we condemned so palpable a breach of faith by our leaders in Congress, was that it proclaimed the great Democratic doctrine of popular sovereignty, and secured to the people of Kansas the right to regulate their own domestic affairs in their own way. But in this belief we have been wickedly deceived. Every attempt to exercise a right so dear to freemen on the part of the people of that Territory has been resisted by the whole power of the Government. Armed troops have been sent there to prevent them from "regulating their own affairs," and to force them to submit to laws enacted through fraud and violence, by vagabonds and ruffians from a neighboring State. Their first Territorial Legislature was elected by armed bands of outlaws from Missouri. The actual settlers of the Territory were driven by violence from the polls, their [illegible] ballot boxes destroyed, and the voice of the people wholly stifled. This Legislature, thus elected and constituted by outlaws from a foreign State, [illegible] code of laws more infamous and bloody than ever disgraced the statute books of the most barbarous age or nation.

It punished by death the most trivial political offences, disfranchised all who would not swear to favor and uphold Slavery, established test oaths, made the circulation of written or printed matter in opposition to Slavery, a State Prison offence, abolished the freedom of speech, and of the press, and denied to men the right to serve as jurors who are conscientiously opposed to Slavery.

The President of the United States has ordered Government troops to enforce these laws. In their attempt to do so, peaceable citizens of the Territory have been brutally murdered, their towns demolished, their houses burned, their crops destroyed, their cattle and other property stolen, their printing presses thrown into the river, their wives insulted and outraged, their leaders arrested and imprisoned without authority of law, and all their dearest rights trampled under foot. All these outrages have been committed or encouraged by United States troops, or by Missouri outlaws, under the lead of United States officers, and approved by the President of the United States. The people of the Territory have even been dispersed by Government minions, while peaceably assembled to consult upon public affairs—a right expressly guaranteed to every citizen of the United States by the Federal Constitution. Every effort to carry out the doctrine of "popular sovereignty" has been prevented by a hireling soldiery. And this is the way that invaluable Democratic principle has been maintained by the authors of the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and they are now using the whole power of the Government to force Slavery into that Territory, for the purpose of depriving you and all of a portion of our political rights, and to degrade our brothers in Kansas to a level with Southern slaves.

Can the Democrats of Michigan sustain any longer, in power, men who have perpetrated these outrages, and who are pledged to perpetuate them; and who have so openly violated the principles of JEFFERSON, JACKSON and Democracy? Let others do as they may, we will have no part nor lot in the matter. Believing with the Free Press, our Democratic organ in this city, that "a people who would not rebel at laws forced upon them by fraud and violence," as it admits the Border Ruffian laws were upon the people of Kansas, "would be unworthy the name of American," we shall hereafter use our influence to defeat the men who have attempted, and are now attempting by such infamous means to compel the people of Kansas to submit to their cruel laws. "Thanking God," as the same paper does, "that the administration of Franklin Pierce is drawing to a close," we shall do nothing to perpetuate it in the person of James Buchanan, nor to continue its infamous policy by his election; on the contrary, we shall work and vote for John C. Fremont, the only real Democratic candidate now before the people, fully satisfied that his administration will consult the best interests of the country, and we call upon every true-hearted Democrat in the State to follow our example.

SIGNED BY TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DEMOCRATS WHO VOTED FOR FRANKLIN PIERCE.

NEW-YORK CITY.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The Weather of the Autumnal Equinoxes.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

The weather of sixty-eight Autumnal equinoxes, counting from 15th to 25th of September, both inclusive, for a period of sixty-nine years, viz., from 1789 to 1856, both years inclusive, in reference to the fall of rain in this locality, within the limit of the days named, which embrace the Autumnal equinox of each year, has been as follows: In four of the years, viz.: 1789, 1795, 1846, and 1850, no rain fell between 15th and 25th September, but in the four other years rain fell, within the term mentioned above, on one hundred and seventy-eight days, viz.:

1 day of the term in each year, in 10 several years.
2 days of the term in each year, in 17 several years.
3 days of the term in each year, in 19 several years.
4 days of the term in each year, in 14 several years.
5 days of the term in each year, in 3 several years.
6 days of the term in each year, in 1 year.

The sun crossed the line, in the present month, on the 22d, and between the 15th and 23d the temperature has fluctuated from 65° maximum to 50° minimum, a change of 15°. Four heavy thunder-storms have been experienced in the time within the field of our research, and — inches of rain have fallen at my place of observation. The temperature of this morning is low enough for frost south of 45° North latitude. E. MERIAM.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, Tuesday, Sept. 23, 1856.

School of Design for Women.

This institution begins the fifth year of its existence, at No. 481 Broadway, under increased facilities for instruction. During the coming Winter, several of our popular celebrities will give lectures at the school on matters directly related to art and its cultivation. Last Winter about fifty pupils availed themselves of this institution, and, we understand, that this season the number will be even greater. The intention of the founders was to test, by experiment, whether women could be profitably employed in certain mechanical branches of the fine arts hitherto monopolized by men. There is hardly any large commercial firm which has not its embellished catalogue, and the demand for feminine skill in making wood engravings of such things, and in copying engravings for the illustration of books, is likely to increase indefinitely.

Railroad is King.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Daily Times:

SIR: The necessity of lighting the Railroad Tunnels on the Fourth-avenue, so forcibly alluded to in your paper of this day, induces me to request you to remind the public of another fact in relation to the wants of the people, urgently demanded of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company.

About two months ago the Common Council ordered the Company to lay the grooved rail along their road. The Company remonstrated, alleging that their large passenger and freight cars cannot be run on that kind of rail. As it appears that this statement has put an end to the matter, I would remind all those who are interested, that those very cars can be seen running on the grooved rail in Grand-street, between Bowery and Centre-streets, apparently with more steadiness than on the strap-irons on other parts of the road.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1856. AN OBSERVER.

Target Excursions.

A target company of unusual magnitude and grotesqueness and variety of dress passed down Broadway on Monday forenoon. The forenoon rain was at the time at its climax. The parties comprising the company, however, gave no heed to the rain, but with a lively band of music at their head marched on in "galliant array," attracting universal attention on their line of march. The most attractive feature was a strapping individual in the centre of the company wearing a female dress and enormous "hoop." Bringing up the rear of the company was a jackass of remarkably diminutive proportions drawing on a small two-wheeled vehicle a man of Falstaffian size and dress. The dresses throughout were of rich material, and the company composed evidently of "crack" fellows.

The Rhoades Guard, named in honor of DAVID R. RHOADES, Esq., a popular gentleman connected with the business department of the Tribune, went to Flushing on Monday, on their first annual target excursion. They had a very agreeable time.

The Atlantic Blues, Captain O'KEEFE, passed through the streets yesterday afternoon, with a band of music, and made a fine appearance.

The Emerald Guard, Capt. COTT, numbering 50 muskets, passed our office yesterday.

Cholera in Madeira.

This fearful pestilence, which has carried off nearly one-third of the population of the city of Funchal, and committed great ravages throughout all parts of the Island, was abating at last accounts, but must leave great misery in its train. Having taken place at a season devoted to agricultural pursuits, there is fear of much famine and distress ensuing.

Widows and orphans, under this state of things, particularly need assistance. Many in this City, who have visited that little Island, either in search of health, business or pleasure, and have looked back with delight upon its exquisite scenery and climate, and the simplicity of its mountain peasantry, will be pained to hear of this sad calamity, and sympathize with the poor unfortunates.

Subscriptions are being taken in this City. They amount to about $1,500 at this time, which, along with those sent from England and Portugal, it is hoped may avert a vast amount of suffering.

Subscriptions will be gratefully received by ROBERT BENSON, Jr., No. 5 New-street; GEORGE H. LEWIS, No. 61 Front-street; HAYWARD & WEST, No. 59 Wall-street; WILLIAM DEMING, No. 59 Cedar-street; JAMES W. HAYWARD, No. 59 Wall-street.

New Alterations.

Look out for two-dollar bills on the Park Bank, of this City, altered to fives. The alteration is well done and calculated to deceive, having been passed by one of our City Banks.

The vignette of the "two" is a view of the City Hall, in the body of the bill; while the fives have five figures holding a silver dollar each, the corner figure representing New-York State coat of arms.

The Plymouth House, formerly City Hotel, corner of Howard-street and Broadway, is about to be reopened by Mr. BENJAMIN BARNES, [illegible] proprietor of Rathbun's Hotel. The house is [illegible] and refurnishing.

We have received an invitation to attend at Portsmouth, N. H., on Monday, Oct. 6, the Centennial Celebration of the Introduction of Printing into New-Hampshire. A procession, an Oration, a dinner and a ball comprise the festivities.

A [illegible] of [illegible] Fremont [illegible] by the steamer [illegible], to-day, to Mr. THOMAS [illegible]

... who has built and named a theatre after the [illegible], at Sacramento City. The [illegible] ball that the [illegible].

The Presbyterians of Yorkville are erecting a beautiful Church in Eighty-sixth-street, between Third and Fourth-avenues. Yesterday, its corner stone was laid, with prayer and speeches by Rev. Drs. [illegible], PHILLIPS, McELROY and others.

We regret to hear of the continued and increasing illness of JOHN G. SAXE. The stroke of paralysis which afflicted him during the last Winter seems to have terminated in a complete prostration.

Rev. Dr. Thompson had an insurance of only one thousand dollars on his books, papers and furniture—a sum far below the value of his property destroyed at Stapleton lately.

BENJ. F. BUTLER, Esq., who has been absent in Europe for the last three months, returned on Thursday last in improved health.

Rev. T. L. CUYLER, of the Market-street Church, has declined the call of the Reformed Dutch Church, in Twenty-third-street.

Taking the Responsibility and Marrying the Girl.

A German named FREDERICK FRETTA, was arrested a few days since by Sergeant MONHAM, of the Fourth District Police Court, charged with bastardy. When informed of the nature of the charge he seemed much frightened, and promised to marry the girl. "But," he added, "vich of them vash it? I knows drei, vier, fuenf, sechs, very mooch!"

When taken before Justice WARREN he would marry the complainant if he knew who she was. She was sent for and was soon in the presence of Mr. FRETTA, who instantly recognised her claims. No one objecting, the complainant and prisoner were married by the magistrate, according to the laws of the State, in such cases made and provided.

A number of Germans, male and female, crowded the court room to witness the affair, in which they all seemed much interested. One of the lady spectators was so well pleased at its happy termination, that she promised to furnish a home for the new couple, and then all retired.

Fort Hamilton Relief Society Report.

Dr. ROCHE reported JAMES MAGUIRE, Mr. CLAPP's gardener, who entered the Hospital on Sunday night, as having died at half-past 1 yesterday afternoon.

Dr. BAILEY slowly but steadily improving. Mr. CHAS. SEARS, and Miss SALLY ROSS very much improved. All others doing well.

New Cases.—BRIDGET CONLAN, THOMAS CONLAN, and Mrs. DUFF's child, all young children, and the latter an infant; remarkable as being the first one attacked by the fever.

No new cases in the Military Hospital,—all doing well. FRANCIS E. BERIER, Secretary.

FORT HAMILTON, September 23, 1856—9½ A. M.

RAISING OF THE KNICKERBOCKER.—Our readers will recollect the particulars of the sinking of the steamboat Knickerbocker, near Fort Montgomery, on the Hudson River, some three or four weeks since. She has since been raised, and is now lying at the foot of Christopher-street, having more the appearance of a floating heap of rubbish than of a steamboat.

Soon after she sunk, measures were taken for learning her whereabouts and bringing her up. It was ascertained that she lay in about forty feet of water, and that she had turned completely over in sinking, the walking-beam of her engine dragging in the mud. Two boom-derricks were brought up, one on either side, and she was raised, bottom upwards. It was found that two or three holes had been made in the bottom, and these were filled, after which she was righted up. This was on Saturday last.

A steam pump was then introduced, and in about three hours she was cleared of water, and the tide setting in she righted up and was found capable of floating. She was towed down to New-York, and reached the foot of Christopher-street about 5 o'clock on Sunday morning. She was raised near Caldwell's, about forty-two miles from the City. Her engines are in good order, though the boilers have not yet been raised, and are in 150 feet water.

From the engine aft she is almost completely demolished; but from the engine forward the damage is comparatively small. She presents a very singular appearance, lying at the pier at Christopher-street. Everything on her upper decks, with the exception of the machinery, which still stands erect, seems smashed to pieces, and is distributed in the wildest confusion, looking much more like heaps of rubbish than the furniture or appointments of a first-class river steamboat.

The steamship Black Warrior, 1,600 tons, was yesterday taken on the balance dock for repairs; she will be recaulked and newly painted. The packet ship London, 1,050 tons, is also on the sectional dock for repairs. She will be stripped, recaulked, and newly coppered.

ROE LOCKWOOD, of this City, is selling Fremont letter paper and envelopes, with a beautiful portrait of the "Pathfinder" engraved on steel. The manufacturers, PUTNAM & BROTHERS of Boston, it is said, have eight presses running day and night to supply the demand for these articles.

COURT CALENDAR—WEDNESDAY.

Nos. 957, 969, 973, 328, 349, 377, 389, 396, 418, 427, [illegible] to 1,150.

SUPREME COURT.—Special Term.—Wednesday, Oct 1, is the last day for receiving notes of issue for the October Term.

Demurrers must be distinctly stated as such.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SEPT. 23.

Before Judge Betts.

INDICTMENTS.

The Grand Jury this morning brought in the following bills of indictment:

The United States vs. James M. Higgins.—An indictment for manslaughter, in throwing overboard a seaman named Malcolm from the ship Stag Hound, in Canton.

The United States vs. Charles Stephens.—An indictment for murder on board the ship Mary E. [illegible], committed upon C. E. Rose, while on the high seas.

The United States vs. James Sailor.—An indictment for cruel and unusual punishment committed by the master of the ship Typhoon while on the high seas.

The United States vs. James Burke, James White and Patrick Connor.—An indictment for larceny committed on the high seas on board the steamship Illinois.

The United States vs. Frederick Braun.—An indictment for resisting the United States Marshal in the service of process.

PROCEEDINGS IN REFERENCE TO THE DEATH OF LORENZO B. SHEPARD.

At the opening of the Court this morning a motion was made that the Court adjourn out of respect to the memory of Mr. Shepard. Mr. McKeon in making the motion briefly referred to the fact that Mr. Shepard was for a short time District-Attorney of the United States, and characterized him as one who was distinguished for integrity as a lawyer and as a man.

Judge Beebe seconded the motion, saying that he had known Mr. Shepard from an early period of his legal life, and indeed before he was admitted to the bar, when he was a member of the moot courts and associations by which law students prepare themselves for practice, in which he took an exalted stand, not only for industry and clearness, but for his courtesy and kindness. He also referred to his acquaintance with Mr. Shepard while he was District-Attorney of the City and County of New-York, to whose duty he brought great legal knowledge and industry. And in all the offices he had held, Judge Beebe said he had yet to see the man who could charge Mr. Shepard with a want of integrity, political or private, and he was always esteemed, not only by political friends, but by his opponents.

Judge BETTS said: The Court feels there is a great propriety in the motion. I acquiesce fully in what has been said of Mr. Shepard. While he was District-Attorney here his duties were always performed in a professional and manly manner. I probably knew him as well as any one at the bar. I think he informed me that his first contested trial was in this Court; I was struck with his appearance at that time, being so young a man, and took occasion to make his acquaintance. The Judge went on to speak of his having advised Mr. Shepard to confine himself to his profession, and to conversations which he often had with him on the subject, from which he was satisfied that such a course was more congenial to Mr. Shepard's tastes, and that if he had a fault it was in yielding too readily to the wishes of his friends and taking active part for their sake in pursuits outside of his profession. And the Judge said that Mr. Shepard had assured him that after he had finished the term of office which he held at his death, he should henceforth confine himself to the labors of his profession, and [illegible] closed his remarks by saying: His death is a great loss to us all, to the Courts in which he has practiced, and to the community. I accept the motion that this Court stand adjourned, and order that it be so adjourned as a mark of respect to Mr. Shepard, and that the motion be entered upon the minutes of the Court.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—SEPT. 23.

Before Hon. Justices Roosevelt, Clerke and Davies.

THE NINTH-AVENUE RAILROAD CASE—JUDGMENT REVERSED AND PERPETUAL INJUNCTION AWARDED.

J. R. Whitmore et al. vs. Moses C. Story et al.—The opinion in this case sufficiently explains itself.

ROOSEVELT, J.—Messrs. Wetmore, [illegible], of this City, and also owners of property on Greenwich and Washington streets, complain that the defendants, under the name of the Ninth-avenue Railroad Company, under color of a pretended grant from the City authorities, are [illegible] their premises, to their great injury [illegible]

On the part of the defendants, it is [illegible] that every citizen has a right to lay a rail-track in the streets of the City. The Corporation, however, [illegible] may do it, or, in their discretion, by a resolution of the Common Council, may grant the privilege, or a franchise, to a [illegible]

[illegible] When the [illegible] the legislative power of the Corporation of the City of New-York should be vested in a Board of Aldermen and a Board of Assistants, who together should form the Common Council of the City." It must be considered as having adopted by implication, so far as applicable, the universally recognized principles of legislative bodies constituted of two independent branches.

The settled practice and understanding—indeed, we may say the common law—of such bodies, as illustrated in the Congress of the United States, the Legislature of this State, and, it is believed, in the legislatures of every State in the Union, as well as in the Parliament of Great Britain, repudiate the idea that the Board of Aldermen of 1853 could take up and pass the resolution of the politically deceased Board of Assistants of 1852, and give it effect as law, without consulting the newly-elected body. It might have been, although not so in the present instance, on the express ground of opposition to the particular act of their predecessors, and for the express purpose of preventing its consummation.

No case has been cited, in which the Senate of a State, or of the United States, or of the Upper House of Canada, or of Great Britain and Ireland, has attempted to give effect to the inchoate action of a previous Assembly, House of Representatives or House of Commons, whose term had expired and whose places were filled by others newly chosen in their stead.

To allow an opposite practice in the legislation of the City Common Councils since its new organization, would be at times to defeat the will of the constituents, clearly expressed through the regular channel of the ballot-box, and to render the elective franchise a nullity. Although the corporation of the City is a continuous body, the Common Council, since its division into two branches, is not. Its legal term, like that of the State Legislature, upon whose model it was formed, is one year, and no longer. The Common Council of 1853 is not the Common Council of 1852.

The primary object of that act was to prevent the Common Councils of cities from permitting the construction of railroads in the streets of cities without the consent of a majority of property owners immediately interested; and when it excepted from its operation railroads already "constructed in part," it meant those constructed under lawful authority, and not under "grants, licenses, resolutions or contracts" which had never been made, given, passed or entered into according to the charter, and which, therefore, having in judgment of law no existence, could not be "confirmed."

The confirmation intended was a confirmation as against the State, and not against the Common Council itself. An opposite construction of the act, instead of restraining the Common Council from permitting injurious railroads, would go to sanction roads commenced in violation of law, and which had never been permitted at all.

Having had, therefore, no warrant for its commencement, and none for its continuance, the road in question, under the evidence, is not only a public nuisance, of which the plaintiffs have a legal right to complain, as specially injurious to them in their ingress and egress to and from their place of business on the street.

Such a nuisance, it is well established by numerous decisions, can and ought to be restrained by injunction, if demanded, as in this case, by the parties specially aggrieved.

The judgment therefore of the Special Term, we all agree, should be reversed, and a perpetual injunction awarded.

CLERKE, J.—For the reasons above expressed in Judge ROOSEVELT's opinion, I concur in the conclusion, at which both my associates arrived.

S. C. Beardsley and J. Van Buren for plaintiffs; C. O'Conor for defendants.

SURROGATE'S COURT.—SEPT. 23.

Before Hon. A. W. Bradford.

In the estate of Mrs. Regan, late Hicks.—Miss Hicks married — Regan, a Swiss, being at the time possessed of a large estate descending from her father. Regan absented himself from his home, and was not heard from for many weeks, when he turned up West. During his absence his wife died, leaving him property valued at $50,000.

Regan was again missing, and no trace could be found of him, until recently information was received at the Surrogate's office, that becoming insane he had wandered to France, where he was confined in a lunatic asylum. The Court ordered that sufficient funds be supplied him to sustain himself in a position compatible with his estate. The case came up this forenoon on an order to account, but was adjourned over to Monday at 10 A. M., under peremptory directions to proceed.

The Estate of Anthony [illegible].—Mr. John S. Giles is cited to render his accounts in the above estate. Counsel appears for his son Ferdinand to object and requires that separate exhibits as to the real and personal estate be made, as the distribution under the will is different. Order made to that effect. Counsel desires to examine the Executor (Giles) under oath, as to the personal estate, to ascertain the amount of it. Then to proceed to an investigation of the rents of the real estate and the application of those rents. He comments upon an erasure in an item of personal estate and asks an adjournment for a month to procure copies of the accounts. So adjourned.

NEW-JERSEY.

Republican Mechanics in New-Jersey.

SPEEDWELL IRON WORKS, NEAR MORRISTOWN, N.J., Monday, Sept. 22, 1856.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

In your paper of the 20th inst. we find an account of the mass meeting held by the Republican Party at Morristown on the 18th inst. In that account we find the following statement:

"Morris County abounds in iron-works and other manufacturing establishments, where the cause of freedom has hosts of silent advocates among the workmen, addicted as they naturally are to the rights of white labor. One such establishment near Morristown is owned by the only representation of New-Jersey in the lower house of Congress, who supported the Administration in its Kansas-Nebraska policy. The proprietors, unluckily, are generally adverse to the interests of freedom, and to prevent the stampede of their laborers to the Republican meeting which was preparing on every side, gave out the word that whoever should go that day to Morristown need not return; the fact would be equivalent to dismissal."

Now we, whose names are hereto subscribed, are workmen at the "Speedwell Iron Works," which are carried on by Messrs. GEORGE VAIL & Co. You will find the names of voters employed at said Works signed to this Card. We do not all agree in our political views, nor in our preferences for Presidential candidates, but we all do agree in most emphatically declaring that so far as we, or any of us, know, have heard and believe, no one of our employers said or did anything to deter or dissuade any of us from attending that Republican Meeting. The statement that our employers gave out word that whoever should go that day to Morristown need not return, is not true. They gave out no such word as that to any of us. Such of us as desired to go went—those who did not desire to go remained. We acted in that respect as we saw fit, without seeing or hearing any attempt by any of our employers to influence us one way or the other. Your obedient servants,

D. VAIL,	W. LONGMAN,
JOSEPH R. GREEN,	M. KINSELLA,
WM. A. STILWELL,	HENRY BROWN,
ALVAH A. CANFIELD,	MELVIN FOSTER,
P. DOYLE,	ROBERT TILLYER,
WM. TOOLE,	JAMES PAUL,
JOHN A. BEEBY,	JAMES DAVIS.

This is to certify that I have worked for Mr. G. VAIL 22 years, and have never known him in any way to hinder any person from attending any political meeting or voting as he thought best. JAMES DAVIS.

Hudson County Nominations.

The Hudson County Democratic Convention was held, at Mortimore's Hotel, in the city of Hudson, yesterday afternoon. Hon. C. V. CLICKENER, Mayor of Hoboken, was nominated for State Senator, and HENRY R. BEATTY for Sheriff.

A banner, the gift of the ladies of Jersey City, was presented to the Fillmore and Donelson Club of Jersey City, last evening, at Commercial Hall, in the presence of a large audience. JOHN H. VOORHIS presented the banner, and F. B. BETTS replied.

The Trees of America.

From the Boston Evening Transcript.

Dr. B. U. PIPER, of Woburn, who is engaged in the preparation of a splendid work on "The Trees of America," is now visiting WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT, at his residence at Long Island. In a letter, commending the proposed volume to public patronage, the following passage occurs:

"If, in your wanderings in search of fine trees, you should ever come this way, there is, not far from my place on Long Island, a black walnut tree, 145 years old, with an immense 'latitude of boughs,' as COWPER says, in speaking of the Yardly oak—and a trunk of twenty-four feet in circumference at four feet from the ground. Some anecdotes of our revolutionary history are associated with the dwelling, older than itself, which stands in its mighty shadow.

I should be glad to be your host during your visit.

I am, sir, very respectfully yours,

WM. CULLEN BRYANT.

DR. B. U. PIPER."

The last mail brought us a letter from Dr. PIPER, from which we make the following extract:

"The black walnut alluded to in Mr. BRYANT's letter I find is a much finer tree than I expected. It is 100 feet in extent of branches, and 100 in height; the circumference of the trunk is 20 feet; it is 145 years old; the cottage which "stands in its mighty shadow," and which is much older than itself, I have also drawn; this will answer for an appropriate background of the tree. There is also here on Mr. BRYANT's place, a very grand oak, which I have also drawn. I hope to get a full length figure of the poet to put in the foreground of this picture. Mr. BRYANT's garden is full of fine roses now in flower, which he tells me will continue so, perhaps, till December. The Isabella grape is ripe, and hanging in purple clusters from the trees about the place, while the ground is covered with pears, apples, melons, &c."

MORE SCHOOL MARMS FOR THE WEST.—Ex-Governor SLADE, of Vermont, went through Springfield on Wednesday, with another detachment of his army of female school teachers to invade the ignorance of the West. There were twenty-five in this company, going to Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and Iowa, and they swell the total who have thus gone out under Gov. SLADE's auspices to 260. It would be interesting to know how many of these have before this left off teaching other people's children and gone to raising some of their own.

[illegible] The Galveston News [illegible] among the negroes in [illegible] Texas [illegible]

"Our suspicions were aroused about two weeks ago, [illegible] and a committee of investigation appointed [illegible] put the whole matter and lay the facts before the people of the county for their consideration. The committee entered upon their duties, and in a short time were in full possession of the facts of a well-arranged and systematized plan for the murder of our entire white population, with the exception of the young ladies, who were to be taken captives and made the wives of the diabolical murderers of their parents and friends. The committee found in their possession a number of pistols, bowie knives, guns and ammunition. Their passwords of organization were adopted, and their motto, "Leave not a shadow behind."

Last Saturday, 6th inst., was the time agreed upon for the execution of their damning designs. At a given hour at night all were to make one simultaneous, desperate effort with from two to ten apportioned to nearly every house in the county, kill all the whites, save the above exception, plunder their houses, take their horses and arms, and fight their way on to a "Free State" (Mexico).

Notwithstanding the intense excitement which moved every member of our community, and the desperate measures to which men are liable to be led on by such impending danger, [illegible] exposed by our indulgence and leniency to our slaves, we must say the people acted with more caution and deliberation than ever before characterized the action of any people under similar circumstances.

More than two hundred negroes had violated the law, the penalty of which is death. But by unanimous consent the law was withheld and their lives spared with the exception of three of the ring-leaders who were, on last Friday, the 5th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., hung in compliance with the unanimous voice of the citizens of the county.

Without exception, every Mexican in the county was implicated. They were arrested and ordered to leave the county within five days, and never again to return under the penalty of death. There is one, however, by the name of Frank, who is proven to be one of the prime movers of the affair, that was not arrested, but we hope that he may yet be, and have meted out to him such a reward as his black deeds demands.

We are satisfied that the lower class of the Mexican population are incendiaries, in any country where slaves are held, and should be dealt with accordingly. And, for the benefit of the Mexican population, we would here state that a resolution was passed by the unanimous voice of the county, forever forbidding any Mexican from coming within the limits of the county.

Peace, quiet and good order are again restored, and by the watchful care of our Vigilance Committees, a well-organized patrol and good discipline among our planters, we are persuaded that there will never again occur the necessity of a communication of the character of this."

The Galveston News, of the 11th inst., has also the following paragraph:

"We learn, from the Columbia Planter of the 9th, that two of the negroes engaged in the insurrection at Columbus were whipped to death; three more were hung last Friday, and the Mexicans who were implicated were ordered to leave the country. There was no proof against those last beyond surmises. The band had a deposit of arms and ammunition in the bottom. They had quite a number of guns, and a large lot of knives, manufactured by one of their number. It was their intention to fight their way to Mexico."

From the True Issue, Sept. 5.

We noticed last week the rumor that a large number of slaves of Colorado County had combined and armed themselves for the purpose of fighting their way into Mexico. Developments have since been made of a much more serious nature than our information then indicated. It is ascertained that a secret combination had been found, embracing most of the negroes of the County, for the purpose of not fleeing to Mexico, but of murdering the inhabitants, men, women, and children promiscuously. To carry out their hellish purposes, they had organized into companies of various sizes, had adopted secret signs and pass-words, sworn never to divulge the plot under the penalty of death, and had elected captains and subordinate officers to command the respective companies. They had provided themselves with some fire-arms and home-made bowie knives, and had appointed the time for a simultaneous movement. Some two hundred, we learn, have been severely punished under the lash, and several are now in jail awaiting the more serious punishment of death which is to be inflicted to-day. One of the principal instigators of the movement is a free negro, or one who had been permitted to control his own time as a free man.

The late Battle with the Cheyenne Indians.

Fort Leavenworth (Sept. 9) Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican.

I arrived here yesterday from Fort Kearney. The mail from Oregon, Mo., to that point was attacked by about twenty-five Cheyenne Indians, when about twelve miles from the Fort. JOHN JONES was shot with an arrow through the right arm and a young man who was with him had his hat shot off. Fortunately they had a good team of mules, and the presence of mind of JONES saved both him and his companion. The Indians tried to lasso their animals, and seemed in every possible way determined to kill them. As soon as JONES reported the facts to Capt. WHARTON, commanding officer of the post, he immediately ordered out Capt. STEWART's Company and a detachment under Lieut. [illegible], who had just arrived the day before from escorting the Sioux prisoners up to that point. They pursued the Indians, and on Monday, the 25th, came upon them in camp, charged upon and killed ten of them on the ground, captured twenty-five head of ponies, a great many lances, shields, and nearly everything they had in camp.

On the same evening, the same party of Cheyennes, or another party, attacked a train of four wagons belonging to Mr. BABBITT, of Utah, killed two men, shot another one through the leg, killed a child of Mrs. WILSON's, about two months old, and took her off prisoner. This lady lived for some years in your city, a mantua-maker on Fourth-street. The troops were again ordered out, and the men properly buried, but no trace of Mrs. WILSON could be found. The Indians had two days the start, so we were unable to overtake them. I forgot to say that a good many goods belonging to Mr. BABBITT were taken, together with four mules, and his cattle scattered in every direction.

Such is a hurried account of some of the transactions near Fort Kearny.

New-England Female Medical College.

This institution seems to be in a more prosperous condition than ever. The number of students during the past year was 38. The number of graduates in the last three years is [illegible]. The State grant of $15,000 was accompanied by a condition that the College should raise an equal sum. Of this, $6,000 has been contributed, and the remainder is respectfully solicited from the public. There are now eight diplomatized female physicians in Boston. Some of these are said to have a large and lucrative practice. One has presided at [illegible] midwifery cases in seven years, and has not resorted to instrumental aid at any of them. The report does not mention the per centage of deaths, but her practice is stated to have been "remarkably successful." A female practitioner in Worcester has attended 908 births since 1849. In 1855 she was present at 197 births, or above one-fourth of the all the births in Worcester.

It is understood that several legacies are intended for the College. Mr. [illegible]'s bequest of $20,000 will not probably be received for many years, but it is likely to be largely increased by accumulation. The State grant of $1,000 per annum for five years, endowing forty scholarships, is a chief dependence of the College for current expenses. Its other means are from small tuition fees and subscriptions from individuals. Among the lady managers are Mrs. Rev. Dr. LYMAN BEECHER and Mrs. Rev. Dr JACOB IDE. Dr. [illegible] FABYAN is the President. There are six Professors.—Boston Post.

Taking Care of Books.

Regarding the varnishing of old volumes, I think that little can be effected by such compositions to preserve leathers; in some cases varnish applied to new bindings may tend somewhat to repel the action of the atmosphere and deleterious gases, but is likely to harden the leather at the joints, the parts where the greatest action takes place in opening a book.

There is no doubt that old bindings, if in sound condition, may be furbished up (as bookbinders say) by the application of shell varnish; though the thing most wanting to render the leather supple is an oil or fatty matter to replace the unction dried out of the skin by the action of time. A composition to render old bindings soft and pliable, without staining or injuring would be a desideratum.

Much harm is done to leather for want of ventilation; books require use and air as may be seen by the condition of the bindings in many large libraries where there are no readers, or where there are readers and but little air. The library of the Athenaeum was affected so seriously some years since from this latter cause (gas and heat), that the backs of [illegible] bindings fell away, and the leather crumpled upon touching.

The library ought to have the same attention as the green-house; light, air, and equal temperature ought to be imparted to the leaves in either case. Light without injury to color, moisture without mildew, and air without soot, are as necessary to the library as to the gardener's charge.—Notes and Queries.

The first dramatic copyright in Philadelphia, under the new law for the protection of dramatic authors, was taken out on Saturday for a five-act comedy called "Law and Fashion," by the author, Mr. THOMAS H. [illegible], a young gentleman connected with the Ledger office.

M. DE LAMARTINE, who for some time has been in Macon, France, where he is suffering from rheumatism, has received from the Emperor of Brazil one hundred thousand francs, as payment of five thousand subscriptions to his Familiar Course of Literature.

A piece of the "nose" of Mansfield mountain, Vermont, computed to weigh 1,000 tons, fell on Thursday, [illegible] only a few moments before [illegible] WRIGHT, of Burlington, with his wife and daughter, had been standing upon it.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE OLD REGIME AND THE REVOLUTION. By Alexis de Tocqueville; translated by John Bonner. New-York: Harper & Brothers.

Some twenty years ago, M. de Tocqueville published the first part of his Democracy in America—[illegible] probably the best analytical examination of Democracy that ever saw the light. The work was completed in 1840. During the sixteen years which have elapsed since then, M. de Tocqueville has played no inconsiderable part in his country as a politician and as a member of the Institute; but as a political writer, he has rarely attempted to enhance nor run the risk of diminishing his fame by further publications. It is only now, after this long interval, that he comes before the public with his second work. But that work is, as its author confesses, and as its perusal will prove, the fruit of studies which must have been spread over a series of years.

The title is objectionable. It does not convey a clear idea, or even any idea at all, of the subject of the work. A better title would have been, "An Introduction to a Review of the French Revolution;" for the volume now before us is the first of those which are to exhaust the subject of the political changes in France from the decline of the old monarchy to the erection of the present Government. The work will not be a history in the common acceptation of the term, but a searching inquiry into French institutions under different forms of government, into their working, and into the administrative systems and usages to which they have given rise. It will deal with laws and official practices—not with men. Thus, those who take it up expecting to find an exciting narrative of the startling events which color modern French history will be disappointed, while those, on the other hand, who desire to know what the Revolution really was, why it broke out, what it effected, what it left undone, and what legacy it bequeathed to future ages, will find in it—what they cannot find in any other work—full and satisfactory information.

The volume now published carries the reader to the Revolutionary outbreak. It embraces a cold analysis of the feudal system as it survived in the nineteenth century, and a thorough exposition of that other administrative system, which proceeded from the monarchy, overgrew feudalism, and thrust it, step by step, from all its valuable possessions. Side by side with this institutional history, it describes, with remarkable vividness, the progress of public opinion and popular feeling during the eighteenth century. The two—the institutions, and the minds of those who worked and those who were affected by them—were often in striking contrast; they are made to shed light on each other. The Encyclopedie becomes an [illegible] scholiast on the archives of the Comptroller-General's office.

Notwithstanding all that has been written about the old French monarchy, the later reigns especially, the best informed men are ignorant of the precise manner in which France was governed under the old régime. We know the most trivial details about the great men of the eighteenth century; we have the Court, with its follies, its intrigues, its crimes and its splendors, by heart; we are acquainted with the literary movement of the age; but of the institutions which were in actual existence, of the methods by which the business of domestic government was carried on, of the extent of liberty enjoyed by the people, and sway held by the crown, every one must, on reflection, confess himself wholly unaware. These topics have never been treated by any writer; those who, in composing histories of the Revolution, have felt it due to the subject to dissert upon its causes, and upon the state of things which was its antecedent, have uniformly dealt in common-place, vague generalities. Yet it is needless to adduce argument to show that a thorough knowledge of these matters is the first requisite for the formation of a sound judgment upon the republican essay in France.

Encountering at the outset of his labors the most irreconcilable discrepancies among the writers who have endeavored to describe the institutions of France in the Eighteenth Century, M. de Tocqueville discarded the whole of them, and fell back upon the original authorities—the archives of the intendant's offices and State Departments. The labor of reading the mountains of manuscript accumulated in these dusty vaults must have been enormous; but M. de Tocqueville's industry was equal to the task, and the reward has been ample. He learnt, from the original correspondence, what an intendant was, and how he administered authority; what the comptroller was, how he derived his power, by what methods he exercised it; what the royal prerogative was, and how it was wielded; what a seignior was, and what authority he held; what was the exact nature of the relations between the governed and the governing classes, and how their relations were affected by considerations of rank and caste. Studies, of which few men are capable, enabled him to trace through the same age the parallel march of the central power and of the feudal aristocracy; and thus to dispel the confusion which has hitherto been the greatest hindrance to a right comprehension of French history, and has led to the gravest political errors.

We now first learn that when Law, the financier said that France was governed by thirty intendants, on whom every one's happiness or misery depended, he spoke the bare truth. At the middle of the eighteenth century, neither seigniors, nor church, nor nobles, nor even king wielded any effective authority; it was all in the hands of the intendants, of their superior, the royal council, and of their subordinates, the sub-delegates. And as, at this period, centralization had been so thoroughly established that the Government was not only the ruler, but the guardian and tutor of the people, and insisted on overseeing and directing every act of their lives, it followed that the business intrusted to this circle of functionaries was overwhelming; and hence the Royal Council, to which alone appeal could be taken from the intendant, was utterly incapable of seeing its way through the multiplicity of affairs referred to it, and rarely disturbed the decisions of its subordinates. In like manner, the sub-delegates, who were the local deputies of the intendant in the divisions of his province, became the despots of their section, in minor matters, from the simple reason that the intendant could not possibly find time to review their acts. The intendants were rarely noblemen; they were chosen from the class of subordinate officials; they owed no responsibility to any one but the Royal Council; paramount considerations of policy compelled them to disregard every interest [illegible] of the Crown. Nor were the sub-delegates [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] of Louis XIV. The French accordingly fell [illegible] (who were only popularized by the encyclopedists,) evolved from natural principles a system of government comprehensive, logical, drawn with constant pleasure and rule, but utterly incapable of practical application. This done, when so sincere and honest a man as Louis XVI. proposed reform, and actually stirred up the people to revolution, battered into their heads, so to speak, the idea that they were able to overthrow the Government and might do so under given circumstances, 1789 followed as a matter of course, and the revolutionists, knowing no medium between their own theoretical creations and the régime they saw in practice, naturally overthrew the one and set up the other.

It is impossible, within the compass of a newspaper article, to do justice to the many valuable discoveries and beautiful generalizations contained in this admirable book. It is instructive to find that, so far as the future is concerned M. de Tocqueville's judgment has not altered since he published the Democracy in America. In that work he stated that centralization had so completely killed political life among the French people at large, that they were probably destined to become the equal slaves of a despot. He thinks so still. The remedy is, of course, the cultivation of habits of self-government, with the aid of free local institutions; but that is a remedy which is not now very likely to be tried. Not the least interesting portions of the work are those which have reference to the existing Government of France. Perhaps the Imperial censor dared not use the scissors upon the work of a member of the Institute and the Academy. No less substantial reason can account for the appearance of passages in which the Emperor and his policy are held up to scorn, and the people are goaded to resistance. Every lover of manliness and liberty will rejoice to see M. Troplong, among others, contemptuously spitted in a casual paragraph.

On the whole, it may be said that this work is worthy of its author. It is a sensible addition to our small store of sound political ethics; and must be, hereafter, the text-book in which every lawyer, thinker or statesman shall study the French Revolution.

To these remarks upon the merit of the work itself, we have to add that the translation into English has been made with great care and accuracy. In a treatise like the present, largely scientific and abounding in French legal technicalities, the difficulty of rendering a genuine and at the same time a graceful translation is great. Mr. Bonner has conquered this difficulty, and gives us the Old Régime and the Revolution as though it had been written in English. The New-York translation, for fidelity to the original, and for gracefulness of style, is superior to that which the editor of the Edinburgh Review has published in England.

THE SUMMER OF THE PESTILENCE. A History of the Ravages of the Yellow Fever in Norfolk, Va., A. D., 1855. By George D. Armstrong, D. D., Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Norfolk. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co.

True to his duty as a clergyman, Dr. Armstrong remained in Norfolk during the Summer of 1855—a fatal period, now emphatically called "The Summer of the Pestilence." For many months, Norfolk was exposed to a most destructive visitation. Yellow fever awfully depopulated that doomed city. With unflinching courage Dr. Armstrong devoted himself to the discharge of his duties of piety and charity among the dying and the fearing. No man was better qualified, by personal observation and experience, to write a record of what had taken place, and the fullness (without running into diffuseness) as well as the freshness of his narrative, make it the most deeply interesting book on the principal subject of pestilence that has been published since De Foe's well known account of the Great Plague of London, in 1666. A considerable portion of Dr. Armstrong's narrative consists of memoranda and letters written at the time; hence the peculiar freshness of the relation, and the vivid truth of most of his details.

With an apprehension in the minds of many of our fellow-citizens that the Yellow Fever may commit ravages among our own immediate population, such a book as this is well-timed. Dr. Armstrong was not only himself attacked with the disease, but his family suffered from its mortality, four out of the seven of his household having fallen victims to it.

The concluding chapter is particularly interesting. It discusses the questions—How the disease was introduced into Norfolk? Was it imported in the Ben Franklin, or did it originate on the spot? Why was it more destructive in Norfolk than it had ever been in New-Orleans? Did it appear contagious? Dr. Armstrong asserts the non-contagious character, and has a poor opinion of all quarantine regulations, as uncalled for and not to be enforced in a country like this. In this he adopts the opinion of Dr. Ferguson, certainly a high authority.

MEXICO; ITS PEASANTS AND ITS PRIESTS; or Adventures and Historical Researches in Mexico and its Silver Mines, during parts of the years 1851-52-53-54, with an Exposé of the Fabulous Character of the Conquest of Mexico, by Cortes. By Robert A. Wilson, late Judge of Sacramento District, California. With engravings. 12mo. New-York: Harper & Brothers.

The result of personal experience, during a considerable period, this work has a variety of good points. The present is a second edition, carefully revised by the author, (with the addition of a good deal of important matter, and a map of the Valley of Mexico,) who has greatly increased its value by bringing the history of Mexico down to the present time. The book has been well received on both sides of the Atlantic, and this new issue was undoubtedly called for.

Mr. Wilson states, in his own preface, that his father, who traveled with and acted as Secretary to Joseph Brandt, finally purchased one-third of the Brandt home farm, traveled a good deal after that, "and, at last, died at Rochester, an honest house-carpenter." Mr. Wilson himself is a native of Cooperstown, N. Y., and has resided in that town all his life, with the exception of the 3½ years he was in California and Mexico. He adds that, "now he is not a little surprised when informed that, by the custom-law of the tribe he is an Iroquois Indian, and by statute of George II, a British subject." He further states that he has been, "by turns, a student, a trader, a lawyer, Judge of the Sacramento Gold District, a traveler, and now an author." If he succeeded as well in other professions as he certainly has in authorship, Mr. Wilson must be considered a very "smart" man.

His sketches of society, manners, and scenery in Mexico are lively, agreeable, and apparently accurate—of great historical value in his analytic examination of all accounts of former transactions in Mexico, founded on the unreliable records of Cortes. [illegible] of his own knowledge, that William Walker (now of Nicaragua) has the reputation, where personally known, of an honest and honorable man," and he adds, "if Walker ultimately succeeds, the civilized world will be the gainer."

A variety of well-executed wood engravings add to the interest of the book.

VICTORIA; or THE WORLD OVERCOME. By Caroline Chesebro, author of "Philly and Kit," &c. 1 vol. 12mo. New-York: Derby & Jackson.

A religious novel, with the scene partly at sea and partly in this country, two centuries ago. The leading characters are drawn from the colonists, [illegible] of the Pilgrim Fathers, with the addition of a certain Margaret Gladstone and Archibald [illegible], who are introduced, at sea, bound for New-England. There is also Maud [illegible], with her parents, and a pastor, named [illegible], with his wife and daughter, and [illegible] pupil, Stanton, a puritanical preacher. The story, though not very clearly related, is by no means deficient in interest—not the interest created by startling or well-sustained incidents, but that which springs from the able delineation of character and the development of motives, as the springs of action. Every one of the personages, however unnatural some of them are, is well drawn out, by description as well as by conversation. From first page to the last, (where the child-heroine is represented as being executed as a witch!) the story has a religious bearing. It would not lose in value were its conversational parts considerably curtailed. The speakers are somewhat long-winded, and polemical dialogues seem out of place in a work of fiction.

It may be questioned, also, whether, two centuries ago—and particularly among the puritans—Margaret Gladstone would have been addressed as "Miss Gladstone." Then, and for a long time later, an unmarried woman was addressed as "Mistress." Another mode of expression, ungrammatical and ungraceful, (first introduced by Dickens,) is such a phrase as "You were willing to," or "I sung because I loved to." We doubt whether, at that time, the word "actuality" was used, and we have no doubt that such a phrase as "She was consternated" was then, as it is now, wholly unwarranted. We notice these slips, because Miss Chesebro generally writes elegantly and accurately.

EARLY HISTORY OF MICHIGAN, FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENT TO 1815. By E. M. Sheldon. 1 vol. 8vo. New-York: A. S. Barnes.

Books of this description, laboriously compiled, are not without value, even when deficient in literary merit. The volume before us, however, is written with considerable ability, and must be accepted as a valuable addition to the particular and important class out of which, in the fulness of time, the historian of the United States will have to collect authentic information. Mr. Sheldon has done his work with marked ability and in a most inquiring spirit of industrious investigation.

General Cass, who was second Governor of Michigan, (from 1813 to 1831,) obtained a large mass of official and narrative letters relating to the early French settlement, from the Colonial archives at Paris, which he placed at Mr. Sheldon's disposal. The whole of these manuscripts were carefully translated, and their spirit—in many cases their very language—has been interwoven in the present history. Information has also been extensively gleaned from a variety of published works. The old records, in the City of Detroit, have also been drawn upon, as well as a variety of recollections from a number of persons who were residents of Detroit after its occupation by the Americans. This is by far the fullest, as it also is the most authentic, early History of Michigan yet written. Its illustrations are a map of Detroit in 1796, and portraits, engraved on steel, of General Cass, Vicar-General Richard, Chief-Justice May, and Judge Witherell. Future editions we hope, will be rendered complete by the addition of a good index.

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES. By J. A. Spencer, D. D. Small 4to. Illustrated. New-York: Martin & Johnson.

Of the numerous works, richly illustrated, which Martin & Johnson have issued, three take the lead—their Bible, their edition of Shakspeare, and this, their History of America. The first-named are now completed, we believe; the other is yet in course of publication.

It has a distinctive character; it is written by an eminent and sensible American author, and it is splendidly illustrated by American artists. As it is published by subscription, (that is, issued directly by M. & J. to purchasers,) it has not been extensively noticed by the press. Its merits, however, are great, and it deserves to have a large circulation, on two accounts—first, as a reliable National History, written with judgment and ability, and next, as containing, as illustrations, a series of first-class line-engravings, from paintings originally and exclusively executed for this work by Leutze, Weir, Vanderlyn, Powell and Chapman, besides designs by Alonzo Chappell, and other American artists, and portraits of eminent public characters from authentic originals. Twelve parts, containing 372 pages, in bold and clear type, have been issued, at twenty-five cents a part—making the work cheap as well as accurate and beautiful.

THE LIFE AND PUBLIC SERVICES OF JAMES BUCHANAN. By R. G. Horton. 1 vol. 12mo. New-York: Derby & Jackson.

Here is a good specimen of what may be called Campaign Biography. It is natural that there should exist a strong public desire to obtain full and accurate knowledge concerning the personality of eminent men selected as candidates for high office, and it is fitting that such knowledge should be collected into a readable form. The volume before us, written by a man who possesses talent as well as industry, is executed with marked ability. Mr. Horton evidently has taken pains to collect information, and has exercised tact in putting it together. He has produced a work of much merit, in which, drawing copiously from the most important of Mr. Buchanan's State Papers, he has communicated that gentleman's political faith, out of his own lips, as it were. It is, in a manner, a history of American politics, at home and abroad,—in the Legislature, in the Government, and as Diplomatic Representative,—through the medium of Mr. Buchanan's life.

The volume is embellished with a fine portrait on steel. Mr. Horton ought not to have issued it without an index.

A TREATISE ON ARITHMETIC, THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL. By Elias Loomis, LL. D. 1 vol., 12mo. New-York: Harper & Brothers.

Professor Loomis here treats of arithmetic in a double capacity,—as a science as well as an art. In one case, where the person performing an arithmetical operation does it mechanically, by means of certain rules, he is merely practicing an art; when he possesses the reasons of the rules by which he works, the matter becomes elevated to the dignity of a science. In this volume, Professor Loomis clearly and fully explains, gives a reason for everything, and the smallest arithmetical problem, in his hands, becomes an operation of thought and reason. To become an arithmetical proficient, with the assistance of this book, may take more time and involve more trouble, at first, than by the old plan, but there is a saving of labor in the end, and, while the intellect is improved, a more certain facility is necessarily obtained. In a small compass, here is a compendium of arithmetic adapted to the more advanced as well as commencing students.

A new Robinson Crusoe! Something very like it, at all events, has just been published, under the title of The New Age of Gold, which is an autobiography of Robert Dudley Romaine. [illegible] equal, in its own peculiar line, De Foe's great story of the Solitary of Juan Fernandez. Among the many imitations the best are Jane Porter's Narrative of Sir Edward Seaward and this Romaine romance. The author professes to be a Boston resident, driven to a sailor's life by misfortune, who gets wrecked on his first voyage, but has the good fortune to find a safe asylum upon an uninhabited volcanic island in the Pacific, in company with a beautiful young girl (whom he marries on the island) and an intelligent bear, called Hamlet. How the trio lived on the island—how Romaine and his wife had sons and daughters—how he discovered a gold mine—how he returned to the United States with his family (including the bear) and treasure—how his wife and children died—and how, a young man still, he returned to his island, companioned by Hamlet, constitutes the main details of a very entertaining volume of no ordinary interest. The narrative, which has a very truthful aspect, is written with spirit, and the author need not be ashamed to avow himself. (Boston: Phillips, Sampson & Co.)

NEWS OF LITERATURE.

The English newspapers announce the deaths of several persons more or less connected with literature and art, whose names are well known in this country. Foremost, at the advanced age of 80, is Admiral Sir John Ross, the commander of the first Polar Expedition of the present century. This was in 1818. He went on a second expedition in 1829, at the expense of Mr. Felix Booth, a distiller in London, and returned in October, 1833, having discovered the territory now called Boothia Felix, as well as the North Magnetic Pole. In 1850 he went out in a small vessel of 90 tons, at his own expense, in quest of Sir John Franklin. He was author of Accounts of his Exploration Travels, and of a Life of Lord de Saumarez, and other professional works. Sir Richard Westmacott, sculptor, oldest member of the Royal Academy of England, has also died, at the age of 81. He is best known by his public statues. Mr. William Yarrell, author of The History of British Fishes and The History of British Birds, has died, aged 72. Scarcely any English writer has contributed so much to the popularization of Natural History. Last in this death roll, is Gilbert Abbott à Beckett, aged 45; he was essentially a humorist, as his Comic Histories of England and Rome, and his Comic Blackstone, have proved. After editing Figaro in London, The Thief, and other precursors of Punch, he settled down as a leading writer in the last-named, contributing largely to the Times also. He was a barrister, without practice, when he was made one of the Police Magistrates of London. In this capacity his shrewdness and common sense enabled him to do justice between man and man. Few public characters have seen more of the ups and down of life,—certainly no judge had greater personal knowledge, (as an insolvent,) of the Fleet, the Marshalsea, Whitecross-street, and the Queen's Bench prisons. Latterly, he was comparatively independent, though never wholly unembarrassed. He died at Boulogne, of congestion of the brain.

Sheldon, Blakeman & Co. announce a number of important works likely to become standard. Among these are Commentaries on the New Testament, by Rev. Dr. Hermann Olshausen, late Professor of Theology in the University of Erlangen. They will extend to six octavo volumes, the first of which will appear in a few days, and the second in November. It will be revised and edited by Rev. Dr. Kendrick, of the University of Rochester. A volume of Poems, (Lady Angeline; A Lay of the Apalachians, &c.,) by Rev. Louis L. Noble, a third edition of whose Life and Works of Thomas Cole, the painter, is nearly ready. A curious book, by Rev. William Arthur, on the Derivation of Family Names. A volume of Songs and Ballads, by Rev. Sidney Dyer. Life in Israel, by Maria J. Richards, author of Life in Judea. Dr. David A. Morse's Age of Progress, and Roger Williams' Notes on the Principles and Practices of Baptists, by Rev. Francis Wayland, D. D. After the lapse of two centuries the freshness and force of Roger Williams' writings are unabated, and his Notes could not find a better editor than Dr. Wayland himself, "a scholar and a ripe one."

Dix, Edwards & Co., of this City, now publish Household Works every week, almost simultaneously with the issue of that periodical in London. They announce a complete and uniform edition of George W. Curtis' works in five volumes, containing Nile Notes, Howadji in Syria, Lotus Eating, the Potiphar Papers, and a new work entitled Prue and I. Also, another work by William Dowe, (the best translator of Beranger,) on the authorship of Junius, to show that the elder William Pitt wrote those celebrated letters;—a translation of Edmund About's Greece and Greeks of the Present Day;—Life in California, by Mrs. E. W. Farnham; Travels through Texas, by F. L. Olmsted, a continuation of his admirable Seaboard Slave States; The Golden Dagon, being the adventures of a young American surgeon in one of the English steamers during the late Burmese War;—a series of letters from Asia Minor, called Oriental Acquaintance, by J. W. De Forrest; and Tales of Flemish Life, by Hendrick Conscience, the Belgian novelist.

John Saunders, the original founder and editor of the People's Journal, has joined with Westland Marston, author of the Patrician's Daughter and other dramatic poems, in establishing a new illustrated periodical of literature, art, science, social progress, and family life. It is called the National Magazine, published weekly at four cents a number. It promises well, if we may judge from the contents of the opening number: Sir C. Eastlake's picture "The Salutation," beautifully engraved on wood; the stereoscope, by Sir David Brewster; a portrait of Alfred Tennyson, by Mayall, engraved by H. Linton; a story, called "The Family Mystery," by Wilkie Collins, and other articles and engravings of interest.

Mr. S. French, of this City, (the theatrical publisher,) has largely added to his already very extensive collection, by the purchase of the stock and plates of the Modern Standard and Minor Drama, formerly published by William Taylor. It is his intention to unite his own American Drama with this popular collection, under the name of French's Standard and Minor Drama. He is also reprinting, from duplicate plates, the whole of Cumberland's British Theatre. The whole number of plays now in Mr. French's series is close upon four hundred.

The first play copyrighted in New-York, under the new law, was Mr. Charles Walcott's farce of "A Good Fellow." It was registered on the first day permitted by the statute. "My Wife's Mirror," (a farce, by Mr. Wilkins, from a French story called "Le Miroir du Diable," in Le Moniteur de la Mode for March and April,) was the second play entered here as copyright. A dramatic version of Dred, by John Brougham, has already been entered, and will be published in a few days.

The Life of Captain Nathan Hale, (the Martyr-Spy of the American Revolution,) by Hon. J. W. Stuart, has gone into a third edition, with careful revision and a good deal of new matter. It is a generous tribute to the memory of an honest patriot, and a valuable addition to what may be called the personal history of our Revolutionary War.

Among the forthcoming novelties by Derby & Jackson are Rev. Mr. Milburn's Rifle, Axe, and Saddle-bags, (a work which can scarcely fail to be interesting, so marked is the ability of the author;) Mr. Aldrich's Daisy's Necklace; Silverwood, a book of memoirs; and Carvalho's Adventures in the Far West.

James Parton's Humorous Poetry of the English Language, from Chaucer to Saxe, (which, by the way, we have not as yet seen,) has already reached a fourth edition,—a pretty strong presumption of its merit as a standard book.

Messrs. Francis, of New-York, announce a new poem by Elizabeth Barrett Browning, the celebrated English poetess. It extends, we believe, to several thousand lines, and is not only the largest, but the best-sustained of all her works.

Mrs. Stowe is in Scotland, on a visit to the Duke and Duchess of Argyle at Inverary. It may be remembered that the Duchess is one of the daughters of Mrs. Stowe's friend and patroness, Her Grace of Sutherland.

M. Scribe, the voluminous dramatist, is writing a comedy, by the Emperor's command, to be produced during the coming season at the Théâtre Français, Paris.

Dr. Buckland, the geologist, has been appropriately buried at Islip, (near Oxford,) where he died, in a grave blasted out of the solid rock, and the cavity filled up with Portland cement, to keep it water-proof.

The [illegible] Watering Places of America and Europe, which appeared in the New-York Daily Times are largely copied into the leading English journals.

The principal literary papers of London give only "faint praise" to Mrs. Stowe's new book. They complain that it is too didactic for a work of fiction.

Bentley is about issuing a new book, in which Antiquarian lore and personal gossip are curiously mixed, entitled Knights and their Days, by Dr. Doran.

Sir E. Bulwer Lytton is to preside, this week, at the Annual Agricultural Dinner of Berkshire, his native county.

Lieutenant Wise's Tales of the Marines have been republished in England, with marked success.

The Denton (Md.) Journal says that there is no truth in the statement of the Delaware Republican that an attempt had been made in that town to mob a citizen of Delaware because of his Abolition proclivities. Nothing of the kind took place there.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets. Carefully Reported for the N. Y. Daily Times.

TUESDAY, Sept. 23—6 P. M.

ASHES—Active and sell slowly, at unchanged prices. Pearls, $7 75; Pots, $7 81¼ ⅌ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Is quiet, yet firmly held. Java, 14c.@14½c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 11½c.@12½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@12c.; and St. Domingo, at 10¾c.@[illegible] ⅌ lb. By auction, there were sold 5,000 mats of Java, at 14c.; and 1,788 bags Rio, at 9¾c.@12c., ⅌ lb.; average, $9 [illegible] ⅌ 100 lbs., which is a very low average, and accounted for only by the generally poor quality of the Coffee disposed of.

COTTON—Is in fair request at steady prices.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	New-Orleans and Texas.
Ordinary	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Middling	11¾	11¾	12	12¼
Middling Fair	12¾	12¾	12¾	13
Fair	13¼	13¼	13	13¼

FISH—Essentially unaltered.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour is now pretty well supplied, and as buyers evince a reluctance to purchase more than they immediately need, prices are irregular and drooping. Before the European news, brought by the Indian to Quebec, was made public here, a further partial deterioration of 5c.@10c. ⅌ bbl. had occurred. Subsequently, factors were very eager to realize, but buyers refused to purchase freely, and the market closed quite heavy and unsettled. The sales since our last comprise about 7,000 bbls., in lots, mainly at prices within the annexed range:

Ordinary State	$5 [illegible]@$5 [illegible]
Straight State	5 65@6 10
Favorite and Extra State	6 10@6 65
Common to Good Indiana and Upper Lake	5 80@6 10
Common to Good Ohio	6 00@6 30
Fancy Michigan	5 80@6 15
Fancy Ohio	6 20@6 50
Extra Michigan	6 15@7 10
Extra Indiana and Wisconsin	6 25@7 40
Extra Ohio	6 50@7 75
Fancy Genesee	6 20@6 50
Extra Genesee	6 80@8 75
Extra Missouri	6 60@8 75

Canadian is brisker, but a shade lower; 800 bbls. changed hands at $5 95@$7 50 ⅌ bbl. Southern is arriving and selling slowly at uniform prices. The transactions since our last comprise about 1,200 bbls. Low Mixed to Fancy and Extra, at $6 30@$7 90 and $8 25 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is in demand, and is worth $3 [illegible]@$[illegible] 25 for Extra, Fine and Superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is in fair supply and request, mainly at $3 75 for Jersey, and $4@$4 12½ for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. The latter brings $[illegible]@$17 50 in puncheons.

GRAIN—Wheat was more active at unchanged rates prior to the appearance of the European news per Indian at Quebec. The sales amounted to about 75,000 bushels, including strictly prime Canadian White at $1 60; Good Western White at $1 55; Ordinary to good do. Red, $1 30@$1 47; Good to Prime Southern White, $1 58@$1 55; and ordinary to good do. Red, $1 31@$1 45, ⅌ bushel. Subsequent to the publication of the European news, the demand was very limited, the market closing tamely and irregularly. Rye is quiet and languid at 90c. for prime new ⅌ bushel. Barley has not varied much. It was last sold at $1 25@$1 30 ⅌ bushel. Oats are in slack request and are infirm at 45c.@46½c. for Ohio and Lake; 42c.@45c. for State; 40c.@43c. for Jersey; and 38c.@41c. for Southern ⅌ bushel. Corn opened pretty briskly and buoyantly. The sales reported since our last comprise about 81,000 bushels at 50c.@63c. for unsound, heated and damp; 64½c.@65½c. for mixed; 68c.@70c. for Northern and Southern Yellow, and 70c.@73c. for Northern and Southern White ⅌ bushel. It, however, closed heavily and irregularly.

HAY—About 450 bales River were purchased at 60c. for shipment, and 70c.@80c. for local use ⅌ 100 lbs.

HIDES—Are in lively demand at rising prices. The supply is inadequate to the requirements of purchasers.

HOPS—New are arriving, and selling pretty freely at from 10c.@12c. ⅌ lb. Old rule heavy and languid at 4½c.@7½c.

IRON—There were 50 tons of Scotch Pig purchased at $31@$32, usual terms, ⅌ ton.

LATHS—Continue in demand at unchanged figures. Eastern, $2 31¼@$2 37½, cash and short credit, ⅌ thousand.

LEAD—Appears salable and steady, as before reported.

LEATHER—Is generally brisk and buoyant.

LIME—Rockland remains in fair demand, and can be had at 85c. for Common, and $1 12½ for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

MOLASSES—Is moderately dealt in at former rates. New-Orleans, 54c.@58c.; Porto Rico, 45c.@47c.; Cuba Muscovado, 38c.@40c.; and Clayed Cuba, 37c.@40c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—A moderate business was transacted in this line to-day, at unchanged figures.

OILS—Whale, Sperm and Olive appear as last noticed. Linseed has been freely purchased for future delivery at 90c.@92½c.; and for immediate delivery at 90c.@97c. ⅌ gallon, but it is again scarce and quiet. Lard Oil is unaltered.

PROVISIONS—Pork is less active and is infirm, with sales reported of only about 400 bbls., in lots, closing at $20 87 for Mess, and $18@$18 25 for Prime, ⅌ barrel. Cut Meats are very moderately inquired for, though being worth only 8½c.@9¾c. for Hams, and 7½c.@8c. for Shoulders, ⅌ lb. Bacon is dull and obtainable at 10c.@10½c. ⅌ lb. Lard is quite firm; supply limited; demand fair. The transactions since our last reach about 250 bbls. Fair to strictly Prime, at 14½c.@14¾c. ⅌ lb. Beef is in good request at old figures. The sales since our last consist of 400 bbls. at $5@$7 for country Prime; $8@$9 25 for Country Mess; $8 50@$11 for repacked do., and $11@$12 50 for extra do., ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess Beef is very dull and nominal at $14@$17 ⅌ tc. Beef Hams are scarce and quiet, at $16@$21 ⅌ bbl. Butter is salable and firm, at 12c.@16c. for Ohio; 17c.@23c. for common to very good State, and 20c.@26c. for Prime to very choice do., ⅌ lb. Cheese is in fair supply and request, at from 7c.@9c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—There were 175 tcs. sold, in lots, mainly at from $4@$4 62½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—The market continues brisk and buoyant, with sales of 1,600 hhds. Cuba, &c., in lots, at from 8c.@[illegible] ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—Is in good request and is stiffly held, with sales since Tuesday last of about 145 hhds. Kentucky at 9½c.@15c.; 70 cases Seed Leaf at 10c.@20c.; 441 bales Havana at 25c.@50c., and 87 Yara on terms not disclosed.

WHISKY—Finds ready buyers at full rates. Stock moderate. 325 bbls. Ohio and Prison were taken at 36½c.@37c. ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Shiproom was scarce and rates for it were quoted very high,—which had the effect of limiting engagements. For Liverpool—Cotton, ¼d.@5-32d. ⅌ lb.; Flour, 3s.@3s. 3d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 9d.@10d., in bulk and bags, ⅌ bushel; Rosin, 4s. 6d. ⅌ bbl.; Beef, 4s. ⅌ tc.; Tobacco, 25s. ⅌ hhd.; and Heavy Goods, 25s.@30s. ⅌ ton. For other ports, proportionate quotations.

Spirit of the Trade Circulars.

A. P. DE LUZE'S FLOUR AND GRAIN CIRCULAR.

For Arabia, via Boston.] NEW-YORK, Sept. 23, 1856.

FLOUR—State and Western.—My last report was of the 16th inst. ⅌ Persia. With unfavorable advices at hand ⅌ Asia, but little inquiry has existed for export, and the home trade have only purchased to a moderate extent. For forward delivery nothing has transpired. Prices are about 25c.@30c. lower on the week.

WHEAT—Under the effect of the late foreign advices, less inquiry has existed for export to Great Britain, while for France continued purchases have been made. With a good supply offering, prices have receded 5c.@10c. ⅌ bushel during the week.

INDIAN CORN—Since the Asia's arrival, the market has ruled heavy, and prices have daily receded. Western mixed closes at 64c.@65c. ⅌ 56 lbs.—a decline of 5c.@6c., with little doing. Southern White and Yellow, nominal.

RYE—Has fluctuated, closing at 90c. ⅌ 56 lbs. for Northern.

FREIGHTS—Have advanced; to London, Flour 3s. 3d.@3s. ⅌ bbl.; Grain 9d.@10d. ⅌ bush. Liverpool, Flour 3s.@3s. 3d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain 9½d.@10d. ⅌ bush. Havre, Flour 75c. ⅌ bbl.; Grain 18c. ⅌ bush.

NEW-YORK CITY BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following list consists of prominent Houses in each line of Business:

Berlin Wool, Embroidery, Silks, Fringes, Gimps, Buttons, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Gold and Silver Articles for Regalia.

KOHLSAAT BROS., (Importers and Jobbers,) 48 John-st.

Advertising Agents.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO. ....119 Nassau-st.

Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, &c.

T. DOUGLAS, Manufacturer and Dealer, 28 Beekman-st.

French Window and Picture Glass.

J. H. POILLON & CO., (Importers and Dealers,) 63 Murray-st.

Grate and Fender Makers.

WM. H. JACKSON, (formerly W. & N. Jackson & Sons,) No. 891 Broadway, one door from 19th-st.

Boat and Oar Bazaar.

Life, Race, Skip and Pleasure Boats, of all kinds on hand making an assortment of over 200 Boats. C. L. INGERSOLL & SON, [illegible] Southst.

Lightning Rods.

A. M. QUIMBY & SON, 133 East 27th, and 119 Nassau-st.

LYON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Office [illegible]. Also, other rods, insulators, points, [illegible], 348 Broadway.

Lithographers.

GEORGE HAYWARD..........120 Water-st.

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.

GRIFFING BROS. & CO., Field and Garden Seeds, &c. 60 Cortlandt-st.

Guns and Sporting Articles.

EATON & FOLSOM, (Late the "Co." of H. Jones & Co.,) No. 283 Broadway.

Ship Bread and Crackers.

JOHN T. WILSON, (formerly Taylor & Wilson,) 73 Fulton-st.

Window and Plate Glass, (French and English.)

F. HOPKINS & BROS., (Importers).......61 Barclay-st.

☞ Any additions to the above list should be brought to the office of S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 119 Nassau-st.

COPYING, TRANSLATING, &c.—TO LAWYERS AND OTHERS.—Deeds, &c., engrossed. Legal and every other description of writing copied. Law papers served. A strong staff always at hand for the dispatch of business. Apply at E. H. RAE'S Copying Office, No. 15 Wall-st., New-York.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS. No. 5 WALL-ST. The undersigned respectfully offers his services in all the various matters pertaining to procuring and defending LETTERS PATENT for INVENTIONS. An extensive practice of fifteen years, embracing every country of Europe and America, has naturally concentrated in his hands a mass of important information in no other way to be acquired, respecting the various laws in force, and the practice necessary to the obtaining of valid Foreign as well as American Patents. JOSEPH P. PIRSSON.

DR. UNDERHILL'S GRAPES, FROM CROTON POINT VINEYARDS—Have arrived at his Depot, No. 398 Broadway, near the Irving House. See advertisement.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, GIVE YOUR ATTENTION.—Read this.—All cast-off clothing, second-hand furniture, and all kinds of house wares bought, and highest price given, in cash. Call at, or address by note, HARRIS, No. 158 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

EXTRA AND CHOICE MEATS.—CONSISTING of Beef, Mutton, Lamb and Veal, innate to suit purchasers, by THOMAS F. DEVOE, Nos. 7 and 8 Jefferson Market, from animals selected.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

UNION'S DOVETAILING MACHINE COMPANY.—The second meeting of the Stockholders of Union's Dovetailing Machine Company, will be held at Taylor's International Hotel, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock M. GEO. B. EAMES, Secretary.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

CARD.—NEW-YORK, SEPT. 23, 1856.—TO THE Editor of the Times.—Dear Sir: I see announced in the columns of your own and other City journals, the names and an examination of the merits and claims of the different candidates for Congress in this City. As the present is a momentous crisis in the politics of the country, and as the great issue to be met will be vitally affected by the character of the House of Representatives, on whom, supposing the election of Fremont to [illegible] tied fact, will devolve the duty and responsibility of sustaining and carrying out the principles of his Administration, it is of the first importance that none but men of the right stamp should be elected to Congress this Fall. Permit me to add, therefore, to the names already presented as Candidates in the VIIth District, that of Capt. Pierce Squires, of the XIIth Ward. He is not an aspirant for political honors, except so far as he may be of service in the present struggle between freedom and despotism. I am satisfied that Capt. S., under all the circumstances, is the most available, as well as the most reliable man who has yet been named. He is a man of extensive reading, deep thought, and unswerving integrity. Having passed a large portion of his life from early boyhood, in a printing office, he had an opportunity of indulging his taste for knowledge; and there are few men in private life who possess a more thorough knowledge of the politics and legislation of the country during the last twenty-five years than Capt. Squires. I am gratified to know that many of the most influential friends of Freedom and Fremont are about taking measures to bring him prominently before the public. His nomination would, in my judgment, amount to an election; and he would give strength to the ticket on which his name might be placed. [illegible]

THE GREAT CAMPAIGN BILL, FOR Clubs, Public Meetings, &c., beautifully printed in colors, and embellished with life-like PORTRAITS OF FREMONT AND DAYTON, and a very spirited cut of the ROCKY MOUNTAIN EAGLE, the projected Pacific Railroad, &c., is acknowledged the handsomest and most effective Campaign document ever issued. Price 25 cents per copy. The same Bill mounted on muslin and rollers, highly varnished, $1 50 per copy.

REPUBLICAN BULLETINS, TWO DOLLARS PER THOUSAND, WILL [illegible]

No. 1—Who is John C. Fremont?
No. 2—How Rufus Choate! who denounces the Republican Platform and adopts the Buchanan Platform.
No. 3—Views of a Statesman.
No. 4—Who is John C. Fremont?
No. 5—The Laws of Kansas.
No. 6—Tyranny of the Slave Power.
No. 7—The Outrage upon Senator Sumner.
No. 8—Twenty Reasons for leaving the Democratic Party.

Letter from Chauncey Schaffer.
James Buchanan, illustrated.
The Rallying Song.
The Republican Platform.

The above should be in the hands of every voter. Orders accompanied with the cash will be attended to by return mail. NESBITT & CO., Printers, Corner of Pearl and Pine sts., New-York.

FREEMEN OF THE NINTH WARD, SUSTAIN the cause of freedom by your presence on THURSDAY EVENING, Sept. 25, at the public meeting of the Young Men's Rocky Mountain Club, to be held in Bleecker Building, corner of Bleecker and Morton sts. Hon. Welcome B. Sayles, Rev. Mr. Taylor, of South Carolina, and Isaac Van Winkle, Esq., will address you. Singing by the Fremont and Dayton Glee Club. Seats reserved for the ladies. SEWAL A. DODGE, President. James Galway, Secretary. ☞ Voters of the Ward, come and join our Club.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.—UNDER the direction of the Fremont and Dayton Central Club, of the City and County of New-York, and the XVIIIth Ward Rocky Mountain Club. Hon. Anson Burlingame, and Wm. Curtis Noyes, Esq., will address the Republicans at Union-square, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 24.

Gershom Nelson, J. H. Hobart Ward,
H. Hebbard, Wm. H. Browne,
John H. Kayser, John H. Burleson,
Com. of XVIIth Ward Com. Central Club, &c.
Rocky Mountain Club.

NINETEENTH WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION, also the XIXth Ward Fremont and Dayton Club, will meet at Conrad's, 3d-av., corner [illegible], WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock precisely, and proceed to Union-square. See Republican Mass Meeting advertisement. EDWARD DAYTON, Pres't. George J. Gregory, Secretary.

FREMONT, BUCHANAN AND FILLMORE Note Paper and Envelopes published and for sale by CHARLES F. SONNEBORN, Stationer, No. 149 Nassau-st. Wholesale and retail dealers supplied.

CAMPAIGN LETTER-PAPER AND ENVELOPES.—With fine engravings of the different Presidential candidates. For sale at EVANS & CO.'S Gift Bookstore, No. 409 Broadway.

MILLINERY.

FALL MILLINERY GOODS. E. T. WILDE, Nos. 28 and 30 John-st. IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER of SILK MILLINERY GOODS, Straw goods, Silk and fancy bonnets, Dress caps and head dresses, French flowers, feathers, &c. &c. A complete stock of all the above goods constantly on hand; fresh goods received daily; prices reasonable.

FRENCH FLOWERS, Paris feathers, Chenille, straw buttons, bonnets, And millinery goods, for cash, at Nos. 44 and 46 John-st., cor. William, N. Y. HOMER & KETCHUM.

MADEMOISELLE BARNET will open PARIS MILLINERY, THURSDAY, Sept. 25, No. 721 Broadway.

GREAT BARGAINS.—M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, No. 40 Bowery, has this day opened a superior assortment of very choice Bonnet Ribbons, and all kinds of splendid Millinery Goods, such as Satins, Velvets, Fancy Bonnet Silks, Bombazines, Ostrich Feathers, French Flowers, Velvet Ribbons, Straw Goods, Laces, Ruffles, Bonnets, Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings, at the very lowest auction prices.

MILLINERY.—MRS. RALLINGS, No. 87 CANAL-st., old number, and late at No. 285 Broadway, will show rich Paris Bonnets, Head Dresses, Flowers, &c., now received from her agent, on Thursday next, the 25th inst. She invites a call from her patrons and ladies generally.

MILLINERY GOODS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—Ribbons, flowers, feathers, &c., also pattern bonnets of the newest style. Milliners and country dealers liberally dealt with. L. P. TIBBALS, No. 164 Bowery, 3d door above Broome-st.

AN INVOICE OF FRENCH FALL MILLINERY, per last steamer, will be exhibited at W. SIMMONS' second grand opening, No. 364 Broadway, on Thursday, 25th September.

MRS. E. M. HUBBARD & CO., NO. 7 BOND-st., invites the attention of the ladies to a special opening of Fall millinery on Thursday, Sept. 25.

MRS. [illegible], NO. 391 [illegible] Paris millinery, on Thursday [illegible] new styles of dress, cloak and mantilla [illegible]

AGRICULTURAL.

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The Fourth Annual Exhibition of the UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will be held at Powelton, (Philadelphia,) on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11.

The first exhibition of this Society, held at Springfield, Mass., in October, 1853, was devoted exclusively to an exhibition of Horses; at Springfield, Ohio, 1854, Cattle alone were exhibited; at Boston, 1855, all departments of Farm Stock—Cattle, Horses, Sheep and Swine, [illegible]

The Society, encouraged by past success, and by the approbation of the Agricultural community, now proposes to offer Premiums, not only for Domestic Animals, but also for Poultry, and the products of the Fruit Garden, the Grain Field, and the Vineyard, and for Agricultural Implements and Machinery.

Premiums from $25 to $200, amounting in the aggregate to over $12,000, will be offered for the various classes of Domestic Animals, Fruits, American Wines, Vegetables, Grains, and Agricultural Implements and Machinery.

A local Committee of forty citizens of Philadelphia, representing the various branches of industry, has already been appointed to cooperate with the officers of the Society in perfecting arrangements for the Exhibition; and [illegible] have been guaranteed to meet expenses. This material aid, coupled with the excellence of the selected location, and the large amount of premiums offered, induces the expectation that the Exhibition of 1856 will be superior to any of its predecessors.

Favorable arrangements for the transportation of stock and other articles will be made with the various railroads.

The List of Entries, the Awards of Premiums, and the Proceedings, will be published in the Journal of the Society for 1856.

The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme of the Exhibition, will be furnished on application to Mr. JOHN McGOWAN, Assistant Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society, No. 159 Chestnut-st. (rooms of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society,) or through the Secretary, at Boston.

MARSHALL P. WILDER, President.
WILLIAM S. KING, Secretary.

Editors are respectfully requested to give the above an insertion in their journals.

QUEENS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The Fifteenth Annual Fair and Exhibition will be held at Hempstead, on THURSDAY, Oct. [illegible]. The address will be delivered by B. P. JOHNSON, Esq., Secretary of the State Society, at noon. [illegible] of horses is expected. Plowing match [illegible] in the morning, and animals, leading [illegible] The cars will leave the South Ferry at [illegible] Brooklyn Co. at 4½ P. M. for Brooklyn at [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] TONS TAFEU—FOR TOP-DRESSING [illegible] and Winter grain, (composed of [illegible] Peruvian Guano,) at $30 per ton [illegible] of $2 per bbl. We warrant our article [illegible] other in market. Address LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 60 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

[illegible] IMPORTED BY [illegible]

Agent, A. LONGETT [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES is [illegible] Sundays excepted) [illegible] cents a week. Single [illegible]

[illegible] EVENING TIMES is published [illegible] (Sundays excepted), [illegible] edition at [illegible] o'clock, P. M. [illegible] the same manner. The DAILY TIMES, [illegible] TIMES, containing [illegible] the Daily, published Tuesday and [illegible] DUPLICATE TIMES, issued Saturday, is mailed [illegible] Single Copies, TWENTY-FIVE [illegible] Price, in wrappers, 6 cents [illegible]

[illegible] FOR EUROPE is published on the [illegible] Price, in wrappers, 9 [illegible]

[illegible] FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the [illegible] Price, in wrappers, 9 [illegible]

[illegible] cents in advance.

[illegible] No. 128 Nassau-st., cor. of Beekman.

[illegible] RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO., Publishers.

[illegible] SATURDAY.

[illegible] to inform [illegible] that persons [illegible] to deliver for the TIMES receive money [illegible] and give receipts in the name of the [illegible] We desire to notify the public that we [illegible] agents, and that we ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE [illegible] money unless we give receipts [illegible] Persons desiring to subscribe will remit [illegible]

[illegible] The Know-Nothings hold their State [illegible], yesterday, at Rochester, and made [illegible] nominations for State officers. [illegible] CHOATE, as was anticipated, was so[illegible] their candidate for Governor; LYMAN [illegible] for Lieutenant-Governor, and A. H. [illegible] Commissioner. The bolt[illegible] the recent North American Conven[illegible] also met in the same city, and, after some [illegible] action, went over bodily to the [illegible]

[illegible] The steamship *Indian*, with four days' [illegible] from Europe, arrived at Quebec [illegible] morning. The political news is very [illegible] and will be found under our telegraphic [illegible] The *Kangaroo* is also announced as be[illegible] Philadelphia, with the same dates as those [illegible] by the *Indian*. The *Canada* is due at [illegible], with still later intelligence, but she [illegible] been heard from at a late hour last [illegible]

[illegible] Let no one fail to read the letter of Hon. S. D. INGHAM, who was Secretary of the Treasury under General JACKSON'S Administration, [illegible] we publish this morning. It was read at [illegible] Republican meeting in Philadelphia on [illegible] night.

[illegible] of the Slave-Oligarchy.—A [illegible] of the city of Washington, [illegible] *the other day to question* [illegible] the impossibility of Slavery, and is now [illegible] in New-England. Rev. [illegible] SOARBURY, an influential minister [illegible] Baptist persuasion in South Carolina, [illegible] to stamp with the seal of Christ's church the murderous sentence of PARSONS S. BROOKS upon Mr. SUMNER, and he likewise [illegible]. The Methodist Conference of [illegible] Missouri was prevented by the threats [illegible] Pro-Slavery Party in that State from [illegible] in regular session last Spring. Several [illegible] ministers have been roughly handled, [illegible]-ridden, beaten. One, Rev. WILLIAM SELLERS, after the most brutal ill-treatment, tarring and feathering, was obliged to ride for his life [illegible] the pursuit of the Pro-Slavery savages. A white-haired brother of the same faith was shot dead by his side for striving to stay the [illegible]. These things were done, not because the individual ministers had recorded their testimony against Slavery, but simply because they preach the doctrine of JOHN WESLEY, who pronounced the institution the "sum of all villainies," and denied that the Christian could conscientiously have fellowship with the slaveholder. Such facts only go to establish the [illegible] fact, that Slavery is in a position of defen[illegible] antagonism to Christianity. They are in a state of war. The infidel abolitionism of [illegible] and his clique is less dreaded by the slaveholder than the preacher of the unadulterated faith of Jesus, as characterized in the Gospels. Nor is this hostile attitude unapparented by the religious bodies of the country. Save in a few such instances as those we have cited, the Christian minister at the South is there upon that giant sin which shelters and authorizes in its very nature all other sins. So Northern religious associations, in order to circulate their publications in the Slave States, are obliged to exclude every reference to Slavery. The existence of hostilities is thus officially recognized. The only method of inculcating the teachings of our Saviour consists in [illegible], disfigure, and degrading them, until they lose all those divine proportions with which they sprang from his lips. Thus mutilated, they are allowed; just as the Romanists tolerate the Bible when profoundly overlaid with doctrinal notes and interpretations.

The evangel thus authorized in the Slave States is but a feeble reflex of the primitive faith. It is no longer a Gospel preached to the poor; it carries no liberty to the captive; it unbinds no chain; it frees none that is oppressed; it fails to teach that, "As ye would that men should do unto you, so do ye also unto them." The instrumentalities and energies which systematized benevolence endeavors to maintain everywhere, are there paralyzed and ineffectual. In a word, religion and the rights of God are there fettered with the same chain that manacles the rights of man: the whip of the slave-driver lies across the disfigured pages of the Bible. The gospel of Christ—we say it with deliberation and with sorrow—is not and cannot be preached in the presence of Slavery. Is, then, the sincere Christian no duties to perform at such in the present political crisis? Has the injunction, "go preach my gospel to every creature" lost its obligation? The question now stands to this people is, shall Slavery, an anti-Christian energy which poisons and impede pure religion, extend its area, and thus cut other broad empires of God's earth from the heritage of God's word? Where it exists already we may shelter ourselves behind the command to submit ourselves to the powers that be, and decline to combat with the misguided sentiments of the people. But when it proceeds in the spirit of aggression to rob the kingdom of Christ of some other and the fairest of its provinces, and interpose to arrest the spread of the gospel, and cripple still further the activities that would give the [illegible] of truth to every human creature, has not the soldier of Christ an inevitable duty to perform? Should he not lace his armor on, and [illegible] results to repel the foul invasion? Will he stand censured when he pleads [illegible] that the cause of his master does not [illegible]

[illegible] Slavery [illegible] "War, after sowing its blighting influences [illegible] the ground, reaping its prosperity [illegible] and generating spirit, the maintenance of plain [illegible] gospel truth, and its conditions to extend its [illegible] work—side if possible, why did you not withstand it then, when every consideration pressed you, when the alarm was sounded in your ears, and the peril fell in your sight." In this day, what excuse drawn from the text-book of the politician will avail the recreant soldier of God? It will not do to say that religion is of spiritual concern; it has nothing to do with the affairs of the world. Christianity has no higher praise than that it is practical; that it is vital; that it has reference to life; that it enters into, and has prescriptions for, every emergency of human existence. The minister has no more solemn duty than to apply it to the rising incidents of the moment; to adapt its injunctions to the requirements of busy life; so that the daily walk and conversation of the disciple, as well as his inward and spiritual condition, may absorb and reflect light from the same divine fountain. A gospel with a narrower scope than this is not the gospel of the Galilean; it is a gospel of faith without works; of conviction without action; an enthusiastic abstraction, not a rule of every-day practice. The Christian who in his closet prays that the government of his country be administered in equity, and that its rulers be endowed with wisdom and justice, what is he better than a hypocrite, unless he endeavor to realize his aspirations by corresponding action and exhortation among his fellows? The minister who reads the daily formula invoking the deity to give our magistrates wisdom so they may rule the country in peace and righteousness, how shall he be pardoned if, from the pulpit, he omit to give his congregation such instruction, as shall guide them to the choice of wise and righteous rulers? Heaven only works in human affairs through human instrumentalities. The wagoner and Hercules in the fable give us the true moral. Without labor, prayer is of little worth. Our vows to God and our votes at the ballot-box must correspond, or we insult the All-Giver. The course of duty is, therefore, obvious. If Christianity be practical, its professors can never find an occasion where its reduction to practice is more imperatively demanded by the interests of Christ's Church universal, than in now uniting to withstand by voice, counsel, and vote, the spread of the unchristian code of Slavery. The duty is a personal one, and for omission we shall surely be held to answer at the great day personally.

Disunion Speeches.

The most effectual aid that has been rendered to the Republican cause has been the speeches and letters of prominent Southern politicians, such as KEITT, BROOKS, SLIDELL, and some of lesser note. BROOKS' gallant proposition to the South to march to Washington and steal the Government archives and the National treasure, which was received with such loud cheers by the South Carolinians, cannot be estimated at less than ten thousand votes for FREMONT; the recent speech of Mr. KEITT, in Lynchburg, in which he proposes to steal Cuba, must be worth as many more, and the letter of Senator SLIDELL, asserting that the Union ought to be dissolved if FREMONT should be elected, may be fairly estimated at twice the value of KEITT's and BROOKS' speeches. Mr. SLIDELL is now in this City, and as it is his birth-place, where he received his education and pursued his professional studies, there would be great propriety in his delivering an address to his former fellow townsmen on the political aspects of the times. We presume that even Mr. BALDWIN, the President of the Merchants' Exchange, would consent to his using the granite steps of that building to address the denizens of Wall-street from. Mr. SLIDELL being a New-Yorker, and so long a resident of the South, he would be listened to with peculiar interest. He has boldly and distinctly stated that the Union not only ought to be but will be dissolved in the event of FREMONT's election, and as he is understood to be Mr. BUCHANAN's most intimate political friend and adviser, his views on the present crisis would command especial attention. Let him, by all means, enlighten us as to the manner in which the Union is to be broken up in the event of the anticipated contingency. We cannot imagine that he would idly publish a threat of disunion unless he believes in it, and, if he was serious in his declaration, he could not do the country a greater service than to make it sensible of its danger. All the disunion speeches yet made, from Mr. FILLMORE's down to Mr. KEITT's, have had a marvelous effect in making converts for the Republican cause, and we presume that it must be a growing conviction of this fact which keeps Mr. SLIDELL silent.

Out-door Amusements.

One of the chiefest phenomena which struck Mr. EMERSON, during his late visit to England, was the frame and muscle of the men he saw. Several disparaging allusions to degenerate man he omitted in his English lectures, conquered and made ashamed by the muscle that he beheld listening. He could not, in the face of the overflowing Saxon vitality, talk of feeble frames and enervated constitutions.

It is painful to reflect that in this country no such impression would have restrained him. In our manufacturing cities, which compare with those English ones in which he lectured, the physical man is almost entirely neglected. We pursue the dollar. Fortuna has her million worshipers. Hygeia but few. Hard work, late hours, rapid dinners and little exercise make us, for the most part, dyspeptics and valetudinarians.

There is no natural reason on earth why Americans should not be as muscular as Englishmen. Appearances have proved as much as that the skeleton is full as large, and all we want is that vigorous attention to health which is at present scouted as our pride to neglect. We have a good many gymnasiums in this country, but the majority of the patrons are Germans and Englishmen. And we have no society equivalent to that excellent institution the Turnverein, which Austrian governments view with such alarm.

We have had our attention directed to this subject by the late cricket match at Hoboken between the eleven of the United States, and the eleven of Canada. On inquiry we find that in the so called eleven of the United States there was not a single American playing.

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[illegible] *athletic exercises which make life truthful and enjoyable.* We fight well, but our prowess even in physical contest is more intellectual than the result of physical strength. Could we combine the two, how much might we not be able to compass.

The life of a young man in New-York differs terribly from the life of a youth similarly situated in London. The cockney—if you will call him so, belonging to a cricket club, has a wherry on the Thames, or a share in a small yacht, and after hours of business bats or bowls, or pulls at oars or ropes, as if his life depended on it. The young men of England do not seem to know what to do with their superfluity of animal life. Gloves and foils, and single sticks compose the furniture of their rooms, and although they discipline perhaps as much as we, they know how to work the poison off. One sees them walking along the streets big chested, fresh colored, with that loose movement of the limbs and erect carriage, which to all eyes is pleasant to look on.

The New-York youth knows not these enjoyments. Down town early and close at figures or sales. DELMONICO's at noon with brandy cocktails, work again until 4 or 5, and then to dinner. And after dinner what? Steaming billiard saloons, where the green board is an unwholesome picture of the open fields—drugged brandy swallowed by the pint, which tramps and riots upon a stomach too feeble to resist—until late at night, with flushed cheeks and wandering eyes, the worn-out youth rambles—let us hope to his home.

When shall we see Americans entering largely into cricket clubs, boat clubs, foot ball, curling, fencing, boxing, single-stick and all those manly amusements which, through the body, make the mind healthy. EMERSON says that the English schools foster brutality through their patronage of the use of the fists. We beg to differ. The gentlest men come from Eton and Rugby, and those tremendous workers in English State affairs, RUSSELL, PALMERSTON, DERBY, and the late Lord GEORGE BENTINCK would never have been able to sustain late hours and brain-labor to such an extent if they had not had their eyes blacked and their noses bloodied when they belonged to third or fourth "forms."

We have the Anglo-Saxon frame perpetuated in us. There is nothing to prevent our going ahead of our ancestors in this as in many other things, save our enervating habits. We boast that we have bigger trees, bigger rivers, and a bigger country than the English. *Let us add to the list a bigger body muscle.*

The President's Visit to the North.

The Boston *Post* announces that if President PIERCE should conclude to visit his native State this Fall, he will go direct from Washington to Portsmouth by sea in a steamer. The reason of his taking this unusual route at a stormy season of the year is not given by the *Post*, but it can be easily surmised. The Boston *Post* has always been famous for its waggeries, but nothing it has ever uttered in that line can compare with the following covert satire on the President:

"The devotion with which the President has applied himself to the discharge of his responsible and arduous duties, has been acknowledged by his strongest opponents, while the stern integrity, cool sagacity, and undeviating patriotism which have marked his brilliant career, and which will render his administration one of the proudest records in American history, are evident to all unprejudiced minds. To such a public servant—to one who has acted conscientiously in his high office, whose administration has carried the country to an unparalleled degree of prosperity, and elevated her name among the nations of the world—the people of all parties will render that respect and attention which are due to their freely chosen chief magistrate, however much some of them may deny the wisdom of a portion of the measures of the general government."

The waggery of this eulogium is intensified to the last degree when read immediately after the account of the meeting in Concord, at which the President's fellow townsmen, by a vote of four to one, refused to give him a public reception.

Mr. Frelinghuysen.

The *Commercial Advertiser* contained a brief article yesterday, in which it seemed to deny the truth of the statement which we made a few days since, in relation to Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN's refusal to permit his name to be used on the Fillmore electoral ticket in New-Jersey, and in respect to his sympathy with the Republican Party. The *Commercial* says that the statement was "wholly unauthorized by Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN." However, the fact we stated was perfectly true, and it is true, too, that Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN does not sympathize with the Fillmore Party, but, that he does sympathize in the Republican movement, though it is not to be expected, from the position he occupies as the head of a literary and scientific institution, that he will take any active or prominent part in the present political campaign. The *Commercial* says:

"It is well known that Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN was the personal and political friend of MILLARD FILLMORE, while that gentleman was in public political life, and that he was a warm and decided friend of Mr. FILLMORE's Administration, and of the compromise measures adopted during that Administration."

All this is true enough; and there are a good many other men of whom the same might be said, who are now active friends of the Republican candidate for the Presidency. The *Commercial* is very careful not to say that Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN favors the election of Mr. FILLMORE now.

Letter from Mr. Wallack, Sen.

THE HON. LOUIS BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 22, 1856.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

DEAR SIR: Owing to some erroneous reports, several of the New-York papers have lately given accounts of the state of my health totally at variance with fact.

I am happy to say that for the last eight months I have been, and am now, in wonder and better health than I have enjoyed for eight years previous.

I have seen "the embodied state of Mr. WALLACK's health, which has drawn the bankrupt dramatist," &c., &c., and that "Mr. WALLACK went to the Havana in consequence of the weak state of his health," &c., &c.

I most gratefully state that them are mistakes. I certainly do go *South to set engagements* in Charleston, Savannah, New-Orleans and other cities where I have not appeared for 8 years.

I have leased my theatre *for a season* to a gentleman who has already proved his enterprise and capability.

Previous to my Southern trips I shall have the honor of acting a certain number of nights on the boards of that theatre.

In troubling you, Sir, with this communication, it is with no vain idea that my health or movements can be of the slightest interest generally; but I have a beloved son, and other dear relations in England; relations also, in different parts of the United States.

I should be ungrateful did I not believe, too, that I

[illegible] to this note, in order to verify these statements, which otherwise would be of no importance.

Dear Sir, yours respectfully,

J. W. WALLACK,

Proprietor of Wallack's Theatre.

A PRESIDENT WITHOUT A GRAVESTONE.

President Monroe has No Monument.

There is a quiet, unassuming cemetery on the north side of Second-street, in this city, between First and Second avenues, separated from the sidewalk by a rail fence, placed upon a granite foundation. The shrubbery is always clean and vigorous; the grass is always the greenest, and the walks are scrupulously neat. There are many tasteful and appropriate monuments to the dead that sleep within this beautiful inclosure; but to the stranger of the most fastidious of its dead takes his place, there is no marble shaft, no obelisk, not even a headstone erected. But upon a simple slab of marble that lies flat some two feet square upon the earth, and is almost covered by grass, is the following inscription:

JAMES MONROE.

ROBERT TILLOTSON,

Vault No. 147.

There is nothing to indicate that the JAMES MONROE mentioned, is THE MONROE who was in the battle of White Plains, and received a ball in his shoulder at the attack on Trenton, who fought by the side of LAFAYETTE at Brandywine, who was Minister to France in 1794, and afterwards to England; who was Secretary of State in 1811, and for two full terms President of these United States. Yet such is the fact, and that weather-stained slab of marble, two feet square, is all the monument that Ex-President MONROE has.

It is a curious neglect that leaves the precious dust of one of the purest patriots that our country has been blest with, to rest in such obscurity. Thousands pass every day by the spot, admiring the well-kept grounds, pausing for the fragrance of the flowering shrubs, listening to the song of the birds that find this Oasis in the City's desert, but never dreaming that the author of the Monroe Doctrine, the fourth President of the United States, lies within a few feet of them. Monuments to men of half his intellectual stature, and a tithe of his industry and goodness of heart, are going up all over the land. Shall he who was reelected to the Presidency by a vote unanimous, with a single exception, and who never disgraced his position, have no more than this?

As MR. MONROE was a Virginian, it is the supposition of most people that he died and was buried within the Old Dominion, but this is an error.

MR. MONROE, in his last days, resided with SAMUEL GOUVERNEUR, late Postmaster of this City, who married his only daughter; their residence was on the corner of Prince and Elm streets.

The venerable Dr. FRANCIS tells us that he often met Mr. MONROE, walking out when the weather was fine, and that on these occasions he was the object of the most affectionate attentions. He has often met him making purchases for the family, at Centre Market, where all the stallmen knew and honored him. He was tall and spare, very modest in his bearing, *dignified and gentlemanly. In his address, he was* hesitating and diffident, as polite to the poorest and humblest as to any. He was one of the most industrious of men, a hard student, and his cares left their marks on his face. The wound that he received at Trenton was felt for many years afterward—indeed, throughout all his life he occasionally suffered from it.

His last illness was a long and tedious one. His attendant was his son-in-law's family physician, Dr. BENZIN. He expired at 10½ o'clock on the morning of the 4th of July, 1831.

His funeral was a very imposing one—the largest that at that time had ever been seen in New-York. The military, under Gen. JACOB MORTON, Grand Marshal, filed Broadway from Prince to Broad-street, through which it passed to the cemetery. The day was free, and the signs of mourning were generally adopted by our citizens. The vault in which his dust still lies is on the east side of the cemetery, just to the right of the main walk as you look in from the entrance. The passer-by will notice a small pole, on which a dove-house is perched. Within a yard of that pole is the sacred spot.

The death of Mr. MONROE was announced to Ex-President MADISON by Dr. J. W. FRANCIS, immediately upon the decease. To this the following reply was sent by Mr. MADISON, which is now, for the first time, published:

LETTER OF JAMES MADISON TO DR. JOHN W. FRANCIS.

MONTPELIER, July 9, 1831.

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 4th, communicating the death of Mr. MONROE, was duly received. I had been prepared for the event by information of its certain approach. The time was so far happy, as it added another to the coincidences before so remarkable and so memorable. You have justly ranked him with the heroes and patriots who have deserved best of their country. No one knew him better than I did, or had a sincerer affection for him, or cherished more deeply with those to whom he was most dear.

With the thanks which I owe you, be pleased to accept, Sir, the tender of my esteem and my cordial salutations. JAMES MADISON.

Doctor FRANCIS.

Mr. MONROE shares even his grave with another man. He had no wealth when he died, and in his death no tomb of his own.

We owe it to his memory that we provide for his ashes a resting place that should be his own, or at least that a creditable monument be raised over them where they lie. Shall the dust be transferred to Greenwood, or, leaving it where it has rested for twenty-five years, shall a noble column of pure marble be erected in token of our appreciation of the worth, excellence and services of one who filled the highest office? Are there those who envied him, of whom the curious could say no harm? Who is ready to move in this matter?

ANOTHER OLD-LINE DEMOCRAT FOR FREMONT.

Letter from a Member of General Jackson's Cabinet.

At the very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting in Philadelphia on Monday, Hon. CHARLES GIBBONS stated to the meeting that Hon. SAMUEL D. INGHAM, formerly a member of Gen. JACKSON's Cabinet, who had been invited to address them, had replied to that invitation in a letter, repudiating the false Democracy of the day, and sustaining the principles and candidates of the Republican party. The son of Mr. INGHAM read the letter, as follows:

TRENTON, Sept. 22, 1856.

CHARLES GIBBONS, Esq.,

Chairman Republican State Committee.

DEAR SIR: I have duly received yours of the 17th instant, inviting my attendance at a Republican meeting in Philadelphia on Monday evening next, or if I cannot be present, to send you a few words of encouragement to those who are laboring to promote the return of the Federal Government to the principles of WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON. The infirmities of age will prevent my compliance with the former part of the request, and no doubt weaken the force of an attempt to comply with the latter. Although I have long ceased to take any active part in political affairs, yet, in the momentous issues now presented, I should be unfaithful to the dictates of my judgment, and the nonexistence convictions of a solemn duty, if I withheld any aid that might be thought useful in the trial of the great cause now before the American people. Our ancestors formed and transmitted to us one of the best governments known to the world, and it has pleased Almighty God to bless this nation apparently more than any other; we are therefore bound by the most solemn obligations to preserve our institutions as they have been handed down to us, and resist on the threshold every attempt to interpolate on the settled Constitution of our political charter false or corrupting doctrines and principles.

On one side of the great issue before us the right to hold slaves in all the territories of the United States is claimed by virtue of the Constitution of the United States. This claim is made, as an incidental power, not in the class of those necessary and proper for the execution of the granted powers, nor have its advocates persisted in an attempt to derive it from an expressed or implied term or meaning of the Constitution. They have clearly that this would be impossible, and have now rested their claim on a "higher law," endeavoring to prove that "slavery is the natural and normal condition of the laboring man, whether white or black;" and as a necessary corollary from this problem, they deduce "that the great evil of Northern free society, is that it is burdened with a servile set of mechanics and laborers, built for self-government; master and slave in their relation to each other, as much as that of parent and child, and the Northern States will yet have to adopt, in their theory of self-government, as a foundation," that "the laws, the types and principles now at work, undermine the very foundations of a political system devised by some of the best and wisest men the world has yet seen; that these are those which secure the happiness of all, within its dominion.

I will not insult your understanding by intimating

[illegible] to the Kansas delegation, in order to verify these statements, which otherwise would be of no importance.

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ROBERT TILLOTSON,

Vault No. 147.

There is nothing to indicate that the JAMES MONROE mentioned, is THE MONROE who was in the battle of White Plains, and received a ball in his shoulder at the attack on Trenton, who fought by the side of LAFAYETTE at Brandywine, who was Minister to France in 1794, and afterwards to England; who was Secretary of State in 1811, and for two full terms President of these United States. Yet such is the fact, and that weather-stained slab of marble, two feet square, is all the monument that Ex-President MONROE has.

It is a curious neglect that leaves the precious dust of one of the purest patriots that our country has been blest with, to rest in such obscurity. Thousands pass every day by the spot, admiring the well-kept grounds, pausing for the fragrance of the flowering shrubs, listening to the song of the birds that find this Oasis in the City's desert, but never dreaming that the author of the Monroe Doctrine, the fourth President of the United States, lies within a few feet of them. Monuments to men of half his intellectual stature, and a tithe of his industry and goodness of heart, are going up all over the land. Shall he who was reelected to the Presidency by a vote unanimous, with a single exception, and who never disgraced his position, have no more than this?

As MR. MONROE was a Virginian, it is the supposition of most people that he died and was buried within the Old Dominion, but this is an error.

MR. MONROE, in his last days, resided with SAMUEL GOUVERNEUR, late Postmaster of this City, who married his only daughter; their residence was on the corner of Prince and Elm streets.

The venerable Dr. FRANCIS tells us that he often met Mr. MONROE, walking out when the weather was fine, and that on these occasions he was the object of the most affectionate attentions. He has often met him making purchases for the family, at Centre Market, where all the stallmen knew and honored him. He was tall and spare, very modest in his bearing, *dignified and gentlemanly. In his address, he was* hesitating and diffident, as polite to the poorest and humblest as to any. He was one of the most industrious of men, a hard student, and his cares left their marks on his face. The wound that he received at Trenton was felt for many years afterward—indeed, throughout all his life he occasionally suffered from it.

His last illness was a long and tedious one. His attendant was his son-in-law's family physician, Dr. BENZIN. He expired at 10½ o'clock on the morning of the 4th of July, 1831.

His funeral was a very imposing one—the largest that at that time had ever been seen in New-York. The military, under Gen. JACOB MORTON, Grand Marshal, filed Broadway from Prince to Broad-street, through which it passed to the cemetery. The day was free, and the signs of mourning were generally adopted by our citizens. The vault in which his dust still lies is on the east side of the cemetery, just to the right of the main walk as you look in from the entrance. The passer-by will notice a small pole, on which a dove-house is perched. Within a yard of that pole is the sacred spot.

The death of Mr. MONROE was announced to Ex-President MADISON by Dr. J. W. FRANCIS, immediately upon the decease. To this the following reply was sent by Mr. MADISON, which is now, for the first time, published:

LETTER OF JAMES MADISON TO DR. JOHN W. FRANCIS.

MONTPELIER, July 9, 1831.

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 4th, communicating the death of Mr. MONROE, was duly received. I had been prepared for the event by information of its certain approach. The time was so far happy, as it added another to the coincidences before so remarkable and so memorable. You have justly ranked him with the heroes and patriots who have deserved best of their country. No one knew him better than I did, or had a sincerer affection for him, or cherished more deeply with those to whom he was most dear.

With the thanks which I owe you, be pleased to accept, Sir, the tender of my esteem and my cordial salutations. JAMES MADISON.

Doctor FRANCIS.

Mr. MONROE shares even his grave with another man. He had no wealth when he died, and in his death no tomb of his own.

We owe it to his memory that we provide for his ashes a resting place that should be his own, or at least that a creditable monument be raised over them where they lie. Shall the dust be transferred to Greenwood, or, leaving it where it has rested for twenty-five years, shall a noble column of pure marble be erected in token of our appreciation of the worth, excellence and services of one who filled the highest office? Are there those who envied him, of whom the curious could say no harm? Who is ready to move in this matter?

ANOTHER OLD-LINE DEMOCRAT FOR FREMONT.

Letter from a Member of General Jackson's Cabinet.

At the very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting in Philadelphia on Monday, Hon. CHARLES GIBBONS stated to the meeting that Hon. SAMUEL D. INGHAM, formerly a member of Gen. JACKSON's Cabinet, who had been invited to address them, had replied to that invitation in a letter, repudiating the false Democracy of the day, and sustaining the principles and candidates of the Republican party. The son of Mr. INGHAM read the letter, as follows:

TRENTON, Sept. 22, 1856.

CHARLES GIBBONS, Esq.,

Chairman Republican State Committee.

DEAR SIR: I have duly received yours of the 17th instant, inviting my attendance at a Republican meeting in Philadelphia on Monday evening next, or if I cannot be present, to send you a few words of encouragement to those who are laboring to promote the return of the Federal Government to the principles of WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON. The infirmities of age will prevent my compliance with the former part of the request, and no doubt weaken the force of an attempt to comply with the latter. Although I have long ceased to take any active part in political affairs, yet, in the momentous issues now presented, I should be unfaithful to the dictates of my judgment, and the nonexistence convictions of a solemn duty, if I withheld any aid that might be thought useful in the trial of the great cause now before the American people. Our ancestors formed and transmitted to us one of the best governments known to the world, and it has pleased Almighty God to bless this nation apparently more than any other; we are therefore bound by the most solemn obligations to preserve our institutions as they have been handed down to us, and resist on the threshold every attempt to interpolate on the settled Constitution of our political charter false or corrupting doctrines and principles.

On one side of the great issue before us the right to hold slaves in all the territories of the United States is claimed by virtue of the Constitution of the United States. This claim is made, as an incidental power, not in the class of those necessary and proper for the execution of the granted powers, nor have its advocates persisted in an attempt to derive it from an expressed or implied term or meaning of the Constitution. They have clearly that this would be impossible, and have now rested their claim on a "higher law," endeavoring to prove that "slavery is the natural and normal condition of the laboring man, whether white or black;" and as a necessary corollary from this problem, they deduce "that the great evil of Northern free society, is that it is burdened with a servile set of mechanics and laborers, built for self-government; master and slave in their relation to each other, as much as that of parent and child, and the Northern States will yet have to adopt, in their theory of self-government, as a foundation," that "the laws, the types and principles now at work, undermine the very foundations of a political system devised by some of the best and wisest men the world has yet seen; that these are those which secure the happiness of all, within its dominion.

I will not insult your understanding by intimating

[illegible]

[illegible]

J. BENNETT & WHITTLESEY'S GAS FIXTURES SALES-ROOM, No. 6[illegible] Broadway, corner [illegible]-st. [illegible]

[illegible] Cod Liver Oil [illegible] FREDERICK V. RUSHTON'S [illegible] Nos. 10 Astor House, corner Barclay-st., and 417 Broadway, corner Canal-st. [illegible]

[illegible] Wild Cherry Balsam.—A scientific [illegible] of the active principle in the Wild Cherry [illegible] Tree is doing wonders in the way of alleviating [illegible] It seems to cure those obstinate cases [illegible]

Rushton's Celebrated Cod Liver Oil—Sold by us in quantities to suit purchasers, from one to five hundred dozen. C. V. CLICKENER & CO., Cor. Barclay and Greenwich sts., (formerly No. 81 Barclay-st.)

[illegible] Genuine Cod Liver Oil. For sale in any quantity from one to one hundred gross, by BARNES & PARK, New-York, Cincinnati and San Francisco.

[illegible] Fluid Extract of Dandelion.—The preparation of Dandelion generally found in the market are inert and worthless to an extent to create the opinion that the plant has not the medicinal virtues which writers claim for it. The error arises from want of skill in its preparation. It is a valuable alterative, tonic, diuretic and aperient; it has a specific action on the liver, exciting, when [illegible] The disease to which it is especially [illegible] derangement of the digestive organs, dyspepsia, diseases of the liver and spleen, irritable condition of the stomach and bowels. In many cases of dyspepsia [illegible] our preparations have produced cure [illegible] affording permanent relief; this fact [illegible] in its favor as a remedial agent, when [illegible] Prepared by TILDEN & CO., No. 98 [illegible]-st., New-York, and sold by all apothecaries.

[illegible] Green Corn, Peaches or any [illegible] can be preserved in a fresh state [illegible] WITHOUT THE USE OF SUGAR or any [illegible] by using "SPRATT'S PATENT [illegible] CANS," for which SEVEN DIPLOMAS AND [illegible] awarded last season. These are the only [illegible] to preserve all kinds of fruit [illegible] All orders, by post or otherwise, promptly [illegible] of the City or Brooklyn, free of expense. WELLS & PROVOST, Sole Proprietors, No. 2[illegible] Pearl-st., near Franklin-square.

[illegible] A Retired Physician, whose sands of life [illegible] run out, discovered, while living in the East [illegible] a certain cure for consumption, bronchitis, coughs [illegible] general debility. Wishing to do as much good [illegible] will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings [illegible] this recipe, with full directions for making [illegible] and successfully using it. He requires each applicant [illegible] one shilling, three cents to be returned [illegible] postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied [illegible] payment of this advertisement. Address Dr. H. JAMES, No. 19 Grand-st., Jersey City, N. J.

[illegible] Summer Complaints make fearful havoc [illegible] children. DYER'S HEALING EMBROCATION [illegible] mother's best friend; it is always reliable. Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, and all complaints caused by the [illegible] headache, weakness and pains are banished [illegible] timely application. Clean and free from [illegible] CHARLES H. RING, General Agent, No. 192 Broadway. Sold at retail everywhere.

[illegible] "Well, I Never!" exclaimed our venerable [illegible] "Did you ever hear the like? the embarkation of troops is [illegible] going on; if they are sick, troops won't cure them. Why don't they have Dyer's embarkation going on; that's the medicine for the times, it cures cholera, burns, scalds, [illegible] bites and removes all pains, internal or external. Dyer's Healing Embrocation may be had of C. H. RING, General Agent, No. 192 Broadway, and of most Druggists in town and country.

[illegible] To Wholesale Grocers, Distillers, Druggists and Artisans.—Best cognac oil, flavorings and essences of all liquors known, requiring addition of spirits; [illegible] for brandies and port-wines; chemicals used in the arts, fireworks, glassmaking, ambrotyping, electrotyping, plating, cadmium, bismuth, manganese, [illegible] &c., for sale by Dr. L. FEUCHTWANGER, No. 143 Maiden-lane.

[illegible] Furnaces, Ranges, &c. &c., Constantly on hand.—A large assortment of Bolton's patent self-cleaning caloric furnaces, which have been so highly approved by all who have tested their merits. Haye's Patent Tubular Oven Range, bakes equal to a brick oven. Scot[illegible]'s Patent Heater very economical, &c., &c. For sale by GEO. L. CANNON, No. 4[illegible] Broadway, N. Y.

[illegible] Costar's Exterminator is the only article that effectually clears, without danger or stench, Rats, [illegible] Cockroaches, Ants, &c. COSTAR'S ELECTRIC POWDER (free from poison) for the destruction of [illegible] Musquitoes, Bed-Bugs and all insects, and Costar's Bed-Bug Exterminator. COSTAR'S Wholesale and Retail Depot, No. 388 Broadway, New-York.

[illegible] An Homemade Bread is superior to that [illegible] as is the Elizabethan Ale superior to the [illegible] made for public houses. It is perfectly pure, [illegible] of the very best materials; is excellent for general family use, and very beneficial to those requiring a nourishing diet. J. BARLOW, No. 1[illegible] Water-st.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF ROSA DONALLAN, who arrived from Liverpool in the ship Arctic, Aug. [illegible] She was born in the County of Westmeath, Ireland. Any information respecting her will be thankfully received by her sisters CATHERINE and ANN, at No. 1[illegible] Hoyt-st., Brooklyn.

IF SARAH AMELIA BROWN AND SISter will call or send their address to No. 1[illegible] West-st., they will hear of something to their advantage. CHAS. M. BROWN.

NEW FALL GOODS.

UPHOLSTERY, CURTAIN MATERIALS, FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS AND WINDOW SHADES. SOLOMON & HART, No. 2[illegible] BROADWAY, ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL SUPPLY OF FALL GOODS, SUITABLE FOR CURTAINS, FURNITURE COVERING AND INTERIOR DECORATION, WHICH THEY OFFER WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Upon the most favorable terms. Store closed on Saturdays.

FLOOR OIL-CLOTH DEPOT.

BAILEY & BROTHERS, No. 4[illegible] Pearl-st., offer for sale one of the largest and best selected stocks of Floor Oil-Cloths to be found in the City, at manufacturers' prices. Also, every description of carpeting and other goods connected with the business. BAILEY & BROTHERS, No. 4[illegible] Pearl-st.

LOOKING GLASSES AND PICTURE FRAMES. COUNTRY TRADE SUPPLIED. Nos. [illegible] Greenwich-st., corner Beach, New-York. HORACE V. SIGLER.

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—Office, No. 1[illegible] Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. The Fourth Annual Exhibition of the UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will be held at Powelton, (Philadelphia,) on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, October 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, and 11th. Premiums, from TWENTY-FIVE to TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, amounting in the aggregate to FOURTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, will be offered for the various classes of Domestic Animals, Fruits, American Wines, Vegetables, Grains and Agricultural Implements and Machinery. A Local Committee, at Philadelphia, representing the various branches of industry, has been appointed to cooperate with the officers of the Society, in perfecting arrangements for the Exhibition. And FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS have been guaranteed to meet expenses. This [illegible] coupled with the excellence of the selected location, and the large amount of premiums offered, induces the expectation that the Exhibition of 1856 will be superior to any of its predecessors. A Grand Agricultural Banquet, in which ladies as well as gentlemen will participate, will take place on Friday, Oct. 10, when distinguished gentlemen will address the assemblage. Favorable arrangements with the various railroads, for the transportation of stock and other articles, are in progress, the terms of which will be given on application at the office. The List of Entries, the Awards of Premiums, and the Proceedings, will be published in the Journal of the Society for 1856. The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme of the Exhibition, will be furnished on application to Mr. JOHN M'GOWAN, Assistant Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society, No. 1[illegible] Chestnut-st., (Rooms of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society,) or by addressing the Secretary, at Boston. MARSHALL P. WILDER, President. WM. S. KING, Secretary. Sept. 1, 1856.

UP-TOWN LECTURES.—A COURSE OF LECTURES will be delivered at the Methodist Episcopal Church in [illegible]-st., near [illegible]-av., by distinguished lecturers. The first will be delivered by Rev. WM. H. MILBURN on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 24, at [illegible] o'clock. Subject: "Manna in the Wilderness, or the Old Preachers and their Preaching." Tickets 25 cents, for the benefit of the Church, to be had at the door.

LADIES—DO YOU WANT TO SEE LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents in Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S new work of DRED OR THE DISMAL SWAMP, to be performed EVERY NIGHT, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS of this week at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO COMPEtent young women [illegible] City reference from [illegible] One does the washing and ironing in the modern style, and is an excellent plain and biscuit baker, good pastry cook; the other is a Protestant girl, as chambermaid and nurse, or as nurse and seamstress; will assist with the washing and ironing; would like they will go together. Call at No. 216 East 2[illegible]-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable Protestant young woman as chambermaid or chambermaid in a quiet private family. She works well with her needle, is very steady and neat in her appearance. Can give every satisfaction as to character and capability. Call at No. 259 14th-st., between Avenue A and B.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AS SEAMSTRESS AND dressmaker, as a first-rate cook, as chambermaid and fine laundress, or chambermaid and waiter, as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and seamstress, and as a good cook and to wash and iron, by six very experienced girls with good City reference. Call at No. 72 6th-av., in the bookstore.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as children's nurse and seamstress, or as lady's maid and seamstress. Has no objection to travel or go a short distance in the country. Has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 173 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation to do light chamberwork and plain sewing, and is a very nice embroideress. She will be found dutiful and obliging. A pious family preferred. Call at No. 210 East 10th-st. at her present employer's. Satisfactory reference will be given.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT girl as dressmaker and seamstress, or lady's maid, or would assist in chamberwork. Understands hairdressing; can do all kinds of family sewing; can do up muslins and flute neatly. Has City reference. Apply at No. 383 Broadway, near 18th-st., for 2 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable young woman, as good plain cook, washer and ironer and baker, wishes a country situation; has lived in the country this last six years; has good reference. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged. Call at No. 13 James-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY TWO YOUNG girls; one, a Protestant, to do chamberwork and waiting or nurse; the other as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing, and take care of children. Good references can be given. Apply at No. 83 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—AS TEACHER, A GOOD SITUATION for the Winter, by an American young man, 21 years of age, who is experienced in teaching, well recommended, and thoroughly acquainted with the classics. Address L. E. C., Union College, Schenectady.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY AS Governess or Teacher. Understands thoroughly French and German, and can teach the English branches. Has had experience. A note addressed to Madame L., this office, will receive attention.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A YOUNG American woman to do chamberwork and waiting, or plain sewing; also, for a thoroughly competent woman to cook, wash and iron; makes good bread and plain pastry, and is well recommended. Apply at No. 371 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN WAITER in a private family, one who thoroughly understands his business. Can give the best of City reference. Can be seen until engaged at No. 606 Broadway, corner 4th-st., in the drug store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as laundress, or has no objections to do general housework in a small private family; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 486 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman, as cook, washer, and ironer, in a private family. Can give the best City references. Inquire at No. 4[illegible] 4th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Can be seen for two days—first floor, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN—A situation as nurse and seamstress. Can take charge of an infant from its birth. Good city reference as to character and capabilities. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 25 East 2[illegible]-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble girl, to take care of children and do plain sewing, or would do chamberwork. Has excellent reference. Call at No. 219 19th-st., near 1st-av., second floor, front room. Can be seen for two days if not engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman; is a professed cook, and a most excellent baker of bread and pastry, understands making all kinds of soups and desserts. Call at No. 177 7th-av., corner 2[illegible]-st., for 2 days. The best of reference.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH BOY DESIRES EMployment in an office, store, &c.; he writes well, and requires but a small salary, and where he could board with his employer preferred. Address ALBERT, No. 149 Grand-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl, to do cooking, washing and ironing, in a small family. Can give good reference. Call at No. 61 West 19th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or washing in a small family. Can give good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 2[illegible] East 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or chambermaid and to do plain sewing, by a respectable girl, who may be seen, for two or three days, at No. 61 Irving-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISH LADY, A situation as governess, in or near New-York. She teaches English, French, music and drawing. References exchanged. Address X. Y. Z., Post-office, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GIRL, AS waitress in a private family. Lived three and a half years in her last place. Apply at No. 97 12th-st., University-place. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED Protestant woman, as children's nurse. Address or call at No. 30 6th-av. Best city reference given. Can be seen for a week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family; has three years' City reference from his last place; can be seen for three days if not engaged. Apply at No. 40 University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid or waiter. Apply at No. 40 West 22d-st.

TO EDITORS AND PROFESSIONAL MEN GENERALLY.—Employment wanted as assistant Editor, Reporter, Private Secretary, Correspondent, or Copyist and Engrosser, by an individual possessed of much literary ability, a splendid, rapid penman, and able to give satisfactory evidences of general capacity and worth. Address E. Times Office.

GARDENER WANTED—A WORKING MARried man, who understands his business thoroughly, is wanted to cultivate a place in the country. Apply at No. 51 Pine-st. Some land suitable for market-gardening to let.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND HOME FOR FEMALE servants, while out of place, No. 149 Grand-st. Servants are here provided with the most eligible situations obtainable.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A PERSON TO COLLECT RENT IN tenement houses and assist in book-keeping; one acquainted with City mechanics preferred. Apply in the handwriting of the applicant, giving references and salary expected, to box No. 1,282 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A CAPABLE FARMER AND GARDener to take the management of a small Farm at Upper Aquebogue, Long Island. Apply to C. W. MOORE. W. C. & J. T. MOORE & Co., No. 26 Park-place.

WANTED—A LAD IN A COUNTING ROOM. One who lives with his parents, and is intelligent and industrious, may address, in his own hand, Box No. 574 Post-Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN FOR the shawl department. None but those used to City trade need apply. H. B. CLAPP & CO., Nos. 57 and 59 Catharine-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WAITER, WHITE or colored, of first-rate qualifications. Apply at No. 9 Washington-square.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A RELIGIOUS book store. Address T. M. L., Box No. 1,275 New-York Post-Office, with age and references.

WANTED—THREE PRACTICAL GAS-FITTERS. None others need apply to JOHN G. WILSON, No. 28 Centre-st.

A RARE CHANCE.—AGENTS WANTED TO sell Brother Jonathan's patented furniture polish. None genuine without the inventor and patentee's name, JOHN L. BRABYN, on the label. Smart men can make from $5 to $10 per day. This is the only patented furniture polish in the world. Call at the principal depot, No. 444 Broadway. JOHN L. BRABYN & CO.

JEWELERS' ATTENTION.—A FIRST-CLASS chaser, one accustomed to chasing chain trimmings, can obtain steady employment at a liberal price, by applying immediately to CHAS. W. LIVERMORE, room No. 108 Western Hotel, Cortlandt-st.

MUSIC TEACHER WANTED TO GO SOUTH.—An American and Protestant gentleman, who thoroughly understands teaching on the piano and violin, may hear of a promising and permanent situation by applying to J. M. EDNEY, No. 56 John-st.

TO MACHINISTS.—A PATTERN-MAKER, UNderstanding all kinds of work and drafting, is in want of a situation; has a full set of tools, (including screws.) No objection to leaving the City. References if wanted. Address A. P. M. this office.

TO TAILORESSES.—WANTED, TWENTY-five first-class pantaloon finishers; good wages, constant employment insured. REED & CASSELL, No. 122 Nassau-st., upper floor.

NURSES WANTED.—SEVERAL EXPERIenced nurses and seamstresses are required immediately, for excellent situations. They must be Protestants. Apply at the Servants' Institute, No. 1[illegible] Grand-st.

TO PRINTERS.—WANTED, A GOOD CYLINder pressman; none other need apply. ISAAC J. OLIVER, No. 32 Beekman-st.

SUITS COMMENCED AGAINST INFRINGERS OF HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS. [illegible] cents for [illegible] ILLUMINATING VAULT COVER. ROOF, FLOOR and AREA LIGHTS, [illegible] cents per foot. At HYATT'S Illuminating Works, 1[illegible] West Broadway.

F. K. DEVO'S PROMPT AND RELIABLE ADVERTISING AGENCY. No. 7 Appleton's Building, No. 3[illegible] BROADWAY. Refer to Messrs. [illegible] & Co.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE TROTTING SPIRIT.

THE RUNNING SPIRIT.

THE FUNNY SPIRIT.

THE TROTTING SPIRIT.

THE SPIRIT OF

OMENS

IS THE SPIRIT OF

PORTER'S SPIRIT

THIS WEEK.

READY EARLY ON THURSDAY MORNING.

A CHANCE NOT TO BE THROWN AWAY. Complete file (bound) of the NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES, from the commencement of the paper, for sale, No. 1 to No. 1,5[illegible] inclusive. As a History of the Times this journal cannot be excelled. Apply to CHARLES B. HOOPER, Subscription Desk, this office.

THE FREEMEN'S GLEE-BOOK! NEW EDITION—ENLARGED. This indispensable Campaign Document is meeting with immense success. The new edition, now ready, contains several new Songs. It is the only book that contains MUSIC FOR EACH SONG. The following are among the popular airs to be found in it:

Marseilles Hymn,	Now hold your horses, will you?
Star-Spangled Banner,	Yankee Doodle,
Bobbing Around,	Old Uncle Ned,
Tippecanoe and Tyler too,	America,
Jordan's a hard road to travel,	Wait for the Wagon,
Carry me back to Old Virginy,	Old English Gentleman,
Hail to the Chief,	Boatmen's Dance,
Old Granite State,	Few Days,
Camptown Races,	Sound la Tromba, from Puritani,

the Music for THE $100 PRIZE SONG. Price 20 cents. $1 50 per dozen. One dozen mailed free for $2. MILLER, ORTON & MULLIGAN, Publishers, New-York and Auburn.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS! MRS. STOWE'S NOVEL, "DRED," Has met with a prodigious and before unparalleled sale. The publishers are now making three thousand copies a day, equal to TEN VOLUMES A MINUTE, during working hours; and at this date, are thirteen thousand copies behind orders. Within a few days they will be able to supply all orders promptly. The whole reading public will be delighted with this book, containing, as it does, all the wit and genial humor, the satire, the graphic delineation of character, the power and fascination, for which the author is so renowned. PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & CO., No. 13 Winter-st., Boston.

A small, thick, 8vo vol., green and gold, 400 pages, 18mo, handy for pocket, table or shelf.

WALT WHITMAN'S "LEAVES OF GRASS." New Volume. (32 Poems.) Dealers, send in your orders! This book will always be in demand. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

GREAT RUSH AT EVANS & CO.'S. The fact established that No. 409 Broadway is the best place in New-York to buy books. EVANS & CO. sell books as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and give with each book a present varying in value from 25 cents to $100. The value of the present depends upon the number of the book. Gifts delivered at the time of sale. Great inducement to agents. Catalogues containing full explanations sent on application to any address free.

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DR. UNDERHILL'S GRAPES, FROM Croton point vineyards, will now be received daily, and sold at his depot, No. [illegible] Broadway, near the Irving House. All those who, from accident or neglect, have failed to return his empty grape baskets, will please leave them at the depot.

PRIZES FOR TARGET EXCURSIONS.—AS this is the season for the annual target excursions, I am again ready with a fine assortment of articles usually selected for prizes, viz: rich plated castors, pitchers, cups, goblets, cake-baskets, fruit-stands, urns, coffee-pots, tea-sets, and last, not least, the popular patent double ice pitcher, which, though a little out of season, are like Brown's cottons, good the year round. LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

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L. S. WILSON & CO. HAVE NOW IN STORE, and will continue to receive during the coming season, a large and attractive stock of foreign DRY GOODS. Also, a complete stock of the favorite styles of Domestic Goods, No. 10 Cortlandt and Nos. 11 and 13 Dey-st.

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L. H. MOORE & CO., No. 122 Broadway, have in store, and are daily receiving from Auction and other sources, their Fall supply of FANCY SILK GOODS, Consisting in part of an extensive assortment of RICH FIGURED HAT, CAP AND TRIMMING RIBBONS, BLACK VELVET RIBBONS, English, French and German black and white SILK TRIMMING LACES, FRENCH CORSETS, EMBROIDERIES, MILLINERY SILKS, SATINS, MARCELLINES AND FLORENCES, STRAW BONNETS AND TRIMMINGS. The attention of all CASH BUYERS is invited to an examination of our stock, which is all marked plainly in figures, and is offered at FIVE PER CENT. advance, and will be constantly replenished throughout the season.

[illegible]

JAMES A. HEARN will open, Thursday, 25th inst., A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOAKS, RECHERCHE IN STYLE, SUPERIOR IN QUALITY. J. A. H. has also A RICH STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which he will be pleased to show his customers. No. 775 Broadway, above 9th-st.

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CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND TALMAS. F. H. BARTHOLOMEW, No. 65 Warren-st., Over Lay, Hatch & Co., Manufacturer and Jobber of CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND TALMAS, begs to call the attention of jobbers and large buyers to his extensive stock of Cloaks, Talmas, &c., believing that he can offer superior inducements to any one in the trade. The stock comprises every grade of garment, from the lowest to the richest to be produced in all the prevailing fabrics. George H. Bartholomew will be happy to see his friends and customers at the above place. F. H. BARTHOLOMEW, No. 65 Warren-st., Over Messrs. Lay, Hatch & Co. Manufactory, No. 88 Franklin-st.

SHEPARD, HOWE & CO., NO. 13 BROAD-ST. Have in store, and are receiving, a full assortment of PRINTED SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, which, with their usual stock of TICKINGS, BLEACHED AND BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, ALLENDALE WIDE GOODS, STRIPES, DENIMS, CHECKS, LINSEYS, &c., ALSO SEAMLESS BAGS AND UMBRELLAS, They offer to the attention of Jobbers, Exporters, &c.

CARPETS. Wholesale and Retail. DOUGHTY & BROTHER, No. 241 Broadway, opposite the Park. We are constantly receiving From Europe And the Auction Sales All the latest Styles of CARPETING, which we offer At the Lowest Market Rates. A fine stock of cheap Ingrains constantly on hand.

NEW FALL GOODS. JAMES GRAY & CO. have now open their New Fall Goods, of their own importation. SILKS, SILK ROBES, MERINOES, M. DE LAINES, PRINTS AND VALENCIAS, FLOUNCE AND BAYADERE VALENCIA ROBES, FRENCH AND IRISH POPLINS, And General Dry Goods. No. 720 Broadway.

YARD-WIDE FRENCH PRINTS. Of the manufacture of GROS, ODIER, ROMAN & CO., And others; perfectly fast colors, At 1s. 6d. per yard. Open on Monday, Sept. 22. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

NOUVEAUTES. A. T. STEWART & CO. will open on Tuesday, Sept. 23, SOME MAGNIFICENT FLOUNCED AND BAYADERE SILK ROBES, received by the steamers Atlantic and Asia. Broadway, Chambers and Reade streets.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES. JAMES GRAY & CO. have just opened several cases of new goods, comprising a superb selection of every make of REAL LACE; also a large and beautiful assortment of the RICHEST EMBROIDERIES IMPORTED, No. 720 Broadway.

A. T. STEWART & CO. Will open on MONDAY, Sept. 22, their stock of PARIS-MADE CLOAKS. Broadway, Chambers, and Reade sts.

NEW FALL GOODS AT COLUMBIAN HALL. A complete assortment of the following goods may be found at this establishment, at least 25 per cent lower prices than the usual rates: SILKS, SHAWLS, FRENCH MERINOES, DE LAINES, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES. The ladies are invited to examine before purchasing the above goods elsewhere. No. 281 Grand-st.

INDIA-RUBBER GOODS. An extensive stock, of a very superior quality, consisting of every article adapted to the season. Vulcanized and common rubber coats, (black and white,) capes, ponchos, pantaloons, overalls, and leggings; caps, gloves, and mittens; ladies' and gentlemen's overshoes and (long) boots, made light and beautiful, for City wear; horse-covers, door-springs, &c.; for sale by the case, dozen, or single article, by D. HODGMAN, No. 27 Maiden-lane, corner of Nassau-st.

REAL INDIA CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS. GEORGE A. HEARN, No. 425 Broadway, Has opened a magnificent assortment of Real India Camels' Hair Long Shawls, Square Shawls and Scarfs.

MOUSSELINE DE LAINES from auction, at 50 cents per yard; about one-half the cost of importation. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade streets.

FLOUNCED MOUSSELINE DE LAINE ROBES, Plain colors, with rich Oriental and Cashmere Printed Flounces. Will be open on Monday, Sept. 22. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade streets.

CARPETS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, RICH FURNITURE COVERINGS, FAMILY LINENS, BLANKETS, &C., &C., and all other goods suitable for housekeeping. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS. LANE & PORTER will offer for sale, this morning, another lot of those cheap dress silks, 6s. and 7s. Also, flounced robes, very cheap. NO. 77 CANAL-ST.

$20 SILK ROBES. Another lot of those cheap Robes will be opened at retail on MONDAY, Sept. 22. ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., Canal-st. near Broadway.

BLACK RIBBON VELVETS. A large lot of the different widths. Will be sold cheap. Bought before the great rise in prices, at ISAAC HADDOCK'S, No. 265 Grand-st., middle of the block, between Chrystie and Forsyth.

DRESS SILKS at 6s., 7s., and 8s., in large quantities and good styles will be added to our retail stock on MONDAY, Sept. 22. ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., Canal-st. near Broadway.

EARLY FALL CLOAKS Of fine Gray, Brown, mixed and Black Cloths. The styles entirely new. Now on sale by GEO. BULPIN, No. 361 Broadway.

STELLA SHAWLS in new and choice styles, some of which are strictly confined patterns, for sale by ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., No. 60 Canal-st., near Broadway.

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES. Just received by MILLER & GRANT, No. 371 Broadway, superb qualities and prices moderate, being selected at the places of manufacture with unusual care; and as it is our only business, it has our whole attention.

[illegible] a beautiful assortment of [illegible] Goods. No. 60 Canal-st., near Broadway.

COLUMBIAN HALL. Just received: 10 CASES PARAMATTAS, From 3s. to 5s. per yard. No. 281 Grand-st.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!! AT COLUMBIAN HALL. Will open and will be for sale this week: 6 cases of splendid new SILKS. ALL CHOICE STYLES. No. 281 Grand-st.

NEW FALL MANTILLAS, Of the Shawl and other fashionable shapes, In fabrics to suit the present season. Now ready, at retail, at BULPIN'S, No. 361 Broadway.

MOURNING MILLINERY. FALL AND WINTER STYLES Now open at WEED'S MOURNING STORE, No. 5[illegible] Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

POPLINS AND VALENCIAS. A beautiful assortment of these very desirable fabrics for sale by ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., No. 60 Canal-st.

A RICH ASSORTMENT OF BRUSSELS LACES.—Just received, point à l'aiguille, point d'applique and Valenciennes collars, collars and sleeves to match, coiffeurs, handkerchiefs, &c. Also black thread laces, collars, sets, veils, and coiffures, in great variety. Also new styles of illusion capes, and infants caps, now ready. BAILEY, FARRINGTON & LESLIE, 3[illegible] Broadway.

REMOVAL OF A CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE. ISAAC HADDOCK, for so many years on the corner of Grand and Allen sts., has removed to No. 265 Grand st. (middle of the block) between Christie and Forsyth sts.

BAILEY, FARRINGTON & LESLIE, NO. 323 Broadway, will open, on MONDAY, Sept. 22, a new and superb assortment of Nancy embroideries in collars, collars and sleeves to match, handkerchiefs, infants robes, waists, caps, &c. Their usual large assortment of choice mourning sets, &c., is now complete.

DRY GOODS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, Prints, cashmeres, merinoes, de laines, plaids, [illegible] linens, table cloths, table covers, broadcloths, [illegible] satinets, &c., for sale by WILLIAM MATHEWS, No. 54 Catharine-st.

OPENING DAY AT GENIN'S LADIES' AND Children's Outfitting Bazaar, No. 513 Broadway, THURSDAY, the 25th inst., will be the opening day of the season, in all departments, at the Bazaar.

STATIONERY.

TO BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, &C. ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS ENVELOPES Manufactured yearly by LYON & RAYNOR, who claim to be the oldest, largest and most experienced Envelope Manufacturers in America. Our manufacture embraces the greatest variety of sizes, styles, colors and qualities—fancy, wedding and staple envelopes—which our facilities enable us to supply promptly to the jobbing trade in every part of the United States, on favorable terms. Samples sent by mail when desired. Also, writing papers at mill prices, by the case, or part of case. Sole agents for Harrison & Co.'s and West End Co.'s superior cream laid, Elizabethan, Alhambra and tinted paper; billet, note, bath, letter, caps, &c. Also, embossed fancy note. LYON & RAYNOR, No. 25 Beekman-st., New-York.

STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS, &c. WILLIAM E. HAWS, No. 142 Canal-st., corner of Thompson, N. Y., BRANCH OF R. C. ROOT, ANTHONY & CO., Keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of STAPLE and FANCY STATIONERY, Account Books, Writing Papers, Law and Commercial Blanks, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c. Printing of all kinds executed to order. N. B.—Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Blank Account Books, and to BANK PRINTING, Checks, Bill Heads, Circulars, &c., lithographed to any pattern, in the neatest manner.

STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS. RICHARD MOSLEY & CO. Invite the trade to an inspection of their stock at No. 30 John-st., New-York.

BLANK BOOKS AND PAPER. SLOTE & JANES, Stationers, No. 93 Fulton-st., near William. Orders respectfully solicited.

BLANK-BOOKS, PAPER AND STATIONERY.—All kinds, at low prices; diaries and daily journals for 1857; books made to pattern. FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 77 Maiden-lane.

KIGGINS & KELLOGG, PUBLISHERS AND Blank Book Manufacturers, offer special inducements to the Book Trade at Nos. 123 and 125 William-st., between John and Fulton sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE. Doors open at 7; commence at 7½. Engagement of the eminent comedian, MR. BLAKE, who will appear on the scene of his former triumphs, in conjunction with MR. LESTER. Mrs. Hoey, Mr. Dyott, Mr. G. Holland, Mr. H. B. Phillips, Mr. Sothern, Mr. Burnett, Mr. Reynolds, Mrs. Vernon and Miss Mary Gannon. TO-NIGHT, SEPT. 24, Mr. Boucicault's fine Comedy, (first time in two years,) OLD HEADS AND YOUNG HEARTS. Jesse Rural, (his original character)...............Mr. Blake. Littleton Coke...............Mr. Lester. The rest of the cast will include the above favorite members of this splendid company. And the excellent farce of AWAY WITH MELANCHOLY. The lessee has much pleasure in announcing the engagement of that popular artist, MR. WALCOT, who will appear to-morrow as Goldfinch, in Holcroft's comedy of THE ROAD TO RUIN, in conjunction with the whole strength of the company. Those who desire to see the great comedies of the first masters, produced in a form and perfection for which this establishment has obtained a reputation unrivaled and peculiarly its own, should embrace this opportunity, as other arrangements will prevent their presentation again this year.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY, OPPOSITE BOND-STREET. One night more of the of the present popular performances, which nightly attract crowded audiences of the best fashion. The extraordinary list of talent embodied in the pieces elicits the hearty approbation of all lovers of the drama. Enthusiastic reception and success of Miss POLLY MARSHALL, the popular comedienne. Mr. and Mrs. E. Davenport, the universal favorites, and Mr. Burton in favorite characters. WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 24, the last night of the new Comedy, in three acts, of CHARITY'S LOVE. Mr. and Mrs. Davenport, Mr. C. Fisher, Mr. Mark Smith, Mrs. Parker, &c. The comedietta of CATCHING A GOVERNOR, with Miss Polly Marshall, Mr. Burton, Mr. Setchell, Mr. Moore, &c. Mlle. Ducy Barre and Mr. Smith in a Pas Deux. To conclude with the Farce of AN OBJECT OF INTEREST. Fanny Gribbles...............Miss Polly Marshall. To-morrow—An original play, called THE WITCH WIFE, with new scenery, new dresses, music, &c., and a great cast.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS. NEW HALL, No. 585 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NIBLO'S GARDEN. Every night this week, A Grand new Burlesque on the Opera of MARITANA, in three acts, with all the principal gems of the music, and first appearance of Miss C. HIFFERT as MARITANA. Preceding which ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY. Concert commences at 7¾ o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Orchestra Seats 50 cents.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES. No. 806 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. No. 127 MONTAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN. New-York classes on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, commencing on Saturday, Oct. 4. Brooklyn classes on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, commencing Oct. 7, at 3 and 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 3 P. M. Circulars containing terms, &c., may be had at either of the Academies. The usual soirees will be given. Mr. DODWORTH would take occasion to assure his patrons that no exertion will be omitted that will be of advantage to his pupils, or in any way maintain the gratifying reputation now possessed by his Academies.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—DRESS Circle, 25 cts.; Pit, 12½ cts.; Orchestra Chairs, 50 cts.; Private Boxes, $5. THIS EVENING, Sept. 24, Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's new work of DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP, dramatized expressly for this theatre. To be followed by the Comic Pantomime of RAOUL, OR THE MAGIC STAR. To conclude with R. & T. Cony's Dog Drama of THE OLD TOLL HOUSE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. WEDNESDAY, September 24, 1856. NORTH STAR. Amphitheatre only...TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. To avoid the crush in the evening, procure Tickets at the Academy, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

THE ORIGINAL FAKIR OF AVA. This world-renowned magician HAS ARRIVED AND WILL OPEN HIS TEMPLE OF ENCHANTMENT, and give a series of his miraculous entertainments, at the CHINESE ROOMS, NO. 539 BROADWAY, in a few days.

GERMAN OPERA AT NIBLO'S GARDEN. In consequence of the enthusiastic reception of STRADELLA, That Opera will, in compliance with general request, be REPEATED ON THURSDAY EVENING.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—AGAIN the pioneer—Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S new work dramatized by Mr. C. W. TAYLOR, entitled DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP, EVERY NIGHT this week and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, with LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. HOWARD. Apply early for places.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. FOURTEENTH-STREET. [illegible]

[illegible] NORTH STAR. [illegible] MME. ANNA DE LA GRANGE. [illegible] Signori BRIGNOLI, AMODIO, COLETTI, BARATTINI, [illegible]

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. FIRST NIGHT OF THE NORTH STAR. NOTICE. The public are respectfully notified that the only [illegible] authorized version of this opera is that [illegible] for the Academy, entitled, in size and [illegible] the other operas, with the copyright [illegible] OPERA LIBRETTO AND PARLOR PIANIST [illegible] edition is that from which all the [illegible] is guaranteed to be worth [illegible] will be performed this evening. In addition [illegible] in English and Italian, there [illegible] of music comprising the gems of the opera [illegible] arranged as piano-forte pieces for this work [illegible] editions are unauthorized by the management [illegible] the following CERTIFICATE. I hereby certify that the only version of "NORTH STAR," authorized by me, is that contained in the [illegible] edition entitled, "The Opera Libretto and Parlor Pianist," which contains the correct libretto of the opera as performed at the Academy, and has been [illegible] for that house. MAX MARETZEK. For sale inside the Academy, at the Ticket Office [illegible] Music Stores. Be sure to ask for "[illegible] Libretto and Parlor Pianist."

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON, BROADWAY, NEXT TO NIBLO'S GARDEN. MONDAY, Sept. 22, AND DURING THE WEEK, MISS EMMA STANLEY, whose brilliant success in [illegible] has been [illegible]

[illegible] WILL APPEAR EVERY EVENING [illegible] DRAWING-ROOM ENTERTAINMENT [illegible] SEVEN AGES OF WOMAN, in which she will personate TWENTY-FOUR DIFFERENT CHARACTERS, WITH THIRTY CHANGES OF COSTUME, AND SING TWELVE SONGS!! IN SEVEN DIFFERENT LANGUAGES!!! Miss STANLEY will be supported in the Musical part of the entertainment by AN EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA, under the direction of MR. ROBERT STOPEL. An elegant Boudoir Scene, designed expressly for these entertainments, by Signor Allegro, has been painted by Mr. Thorne. A NEW STAGE has been built, and several improvements made in the arrangements for seating the audience, so as to afford a full view of the stage to all. TICKETS FIFTY CENTS. Doors open at 7. Commence at 8 precisely.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—GERMAN OPERA. OPERA AND BALLET. Admission—FIFTY CENTS. THURSDAY, Sept. 25, 1856, in consequence of the great success, Flotow's beautiful Opera of ALESSANDRO STRADELLA will be repeated. Madame MINNA v. BERKEL............ Messrs. PICKANESER, WEINLICH, BEUTLER and OEHRLEIN in the principal roles. THE INCIDENTAL BALLET Will be sustained by Mlle. LINA WINDEL, Mlle. FLORA and Mlle. JULIA LEHMANN, and the Corps de Ballet. Musical Director............CARL BERGMANN. The price of admission has been fixed at the popular standard of FIFTY CENTS. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra; Private Boxes, $5. Seats may be secured daily at the Ticket Office of Niblo's Garden, from 8 to 4 o'clock, and at HALL & SON'S Music store, No. 239 Broadway. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock. FRIDAY—The Wonderful Ravels in the new Grand Fairy Pantomime of BLANCHE. Mlle. Robert and Young Hengler.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets...............Fifty cents. WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 24, 1856. Triumph of M. JOSEPHE ROBERTO, [illegible] New comic pantomime. BLANCHE; or, THE RIVAL FAIRIES, WITH THE WONDERFUL RAVELS in the principal characters, aided by the entire company. New Scenery, Tricks, Transformations, Costumes, Appointments. Concluding with the extraordinary novelty of LES PERE VOLANTES. Mlle. Robert............In............Le Diable à Quatre. YOUNG HENGLER ON THE TIGHT ROPE. Thursday—Fifth German Opera Night—STRADELLA. Ravel Nights—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. German Opera Nights—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

WALLACK'S THEATRE. A CARD. MR. BLAKE'S BENEFIT will take place, at this establishment, on SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 27, when will be performed A STERLING COMEDY, and other attractive entertainments, in which the [illegible] talent of the UNRIVALED STAR COMPANY will appear. Mr. Blake most respectfully intimates to the public that the BOX BOOK IS NOW OPEN.

BROUGHAM'S BOWERY THEATRE.—Prices of Admission: Dress Circle and Parquette [illegible] Seats, 50 cents; Boxes, 25 cents; Pit and Gallery, [illegible] cents; Private Boxes, $5. THIS EVENING, Sept. 24, the performance will commence with a new version of LES FILLES DE MARBRE, called MARBLE HEARTS. After which M. FRANKZDERBACH, M. FERRANTI, and his children, will present a few extraordinary selections from their Thrilling and Unique Studies.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.—Another captivating Domestic Drama, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 24, at 7½ o'clock, JESSIE, or THE WANDERER'S RETURN, Jacob Thorn, C. W. Clarke; Chirrup, Hadaway; Jessie, Miss Mestayer. AFTERNOON, DEEDS OF DREADFUL NOTE. AFTERNOON and o'clock.—JESSIE, as in the evening. Among the Curiosities are TWO LIVING ANACONDAS, the LIVING SKELETON, the DWARF LADY, the famous HAPPY FAMILY, &c. Admittance to all 25 cents; children under ten, 12½ cents.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—FIRST IN the field—Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S romance of DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP, dramatized by C. W. TAYLOR, to be performed EVERY NIGHT this week, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, with LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents in addition to the full strength of the company. Secure your places.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. WEDNESDAY, September 24, 1856. NORTH STAR. Second Tier...............FIFTY CENTS. To avoid the crush in the evening, procure Tickets at the Academy, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. WEDNESDAY, September 24, 1856. NORTH STAR. ADMISSION only...............ONE DOLLAR. To avoid the crush of the evening, procure Tickets at the Academy, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES, No. 59 West 14th-st., New-York, and No. [illegible] Clinton-st., Brooklyn. Madame DUBREUIL FERRERO and EDWARD FERRERO respectfully announce that they will reopen their Academy in New-York, on Saturday, Oct. [illegible], and in Brooklyn on Tuesday, Oct. 14, at 3½ P. M. Circulars can be obtained at either Academy.

DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP—MRS. HARRIET BEECHER'S new work, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, EVERY NIGHT, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS of this week, with all the company and the powerful support of LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. HOWARD.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY, NO. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 150 Paintings. Open day and evening. Admittance 25 cents.

DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP—MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S new work, dramatized by C. W. TAYLOR, EVERY NIGHT, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS of this week, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, with LITTLE CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. HOWARD, in addition to the company.

THE TURF.

RACES.—FASHION COURSE, NEWTOWN, L. I. SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24. First Race, [illegible] Race. Two Great Races. First Race to come off at [illegible] o'clock precisely. Jockey Club Purse $[illegible]; two mile heats.

ENTRIES:

1. W. H. Gibbons' ch. f. Miss Julia, 4 years.
2. C. R. Coster's gr. g. One-eyed Joe.

SECOND RACE.—Club Purse, $[illegible]—Mile heats, [illegible]

ENTRIES:

1. C. R. Coster's ch. g. Charley King, 5 years.
2. J. Lewis' b. g. Washington, aged.
3. W. H. Gibbons' ch. g. Nichols, 5 years.

MODES OF REACHING THE COURSE:

1. Ferry to Green Point from 10th-st., thence by Plank and Shell Road.
2. From Williamsburg, North 2d and Roosevelt, Peck Bridge and Shell Road.
3. From Williamsburg, North 2d to Newtown, thence by Plank and Shell Roads.
4. From Williamsburg, Stages at all times.
5. Hell Gate Ferry, Astoria Road to Flushing.
6. Steamer Island City, Fulton Market Slip, to Hunters' Railroad.

Admission—Field, 25 cents; Grand Stand, $1. Quarter-Stretch Badges for the Meeting, $5. Members who have not received their Badges may obtain them at the office of the Course.

TENTH-STREET AND GREEN POINT FERRY.—During the races upon Fashion Course, three boats will be kept running upon this ferry.

BOARDING

[illegible] —GENTLEMEN [illegible]

[illegible] —A GENTLEMAN WISHES A WELL [illegible] room and good board in a respectable [illegible] Post-Office.

BOARDING—A PRIVATE FAMILY CAN ACcommodate a gentleman and his wife, or three single gentlemen, with desirable rooms and board, in the 2d or [illegible] story, at No. 103 West 19th-st. Baths, gas, &c.

BOARDING.—A FEW ROOMS WITH BOARD, [illegible] at No. 27 West 20th-st., a few doors from [illegible]way. References exchanged.

BOARD IN LAMARTINE-PLACE.—A SUPErior suit of furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board [illegible] in No. 20 Lamartine-place, West 29th-st. [illegible] every part of the city. References required.

BOARD.—A LADY OCCUPYING A PLEASANT [illegible] Call at No. 27 East [illegible] Madison av.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A NEW-ENGLAND [illegible] Apply at No. 64 State-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD ON UNION-SQUARE.—WELL FURnished rooms, with board for families or gentlemen, [illegible] in this delightful location. Dinner at [illegible] References exchanged. Apply at No. 26 Union-square.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SINGLE GENtleman can obtain a very desirable front room, with [illegible] minutes' walk from South [illegible] Ferry.

BOARD WANTED FOR SEVERAL SINGLE gentlemen. Apply, from 9 to 12 o'clock A. M., to [illegible] W. FOLMAN, Medical College, No. 107 [illegible]

No. [illegible] BOWERY.—HOTEL LODGINGS.—SINgle gentlemen can obtain single rooms and lodgings [illegible] per week, or 37½ cents per night. The rooms are [illegible] furnished. Manhattan House, near Houston.

MURRAY HILL.—A SUITE OF ELEGANTLY furnished rooms to let on second floor to a family or [illegible] gentlemen and their wives, with a small private family, where all the comforts of a quiet home may be enjoyed. Apply at No. 42 East 33d-st., between Madison and 4th avs. Best City references given and required.

MUSIC.—A YOUNG GERMAN, A COMPETENT musician, wishes to procure board in a respectable [illegible] family, where he may have the opportunity to teach music. Address to Messrs. SCHARFENBERG & LUIS, Music Store, No. 769 Broadway, where references will be given and required.

MUSIC AND BOARD.—WANTED, BY A [illegible] lady, a teacher of music, board in a genteel private family, where her services giving lessons on the piano would be equivalent to her board. The best of references as to qualifications, &c., will be given. Address Post-Office Box No. [illegible]

TO LET—ROOMS IN THE VICINITY OF [illegible] a respectable private family, where, besides English, several foreign languages are spoken [illegible] Application for further particulars to be directed in a note to A. B., Box No. 1,[illegible] Post-Office.

No. 19 5TH-AV. TO LET, TO A PARTY [illegible] gentleman, or a gentleman and his wife, a suite of [illegible] furnished rooms, on first and third floors of a [illegible] house, with every convenience and the best attendance; breakfast served in rooms or a well supplied [illegible] table if required.

TEACHER.—A LADY, AN ACCOMPLISHED [illegible] teacher of the piano and singing, offers her services to [illegible] family for board. Address E. H. CHAPMAN & SMITH, Appleton's Building, No. 346 Broadway.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT PARTIAL board, in a private family, at No. 13 10th-st., between [illegible] a pleasant room, with or without bedroom [illegible] The house has all the modern improvements. [illegible]

ROOMS.—ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN MAY [illegible] desirable rooms and partial board, with the [illegible] in a small private family. Apply at No. 134 Thompson-st., a few doors above Prince.

No. 66 EAST 14-ST.—FRONT ROOMS ON second and third floors, for families or single gentlemen, may be had with board, where they can enjoy the comforts [illegible]; the house contains all the modern improvements. References required.

FURNISHED SUITES OF ROOMS ON FIRST and second floors, and also smaller rooms, with or without board; situation not surpassed for airiness and [illegible] access. No. 5 University-place, close to Washington-square.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO GENtlemen, with or without partial board. House has all the modern improvements—No. 267 4th-st., near Broadway.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

PARENTS SELECTING SCHOOLS OR wanting Tutors or Governesses are invited to inspect the registers of the American School Institute, Appleton's Building, No. 346 Broadway. Schools and families in want of teachers of music and languages, or lecturers on the different sciences, may obtain all necessary information at the Institute. Teachers should address

E. H. CHAPMAN & SMITH.

WANTED.—EMPLOYERS REQUIRING SERvants this Fall, are respectfully reminded they can, as usual, find the largest, most experienced and respectable class of Protestant and Catholic servants the City affords, at MANNING'S Agency, No. 19 Tillary-st., near Fulton, Brooklyn. N. B.—Nearly 200 are at present on the register.

WANTED—AT NO. 768 BROADWAY, TWO [illegible], 4 clerks, 1 conductors, 2 baggagemen, 3 [illegible], 3 barkeepers, 4 waiters, 3 porters, [illegible], 7 coachmen, 3 drivers and 4 boys for [illegible] LOUIS KAUFMAN, Agent.

WANTED—WE SHOULD LIKE TO GET 100 [illegible] every day. We have first-rate situations and [illegible] City and country. Also, men and boy [illegible]. Apply at No. 14 Sixth-avenue or No. 145 Bowery.

C. MASON.

WANTED—AT NO. 9 EAST BROADWAY, A book-keeper for a machine shop, a clerk for a coal [illegible], and an entry clerk for a jobbing house. Salary [illegible] per week. 1 carver for a saloon, and 1 first-class cook.

GILLEN & CO.

LADIES IN WANT OF HELP—SHOULD APply immediately at the Employment Society, No. 13 Bible House, where there are upwards of 200 girls of the best character in the City waiting for situations for every capacity. Mrs. M. YORKSTONE, Superintendent.

[illegible] YOUNG IS NOW READY TO SUPply [illegible] at the Protestant Employ[illegible]

[illegible] FURNISHING GOODS.

INTERESTING TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

REMOVAL

OF THE

TEA-KETTLE

TO

No. 384 BROADWAY,

Near Spring-st.

STEPHEN WILLIAM SMITH,

has removed his stock of

HOUSEKEEPERS' FURNISHING GOODS,

TABLE CUTLERY,

KITCHEN HARDWARE, &c.

from No. 60 Maiden-lane to No. 384 Broadway,

where he will have increased facilities for showing his

NEW GOODS,

and which will be offered at as low rates

as at the old stand.

Shipping

supplied with

GALLEY and

TABLE HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &c.

MY WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

will be much more full and complete than heretofore.

STEPHEN WM. SMITH,

Sign of the

Golden Tea-Kettle,

No. 384 Broadway,

near the

St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels.

PRINTING.

POLITICAL PRINTING,

also,

ORNAMENTAL

AND PLAIN,

DONE AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

ORDERS LEFT AT THIS OFFICE

WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

[illegible], Handbills, Circulars, Billheads, Cards, &c.

PRINTING BY STEAM—COPPER-FACED TYPE.

STATIONERS' HALL,

NOS. 134 AND 136 PEARL-ST., NEW-YORK.

BOWNE & HASBROUCK,

[illegible] and Stationers. All kinds of [illegible] executed in the best style, with copper-faced [illegible] the lowest rates.

$5 PER REAM FOR BILL-HEADS.—[illegible] Cards, $1 50 per thousand; circulars, (in quantities,) [illegible] per thousand. BOHLER, Printer, 27 Fulton-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN—FROM THE STEAMER [illegible] in the port of Liverpool, England, Sunday evening, July 13, 1856, one package or box, containing [illegible] blank stock notes of the Clinton Line Railroad Company, signed by H. B. Day, President. Blank [illegible]

[illegible] ten (10) bonds of the Clinton Line Railroad Company, [illegible] each, Nos. [illegible]

[illegible] forty (40) bonds of the Clinton Line Railroad [illegible] each. Nos. 41 and 80, inclusive, and [illegible]

[illegible] bonds of $1,000 each, of the City of [illegible], inclusive, (1 to 19.) [illegible] semi-annual coupons [illegible]

INSTRUCTION.

CONSERVATOIRE DE PIANO.—Mr. L. M. GOTTSCHALK will commence on the 15th inst., at DESCOMBE'S Piano Warerooms, No. 769 Broadway, a practical and theoretical course of instruction on the Piano on the plan of the Conservatoire of Paris. The pupils will be divided into classes of eight each. The course will consist of twelve lessons, of two hours each; the first hour will be devoted to the study and performance of some symphonic composition of the great composers, carefully transcribed for eight pianos; the second hour will be devoted to individual instruction, each pupil in turn playing some [illegible] piece by a modern piano composer.

This plan has proved the most successful of any yet attempted in the Conservatoires of Europe, and is almost universally adopted. Each pupil in this way gets all the advantage of the instruction given to the others, and a general interest and spirit of emulation is obtained which can follow no other course of instruction.

Persons wishing to take advantage of this course will please make early application, as Mr. G. wishes to classify the pupils according to their proficiency. He will thus be enabled to take pupils less advanced than he has heretofore received, which will obviate the necessity of rejecting many who applied last season. Terms of the course, $60.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—Inclusive of the undersigned, is now commencing its ninth year. A few vacancies exist. Parents on inspection or inquiry, will find the location accessible and convenient, the room large, pleasant and commodious. The number of pupils is limited to twenty-five, all of whom are taught by the Principal only, except in the French and writing. In these branches the best Professors are employed. His entire time and best endeavors are devoted by the undersigned to the welfare and improvement of the school. Terms from $100 to $150 per year. No. 21 East 16th-st.

J. H. TYNG.

BERNARD & REDFIELD'S BOARDING and Day School for young gentlemen, No. 126 2d-av., corner of St. Mark's Place. The ancient and modern languages and literature, the elementary and advanced mathematics, the exact sciences, a thorough commercial and collegiate course. A primary department has been organized. The twelfth academic year of this institution will commence on Monday, the 8th of September. Circulars may be obtained of Messrs. H. T. KIERSTED & SON, No. 280 Broadway, corner of Spring-st.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL.—No. 872 Broadway, corner of 18th-st., reopens Sept. 8. In addition to the junior department for boys, from 8 to 10 years of age, there will be during the ensuing year a Primary Department for boys of from 6 to 8 years. The most advanced pupils of the school will be carried through the studies of the Freshman class of a College, so that they may enter as Sophomores in 1857. Due attention is paid to Gymnastics. Circulars may be had at the school, at No. 168 2d-av., and at A. D. RANDOLPH'S bookstore, corner of Broadway and Amity-st.

GEORGE C. ANTHON.

MRS. MEARS' FRENCH AND ENGLISH boarding and day school for young Ladies, Nos. 32 and 30 West 15th-st., below 5th-av., reopens on Thursday, Sept. 4.

Mrs. M., having just enlarged her establishment by the acquisition of a portion of the adjoining house, No. 34, is enabled to accommodate eight boarding pupils in addition to her former limited number.

Mrs. M. will be at home to receive parents and guardians who may wish to confer with her on and after Sept. 1.

MR. L. M. GOTTSCHALK HAS RESUMED his Course of Lessons on the Piano-Forte.

TERMS:

Twelve Lessons of one hour............................$60

Twelve Lessons of half an hour...........................30

Apply to DESCOMBE'S Piano Warerooms,

No. 769 Broadway.

NEWBURG (N. Y.) BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, DR. CHARLES HINKEL, Principal.—The pupils are prepared for the University, for mercantile, or any other practical pursuits. French and German spoken in the family. Terms, $250 per annum, for board and instruction. No extras. For circulars, with references and complete details, address the Principal, at Newburg.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF YALE, having been engaged for the past two years in a classical and commercial school, teaching the classics and higher English branches, would like to obtain a situation in this City or Brooklyn, where his services may be required during the forenoon of each day. Private instruction preferred. Address PUTNAM, office of *Daily Times*.

FORREST & QUACKENBOS WILL REOPEN the Collegiate School, (Now in its 20th year of successful operation,) at No. 71 West 14th-st., corner of 6th-av., on the 8th of September, with every advantage for the education of youth. Pupils are received at all ages, and thoroughly prepared for college or mercantile life. Parents are invited to visit the institution.

GEO. S. PARKER'S SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS, (formerly D. P. Bacon's,) will reopen Sept. 8. There are three Departments—Senior, Middle and Primary; with Gymnastic Apparatus for physical training. Circulars may be had at LOCKWOOD'S Bookstore, or at the School-rooms No. 882 Broadway, corner of 21st-st.

A YOUNG LADY OF ENERGY AND CAPABILITY desires a situation in some seminary or academy to teach the English branches. Is a graduate of one of the highest institutions in the country, and can give good testimonials. Has taught several years. No objection to South or West. Address L. F., immediately, *Daily Times* Office.

GOVERNESS—A LADY OF LONG EXPERIence in tuition, is desirous of meeting with a situation as governess in a private family. Her course of instruction is music, French, drawing, with the higher and usual branches of a well-grounded English education. No objection to the country. Terms moderate. Address, for three days, H. H., Union-square Post-Office.

FRENCH PROTESTANT BOARDING AND Day School for young ladies, No. 39 West 18th-st. Mrs. LEVERETT will reopen her school for the ensuing year on Monday, Sept. 15. Application for the admission of pupils may be made to her personally or by letter at the above address.

FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN, No. 48 East 24th-st., near Madison-park. Commercial and Classical Boarding and Day School (Spanish and German languages) will reopen on the 10th of September. Prospectus, containing full particulars, testimonials, references, &c., to be had.

Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, of Paris.

BOYS PRACTICALLY TRAINED FOR business at DOLBEAR'S Commercial Academy, No. 699 Broadway. They acquire manly habits, become quick in figures, rapid business writers and good bookkeepers. Each pupil receives private instruction adapted to his condition, and learns more in one quarter than in one year at ordinary schools.

DR. F. BERTHET RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the public that he has opened a Boarding and Day School at No. 43 West 21st-st., for young gentlemen, where all the branches of a thorough Classical and Commercial Education will be taught. French is the language of the school. There is a Gymnasium.

THE MISS WAYLANDS—NO. 260 WEST 22d-st., will reopen their Day and Boarding School Sept. 15. REFERENCES—Dr. Francis Wayland, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, New-York; James Boorman, Esq., New-York; Commodore Skinner, Washington, D. C.; J. R. Westcott, Saratoga.

FRENCH LESSONS.—MONS. J. J. BURNIER, a graduate of the "Université de France," continues to teach his native language to classes in schools, and privately at his pupils' or at his residence, No. 218 6th-av., near 14th-st. References of the highest character. Evening classes to begin Oct. 1.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INstitute, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, will reopen Sept. 8, 1856. Pupils from 7 years of age and upwards, are instructed in the Junior, Middle and Senior departments. CLARKE & FANNING, Principals.

GERMAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE—PAUL DYESEN continues to give instruction in his native language in schools or privately, at his pupils' and his own residence, No. 776 Greenwich-st., commencing Sept. 15. Applications received at F. W. CHRISTERN'S bookstore, No. 763 Broadway.

MRS. BODSTEIN—LATE JULIA L. NORTHALL, will continue to give instruction in singing, at her residence, No. 200 Bleecker-st., commencing again for the season on Monday, Sept. 15. Application to be made at the house.

MURRAY HILL YOUNG LADIES' FAMILY School, conducted by Rev. Mr. and Mrs. HOWARD and DAUGHTERS, No. 36 East 35th-st., will be reopened Sept. 18. Circulars, references, and full information may be obtained at the house.

THE MISSES DANFORTH—WILL RE-OPEN their boarding and day school on Sept. 15, at No. 12 West 13th-st., sixth door west of 5th-av. Circulars obtained at CROWEN'S bookstore, No. 699 Broadway, and at their residence.

A THEOLOGICAL STUDENT, GRADUATE of Yale, who has had successful experience in boarding school, public school, and as private tutor, desires employment as teacher, an hour or two each day. Address HAMPDEN, office *Daily Times*.

MURRAY HILL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Lexington-av., between 36th and 37th sts. E. A. SMITH, late of Madison-square Collegiate Institute, Principal, will open on Monday, Sept. 22. Circulars at Appleton's.

J. B. CURLEY'S BOARDING SCHOOL, Westport, Conn., 54 miles from New-York. Terms [illegible] per year. For particulars, address the Principal, or apply at the *American School Institute*, No. 346 Broadway, New-York.

MURRAY HALL.—YOUNG LADIES' BOARDing and Day School, French and English, No. 101 West 38th-st., near Broadway, New-York. (Rector, Rev. J. [illegible]) will reopen Tuesday, Sept. 9. Classes limited to 10.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL OPEN A Day School for Young Ladies, on Monday, Sept. 15, at No. [illegible] East 23d-st. Circulars may be obtained there or at LOCKWOOD'S Bookstore.

F. A. HELMSMULLER BEGS TO INFORM his pupils and friends that he will resume giving lessons on the Piano-forte, Guitar and in Singing on Oct. 1. Apply at Dodworth's Music Store, No. 493 Broadway.

MRS. OKILL'S BOARDING AND DAY School will be reopened on Tuesday, Sept. 9. Circulars can be obtained at her residence, Nos. 8 and 10 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

MISS STEELE'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies, No. 5 [illegible]-st., between 5th and Madison avs., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 8.

THE YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE—NO. [illegible] 22d-st., under the supervision and charge of Rev. HENRY DANA WARD and Mrs. WARD, will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 11.

A SCHOOL FOR BOYS WILL BE OPENED Sept. 10, by the subscriber, at No. 55 Madison-av., corner [illegible]-st. For information, apply as above.

GEORGE N. CLEAVELAND.

PROFESSOR DUNN'S SCHOOL—NO. 257 [illegible]-av., will be reopened on the 4th instant, with increased advantages for educating youth. French is spoken in the school.

MRS. MURRAY NAIRNE'S SCHOOL FOR [illegible] now open at No. 14 West 39th-st.

MISS HAINES HAS RESUMED HER boarding and day school for young ladies, at No. 81 6th-st., between University-place and 5th-av. Her school circulars may be had at the office of the Howard Insurance Company, No. 66 Wall-st.; of M. KETCHUM and [illegible] BEMENT, Esqs., No. 45 William-st., and of Messrs. LOCKWOOD & SON, No. 411 Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—AN ENGLISH LADY EXPERIenced in teaching English and French, which she speaks fluently, Italian, music and drawing, wishes to meet an engagement as visiting governess. Apply at the United States and B. N. American School Agency and Teachers' Institute, No. 310 Broadway, where families and schools can ascertain particulars relative to resident or visiting teachers, and can be introduced to situations.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH School, No. 858 Broadway, corner of 18th-st.—WILLIAM H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 8. Circulars at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 411 Broadway; CROWEN'S, No. 699 Broadway, or at the residence of the Principal, No. 272 10th-st.

THE MISSES ROHR RESPECTFULLY INform their friends and the public that their Boarding and Day School will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 15. Circulars can be obtained at their residence, No. 139 West 30th-st., or at the bookstores of Messrs. Appleton, No. 346, Lockwood, No. 411, and Carter, No. 530 Broadway.

A GRADUATE WHO HAS HAD FOUR years experience in teaching bookkeeping, mathematics, Latin, Greek, French and Spanish, would offer his services to principals of educational institutions, parents and others, who require an accomplished teacher. Address D. A., *Daily Times*.

PROF. R. M. BROWN'S CLASSICAL, French and Commercial School, No. 808 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts., will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 10. There are three departments, each limited in its number of pupils.

MADAME BERGIER'S FRENCH, ENGLISH and Spanish Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 139 Madison-av., near 32d-st. will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 10. Circulars at the Institution. Omnibus attached.

THE COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, No. 244 West 19th-st. will commence its eleventh year on Monday, Sept. 8. For particulars, see circular, which may be obtained at the Institute.

J. H. BROWN, Principal.

MR. BINGHAM'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—Classical Gymnasium, Bible House, Astor-place, 3d-av. entrance. The next term will begin on Monday, the 1st day of September. Number limited to twenty, with a Primary Department.

HARP LESSONS—GIVEN BY A LADY WHO has recently arrived from Europe. She is a pupil of Bochsa and Parish Alvars, and has taught with much success both in Paris and London. Schools attended. J. C. S., *Daily Times* office.

MR. A. BOURSAUD'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for Boys, No. 120 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, will be reopened on Thursday, Sept. 4. No extra charges for the modern languages, which are taught by the Oral system.

MME. COUTAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 279 5th-av., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 15. An omnibus is attached to the Institution.

MADAME F. REICHARD'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 22 West 22d-st., near 5th-av., will be reopened on Wednesday, Sept. 10.

MISS HAINES RESPECTFULLY INFORMS her friends and the public, that her school, No. 15 Gramercy-park, (East 20th-st.,) will reopen on Wednesday, Sept. 17.

MRS. DIETZ WILL REOPEN HER BOARDing and day school for young ladies and children, Sept. 10, at No. 80 East 22d-st.

THE MISSES DEWSTOE—NO. 765 GREENwich-st., will reopen their Boarding and Day School for young ladies on Monday, Sept. 1.

PATTON'S INSTITUTION—FOR THE EDUcation of boys, in two departments, collegiate and primary, at No. 24 West 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

TO PRINCIPALS OF SCHOOLS.—A COMpetent and experienced teacher of drawing and elocution has time for disposal. Address B. B., at this office.

MADISON-SQUARE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 936 Broadway, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 15. GRANT & LYON, Principals.

J. DE LAUNAY'S CLASSES IN FRENCH, SPANish, Italian, &c., (No. 136 9th-st.) Lectures given to literary institutions on *Philology and Archæology*.

MISS F. B. PRIEST'S SCHOOL—NO. 77 EAST 16th-st., near Stuyvesant-square, will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 11.

MRS. MACAULAY'S BOARDING AND DAY School, No. 42 East 21st-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 15.

J. F. WORTH'S CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL—No. 267 4th-av., (one door above 19th-st.,) will be reopened on Monday, Sept. 8.

MISSES MEEKER'S BOARDING AND Day School will reopen on Monday, Sept. 15, at No. 39 West 27th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MISS SNOW'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School, No. 47 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., will be reopened Sept. 1.

THE CLARKE SISTERS—NO. 74 5TH-AV., reopen their Boarding and Day School for young ladies on Monday, Sept. 15.

MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND DAY School for Young Ladies will reopen Sept. 17. No. 4 West 37th-st., two doors from 5th-av.

MISS BALLOW'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG Ladies, No. 24 East 23d-st., will reopen on Monday, Sept. 15.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,

No. 200 Centre-st., New-York.

A fine assortment of PIANOS, plain and ornamental cases. WARRANTED.

UNSURPASSED IN STRENGTH AND PURITY OF TONE.

CHAMBERS' PIANO-FORTES,

No. 385 BROADWAY, NEAR WHITE-ST.

Warranted in every respect. Also, a few second-hand Pianos, for sale cheap and to hire.

T. H. CHAMBERS, No. 385 Broadway.

PIANO-FORTES.—WILLIAM MILLER'S MODERN IMPROVED ÆOLIAN PIANO-FORTE Manufactory and Warerooms,

Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

A. W. LADD & CO.'S PIANOS.—A FINE assortment now on hand. Parties who have been heretofore disappointed, can now be supplied. Pianos of our own and various other makers. Sole Agents for CARHART & NEEDHAM'S melodeons, stools, covers, &c., &c. Pianos and melodeons to rent.

JUDSON & MUNGER, No. 519 Broadway.

GOLD MEDAL PIANO-FORTES.—MANUfactured by STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 84 and 88 Walker-st., near Broadway, N. Y. These Pianos received three First Premiums within the last year, in competition with Pianos made by the most celebrated makers of Boston, N. York, Phila. and Baltimore. Prices low.

PIANO-FORTES.—ONE ELEGANTLY CARVED rosewood serpentine 7-octave piano-forte, with scroll legs and finished all round; price, $325. One plain do. $200. Others at $25 up to $250, or to rent at $2, $3, $4, $5, and $6 a month. Pianos tuned and taken in exchange, and Music taught by Prof. DUMSDAY, 295 Grand-st.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrestplank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S PIANO-FORTES.—A large variety just received at the warerooms Nos. 419 and 421 Broadway, corner of Canal. New Pianos to rent on trial. Taylor & Farley's Melodeons, surpassing all others. Special attention is invited to these beautiful instruments.

GREAT SACRIFICE.—A SEVEN-OCTAVE double-round corner rosewood piano-forte, made for a music-teacher by J. Greener, and but little used; will be sold as above; a second-hand piano taken. Please call at No. 158 West Broadway, near Canal.

J. & C. FISCHER'S IMPROVED CIRCULAR-SCALE Piano-Fortes, of superior tone, made in the most substantial manner and warranted. Warerooms No. 326 Broadway, opposite the Broadway Theatre. Manufactory 28th-st. and 9th-av.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN, Piano-forte manufacturers, WAREROOM No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, WHERE a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$25,000.—PARTNER WANTED, SPECIAL or active, in a lucrative manufacturing business in this City. To any one having the above amount this offers a rare opportunity to make money. The goods find a ready sale in this market, and the outlay for machinery comparatively small. Address T. B., *Times* office.

TO LET, FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE, OR A PARTNER TAKEN.—A large stone and brick Chemical Manufactory, and several lots of land, together with a great variety of apparatus, steam engine, &c. A few thousand dollars can be invested here to good advantage. Principals with real names address Box No. 2,[illegible]

A LIGHT MANUFACTURING BUSINESS WANTED.—Any person having such to dispose of, with a regular set of customers, and doing a moderate amount of steady cash business, may hear of a purchaser by addressing a letter, or stating particulars and place, at this (*Times*) office, to S. H. STEVENSON.

TO EDITORS.—ONE-THIRD OF A DAILY Paper, in Boston, will be sold at a bargain, to a person competent to take charge of one of the editorial departments. Address PUBLISHER, at S. M. Pettingill & Co's, No. 119 Nassau-st.

2,000 AGENTS CAN MAKE FROM $60 TO $100 per month. For sample and circular, enclose three postage stamps to JOHN ADAMS, Argyle, Washington Co., New York.

MILLS FOR SALE CHEAP.—TWO RUN French burr stones, with gearing complete. Apply to No. 469 Water-st.

FAMILY TEAS, REFINED AND OTHER SUGARS, GROCERIES, FOREIGN FRUITS, &c.—In all their variety, may be had in quantities to suit families and dealers, on reasonable terms, at the large stores of J. O. FOWLER & CO., Nos. 399 and 401 Greenwich-st. Also, sugar, molasses and butter, suitable for bakers.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, A BARGAIN, IN NEW-BRUNSWICK, N. J.—A handsome residence, with all the modern improvements, but three years old, beautifully situated on high ground, fronting the College Campus, 300 yards from depot, with eight trains each way per day. A more desirable residence for a retired family, or persons doing business in New-York, is seldom offered. Can view the premises with trains, foot of Cortlandt-st., at 8 and 11 A. M., returning at 10 or 1 P. M. Carpets for sale, if desired, and possession given immediately. Terms liberal. Inquire on the premises, or of A. J. MOULTON, No. 70 Wall-st.

WILLIAM FLAGG.

FOR SALE—A LARGE NUMBER OF FIRST-class residences in this City, at prices ranging from $8,000 to $40,000.

Also, to exchange and for sale: City property, country seats and farms in any direction from the City. For sale in Westchester County, a farm of 200 acres at $40 an acre, including 80 tons of hay, stock and implements.

Western and Texan lands for sale and to exchange for real estate and personal property. Purchasers are invited to examine.

HORACE WINANS,

No. 181 Broadway, 3d door.

FOR SALE AT GREENPOINT—A LARGE, handsome and genteel house, finished in the best manner, gas throughout, and all the modern improvements, with two lots handsomely and tastefully arranged, with plenty of fruit trees, as well as ornamental shrubbery, situated about 4 blocks from the 10th-st. Ferry. Apply to BENJ. R. DAVIS, Franklin-st., corner of G. Greenpoint, or of JOHN H. BROAD, 219 4th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE. Possession immediately; on 5th-av., near Madison-square, replete with all the modern improvements; 4 stories, English basement. To a desirable tenant it would be rented eight months, or it would be sold with the furniture. For further particulars, and permission to view premises, apply to J. M. FISKE & Co., No. 19 South-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—SEVERAL very desirable first-class residences; some at very great bargains; three-story basement and cellar brick houses at $2,500 to $10,000; all modern improvements, gas, bath, marble mantels, &c., &c. Persons wishing to buy or exchange, will find it for their interest to apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A VERY DESIRAble cottage house in Oxford-st., between Atlantic and Fulton avs., Brooklyn. Lot 25x100. House, 2 story and basement, with extension; gas in every room; water in kitchen. Will sell or rent low to a good tenant. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, brown-stone front, 25x55 feet, with two-story brick extension, north side 29th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. The house is new and finished in best manner, with all the modern conveniences. Inquire of F. TILLOU, No. 1 Nassau-st., third story.

FOR SALE—TWO HANDSOME HOUSES, WITH high stoops, balconies, and all modern improvements; one is No. 17 41st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.; one No. 91 37th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., north side, now finishing; first-class houses. Inquire on either premises, of the owner.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK house No. 42 Grove-st.; in good order; possession given immediately. Can be seen from 11 to 2. Apply to F. TILLOU, No. 1 Nassau-st., third story.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, AT YONKERS—A factory, with water power and buildings sufficient for a large business, with two acres of ground if required. Apply to J. T. WARING, on the premises.

FOR SALE—NINTH-STREET, HOUSE NO. 111, with all modern improvements, newly painted. Possession given immediately. For sale by

HABICHT & PARISH, No. 20 Beaver-st.

FOR SALE—ON WILLIAM AND SPRUCE STS. 3 very valuable lots, containing old buildings. Lots 25 feet front. Will be sold to close an estate. Also, a lot on 9th-st.

E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 219 4th-av.

FOR SALE—ASTORIA AND RAVENSWOOD country residences and land unimproved, with and without water front, containing from one to three acres of land. Apply to J. M. WHITNEY, Astoria, L. I.

LARGE PIECE OF PROPERTY FOR SALE—Well situated in the lower part of the City, near the East River, but four squares from the City Hall, and but 200 feet from the new Bowery, in every way adapted for manufacturing purposes, and to letting for steam-power, having a first-class five-story building thereon. Also, now on the premises, and running, but two years old, a thirty-horse engine and boilers, capable of driving an engine of about one hundred and twenty horse power, in good order and of celebrated make. For description of property and other particulars, apply to WILLIAM F. LEGGETT, Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company, Merchants' Exchange.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—"RINGview," the residence of Mrs. DAVID S. JONES, just beyond the bounds and south of the city of Poughkeepsie, adjoining the grounds of M. VASSAR, Esq. The house is about 40x50, two stories and attic, with extensive verandahs and wings, and suitable outbuildings; 22 acres of land; fine view of mountain and river scenery. For price and particulars, apply on the premises, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES, OF ANY DEGREE of accommodation, will be erected for a fixed sum, with any amount of land, graded and all in proper order, in one of the most beautiful locations on the Hudson River, within 12 miles of the City. Apply to J. C. SIDNEY, Spuyten Duyvil, or at COX, RICHARDSON & BOYNTON'S, No. 374 Broadway.

VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Or will be exchanged for first-class City property—situated in the town of Rye, near two dépôts, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. For particulars, inquire of T. J. HALL, No. 71 East 16th-st., New-York, between the hours of 7 and 9 A. M., or from 3 to 5 P. M.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE cottage-house, No. 103 South 8th-st., Williamsburg. It has nine rooms—large store-room, pantries and closets in abundance. Gas, bath-room, portable furnace, fine yard with fruit trees, grape vines, &c. Rent $400, and a portion of the furniture for sale very low, if wanted. Apply on the premises, or of J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 28 John-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE AT YONKERS TO LET.—The subscriber will let till 1st May next, the house he occupies, furnished, within six minutes' walk of the steamboat and railroad dépôt. There is a superior view of the river and Staten Island and Jersey shore. Possession Oct. 15. Apply to A. WESSON, 9 Park-place.

TO LET—STORE AND BASEMENT ON CORner of Canal and Elm sts.; lot separate or together, with or without steam-power. Inquire in the store. The extension of Canal-st. makes this a desirable location.

TO LET, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—With immediate possession, three desirable cottages, containing 7 to 9 rooms, besides attic and cellar, with gardens attached, at Astoria, L. I. Apply to H. L. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—TWO THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSES situated in a block of seven houses on 53d-st., between 4th and 5th avs. Croton water to each house. Will be let at a very low rate. Apply to Mr. NEW, house No. 4.

HOTEL NEAR BROADWAY TO LEASE.—The large five-story building occupying the whole lot, 26x120 feet, on the southwest corner of Broome and Elm sts. The premises are all in complete order, with all the modern improvements and conveniences for a first-class hotel. Possession immediately, and rent low to a good tenant. Apply to R. L. SUYDAM, No. 158 Waverley-place, near 6th-av.

YONKERS—TO LET—A LARGE DOUBLE house, newly furnished, with all the modern improvements, or would sell the house and furniture. Inquire of E. W. CANDEE, Room No. 8 of Jones' Court, No. 60 Wall-st.

THREE-STORY DWELLING HOUSE TO LET—No. 47 Carrol-st., Brooklyn. Has just been put in good repair, and will be rented low to a good tenant. Address JOHNSON, at this office.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place, on second floor, in suite, or single offices—a very desirable location. Apply at the Treasurer's office. Entrance on 4th-av.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—IN THE TOWN OF GREENwich, Fairfield County, Conn., all that valuable property and real estate belonging to the estate of Captain DANIEL MERRITT, deceased, of said place, said property being in the immediate vicinity of the dépôt of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company at Greenwich, one hour's ride from the City, and consists of the homestead with about 5 acres of land, 1 storehouse, dock and 3 acres land, 1 cottage house with 3 acres land north side of the railroad; 1 meadow opposite dépôt, of 4 acres land, and other land in the immediate vicinity. Also, 7 valuable building lots on Rocky Neck Point, near the steamboat landing. The whole will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, Sept. 22, 1856, at 1½ P. M.

JOSEPH G. MERRITT, Executor.

FOR SALE—A FARM FIVE MILES ABOVE Newburg, Village of Middle Hope, estate of Nathaniel Tooker, deceased, 85 acres meadow and upland, valuable fruit, good house, fences, &c., in a healthy locality. $5,000 now on mortgage can remain. Further particulars at No. 100 Canal-st., or of GEO. HUSSEY, No. 32 Broadway, room No. 12.

$4,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE on New-York City improved property; also $2,000. Apply to GEO. HUSSEY, No. 32 Broadway, room No. 12.

FARM FOR SALE.—A VERY PRODUCTIVE farm of 34 acres, situated about 1½ miles from the railroad dépôt in Newark; about five acres of fine woodland—the balance under cultivation. Terms liberal. Apply at No. 27 Maiden-lane.

SUPERIOR FARM, AT HYDE-PARK, L. I.—Ninety acres superior land, with a comfortable farm house, containing nine rooms, with excellent and extensive out-houses. Fine young orchard, in bearing, and great variety of other fruit; suitable for a gardener or milkman. A. J. BLEECKER & Co., No. 7 Broad-st.

STEAM POWER.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS TO LET—At reasonable rates, on Canal and Walker sts., near Broadway. The extension of Canal-st., from River to River, gives great advantages to this position. Inquire of J. GAUDU, No. 162 Walker-st.

STEADY POWER—A FEW CHOICE ROOMS still to be had in the Dépôt Building corner of Elm and Franklin sts., one square from Broadway. For the value of the word "steady," see the tenants now there. Inquire of T. BENNETT, on the premises.

STEAM POWER WANTED—A ROOM, 60 by 30, or equal in extent, with about eight-horse power, is wanted on the west side. Near the foot of 7th or 8th sts. preferred. Address Box No. 2,[illegible] Post-Office.

STEADY STEAM POWER TO LET—Large and small rooms, well lighted, at No. 486 Water-st., between Pike and Rutgers slips.

STEAM POWER TO LET—IN LIGHT AND airy rooms, in a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to J. C. BULL & SON, No. 122 Cliff-st.

FINANCIAL.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.

We issue sight bills on the

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,

BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland,

In sums from £1 upwards, at $5 per £.

Address

TAYLOR, BROTHERS, Bankers,

No. 76 Wall-st., New-York.

COLLECTIONS IN GALVESTON, TEXAS. NOTES AND DRAFTS, payable in the above city, collected for a commission of one-quarter of one per cent. Prompt and careful attention given to the collection of notes, drafts and acceptances in all the principal cities and towns of the United States and Canadas. Bills of the Commercial and Agricultural Bank of Galveston redeemed by

KISSAM & TAYLOR, Bankers, No. 26 Wall-st.

REFERENCES—Bank of America, National Bank, Leather Manufacturers' Bank and Shoe and Leather Bank.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE BY THE undersigned to the agent of the State of Indiana for an issue of the following stocks, standing in the name of Miss Elizabeth Dean, viz.:

Certificate No. 441, 2d June, 1847, $16,500 State 5 per cent. Stock.

Certificate No. 444, 2d June, 1847, $4,[illegible] State 2½ per cent. Stock.

Also, to the Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal Loan for an issue of the following:

Certificate No. 268, 2d June, 1847, $12,500 Canal 4 per cent. Preferred Stock.

Certificate No. 271, 2d June, 1847, $4,[illegible] Canal 5 per cent. Special Preferred.

Certificate No. 66, 2d July, 1849, $3,[illegible] Canal Subscription 6 per cent.

The original Certificates of the above Stocks and Bonds having been lost or stolen in England.

THEODORE DEHON, No. 10 Wall-st., near Broadway.

CITY AND COUNTY BONDS FOR SALE.—Cleveland City 7 per cent. bonds, Water Loan.

Detroit City 7 per cent. bonds.

Milwaukee City 7 per cent. bonds.

Chicago City 6 per cent. bonds.

New-Orleans 6 per cent. bonds.

Cincinnati 6 per cent. bonds.

San Francisco 10 per cent. bonds.

St. Louis County 7 per cent. bonds.

Mobile County 7 per cent. bonds.

For sale by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,

Corner of Nassau and Pine sts., New-York.

VALLEY BANK OF MARYLAND.—THE Committee appointed on behalf of the Billholders of this Bank, having addressed the Messrs. Lelands, and received only for answer a reference to the Bank books and Receiver, respectfully request all persons holding Valley Bank money immediately to forward their names, address and respective amounts to LUTHER B. PERT, Counsellor at Law, No. 17 Wall-st., New-York, with a promise to share *pro rata* the necessary expenses of efforts to procure redemption, not exceeding two per cent. on any amount.

CLINTON ROOSEVELT, Chairman.

J. H. HILDRETH, Secretary.

OFFICE RECEIVER OF TAXES—NO. 32 Chambers-st., (new Court House.)—New-York, June 28, 1856.—PUBLIC NOTICE.—To avoid the risks that must inevitably occur from the crowd of Tax-Payers who put off to the latest day the payment of their taxes, I have determined to adopt the following rule, which will be rigidly adhered to during my term of office; I shall receive no money after 2 o'clock, P. M. Every officer in this Department is STRICTLY PROHIBITED from receiving envelopes containing money or checks for the payment of Taxes. By order. HENRY H. HOWARD, Receiver.

$320,000 8 PER CENT. 1ST MORTGAGE Bonds of the Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad Company, payable at the Bank of the Republic.

The subscribers offer for sale the above securities, which are a first lien on 42 miles of the Road, 15 of which are in operation, and would call the attention of capitalists to the same, as a first-class investment. These Bonds bear date May 1, 1856, and are payable May 1, 1882.

A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD CO.,

TREASURER'S OFFICE, CHICAGO, Sept. 12, 1856.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT ALL Coupons for interest on the Bonds of the Chicago and Aurora, and the Central Military Tract Railroad Companies, becoming due after this date, will be paid at maturity at the Bank of Commerce, in New-York City.

AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer, C., B. and Q. R. R. Co.

FURTHER NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF CALIFORNIA WAR BONDS.—The holders of California War Bonds are hereby further notified that the Commissioners will continue to keep their office open in the city of Washington until the first day of November next, until which time they will be ready to receive and direct the payment of the same.

J. W. DENVER, SAMUEL B. SMITH, } Commissioners Cal. War Department.

GROCERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 17, 1856.

ANNUAL ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECtion for thirteen Directors of this Bank, and for three Inspectors of the next ensuing Election, will be held at the Banking House, No. 59 Barclay-st., on MONDAY, Oct. 6, 1856. Polls will be opened from 12 A. M. to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board.

H. D. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

OHIO LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—CINCINNATI, Aug. 25, 1856.—A Special meeting of the stockholders of this Institution will be held at its office, in the city of Cincinnati, on the 30th day of September proximo, for the purpose of electing four Trustees, to take the place of the class of Trustees whose term of service expires on that day. By order of the Board.

CHAS. STETSON, President.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, Sept. 16, 1856.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE PRESIDENT AND Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of four (4) per cent., payable on and after the 6th day of October next, until which time the Transfer Book will remain closed. W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE LACKAWANNA R. R. & COAL CO., No. 90 Broadway, cor. of Wall-st., Sept. 16, 1856.

THE INTEREST COUPONS ON THE BONDS of this Company, due 1st October prox., will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at this office.

MICHAEL MEYLERT, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The undersigned offer for sale the 7 per cent. Coupon Bonds of this Company, (late issue,) having twenty years to run; interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of February and August, at the Company's Agency in this City.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.

GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF ILLINOIS.—Interest Coupons due 1st October, 1856, will be paid on and after that date at the Banking House of MORRIS KETCHUM, Esq., No. 45 William-st., New-York. J. M. CATLIN, President.

A MEETING OF HOLDERS OF THE FIRST and Second mortgage Bonds of the Flushing Railroad Company will be held at the office of JOHN L. RIKER, Esq., No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York, on Thursday, Sept. 25 at 2 o'clock P. M. It is important that every bondholder should be represented at this meeting.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 24, 1856.

NOTICE.—THE INTEREST DUE ON FIRST OF October, on the Mortgage Bonds of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company will be paid at the office of

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

BANK NOTICES.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, March 5, 1856.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, that all the Circulating Notes issued to J. RELF, an individual Banker (Farmers' Banker, Mina, Chautauque County) must be presented at the Office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York, for payment within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the Circulating Notes issued to the said Banker will be given up.

JAS. M. COOK, Superintendent.

N. B.—The Commercial Bank of Albany will redeem the Notes in behalf of the Superintendent.

mh12,'56-lawlyW

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Sept. 26, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided, that all the Circulating Notes issued to C. BAHN, an individual Banker, (Northern Canal Bank, Washington County,) must be presented at the Office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the Circulating Notes issued to the said Banker will be given up.

s27,'54-lawlyW D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Nov. 18, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to THE BANK OF THE UNION, in the City of New-York, a Banking Association, must be presented at the Office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said Bank will be given up.

n22,'54-lawlyW D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, July 9, 1855.—Notice is hereby given, pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to H. VAIL, an individual banker, (Dutchess County Bank, Armenia,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date hereof, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said banker will be given up.

M. SCHOONMAKER,

jy11,'55-lawlyW Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT—STATE OF NEW-YORK—ALBANY, Sept. 16, 1856.—The FARMERS' BANK, of Attica, has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the PARK BANK, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851. JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, NEW-YORK, SEPT. 24, 1856.—The Board of Directors of this Bank having unanimously resolved to increase the capital stock to $2,000,000, and to call in said increased capital as they may from time to time determine, the present stockholders are hereby notified that an installment of $500,000 is required to be paid on or before the 1st November next, and that books of subscription are now opened at the Bank for signature. By order.

ROBERT H. LOWRY, Cashier.

MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION—Corner 3d-av. and 9th-st. Deposits made on or before the 1st October will bear interest from that date at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on sums over $500. Bank open daily from 10 to 2 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock. THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

PHILLIP W. ENGS, Vice-President.

ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK, THIRD-AV., corner of 9th-st., open daily [illegible] and Wednesday and Saturday evenings [illegible]. Interest on deposits of $500 and under, 6 per cent. [illegible]

T. [illegible], President.

BANK NOTICES.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS BANK, NO. 3 Chambers-st. (3 doors from Chatham-st.) open every day from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 2 o'clock, P. M., and on Thursday evenings from 5 to 7 o'clock. Six per cent. interest allowed on sums from $5 to $500; 5 per cent. on sums over $500. All sums deposited on or before the 1st October will draw interest from that date.

CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Sec. PETER A. TIEMAN, Pres.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 96 Warren, near Greenwich-st., open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and 4 to 7 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums from $5 to $500. WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.

[illegible] PULLIS, } Vice-Presidents.

E. D. VAN PELT, }

V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

INSURANCE.

SECURITY FIRE INSURANCE CO.—NO. 33 Pine-st., (Great Western Buildings.) CASH CAPITAL $200,000 ALL PAID IN.—This Company having all its capital paid in, and securely invested, is now ready to receive applications and to issue Policies of Insurance on Merchandise, Buildings, Ships in Port, and other Property, on favorable terms.

JOSEPH WALKER, President.

THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

JOSEPH WALKER,	WILLIAM P. FOWLER,
JOHN HALSEY,	EDWARD WOOD,
ROBT. L. CASE,	WM. DENNISTOUN,
WM. H. HUSSEY,	EDMUND W. CORLIES,
EDWARD WILLETS,	CHAS. E. PARKER,
JOHN D. WARREN,	CHARLES ELY,
WM. M. ABBATT,	WM. BIRDSALL, Jr.,
EDWARD MERRITT,	SMITH LAWRENCE,
HENRY BARROW,	JOSEPH LAWRENCE,
EDWARD HAIGHT,	F. H. WHITLOCK,
JAMES G. GARNER,	SAMUEL C. PAXSON,
RICHARD P. BRUFF,	D. CROMWELL,
S. T. VALENTINE,	R. J. DONNELL,
JOHN R. WILLIS,	GEORGE H. BRYER,
ROBT. L. MURRAY,	DAVID S. KEELER,
WM. ALLEN BUTLER,	EDW'D CROMWELL,
L. B. WYMAN,	MATT'W MITCHELL,
JOHN ALLEN,	GEO. S. GRINNELL.

PROPOSALS.

BROOKLYN WATER WORKS.—NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at their office, No. 4 Wall-st., New-York, until 12 o'clock at noon of THURSDAY, Sept. 25, 1856, for the grading and building complete of about five miles of Conduit or Aqueduct from Baisley's Pond to the pump well.

This work is heavy, and well worth the attention of Contractors; will require about 15,000,000 brick, 20,000 cubic yards of stone masonry, and 150,000 cubic yards of excavation and embankment. Materials can be easily obtained; labor and supplies ready at hand. The work will be divided into convenient sections.

Plans and specifications will be ready for inspection on Tuesday, the 16th inst., at the office of the Nassau Water Company, Halsey's Building, Brooklyn, where the Engineers will give all necessary information, or information may be made to our office.

The right is reserved to reject any of the proposals made.

H. S. WELLES & CO.,

SEPT. 4, 1856. No. 4 Wall-st., New-York.

BROOKLYN WATER WORKS.—NOTICE TO MACHINISTS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned until Oct. [illegible] noon, for the construction of two pumping machines, equal or equal to Cornish, for the Brooklyn Water Works, of capacity to raise ten millions (N. Y.) gallons each, 170 feet high, with three boilers each; to be built and erected complete on the stone foundations prepared for them, and to be of first-class workmanship.

Drawings in detail accurately defining the style and character of engines and appurtenances, to be furnished by the proposers with description.

Specifications and further information may be had at the office of the Chief Engineer, J. B. KIRKWOOD, Esq., No. 4 Halsey's Building, Brooklyn, or of the undersigned.

The right is reserved to reject any of the proposals made.

H. S. WELLES & CO.,

No. 4 Wall-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION,

CORNER OF ELM AND GRAND STS.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 16, 1856.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until the first day of October next, at 4 o'clock P. M., for supplying the Public Schools under the jurisdiction of the Board of Education with Books, Stationery, and other articles required for the use of said Schools during the ensuing year.

A list of the articles will be furnished on application to the Clerk of the Board of Education.

JOHN DAVENPORT,

ANDREW J. PERRY,

ROBERT A. ADAMS, } Committee.

GEORGE WHITE,

WILLIAM JONES, Jr.

PROPOSALS.—SCHOOL FURNITURE.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education until the 1st day of October, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing and fitting up the Primary Department of Ward School No. 22, in Stanton-st., in the XIth Ward, with furniture same as that now in use in Ward School No. 13, VIIIth Ward, and in accordance with the plans and specifications on file at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts. By order of the School Officers of the XIth Ward. GEORGE WHITE, Chairman.

PROPOSALS.—SCHOOL FURNITURE.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Monday, Oct. 6, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing and fitting up the addition recently made to school house No. 28, in 40th-st., between the 7th and 8th avs., according to plans and specifications on file at the Clerk's office aforesaid. By order of the Board of School Officers of the XVIIIth Ward.

ABEL T. ANDERSON, Chairman.

GAS AND FIXTURES.

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES.—A very extensive and varied assortment of the above goods are now being designed and manufactured by us, at our large manufactory, in this City, and at other places. The public are respectfully solicited to the examination and purchase of them, at our warerooms No. 376 Broadway, corner of Spring-st., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. Dealers supplied at short notice, in any quantities, on the most favorable terms. Churches, public buildings, dwellings and stores, both in and out of the City, fitted up with promptness and entire satisfaction.

MITCHELL, BAILEY & CO.

GAS FITTING.—JOHN G. WILSON, GAS AND greenhouse fitter, has a splendid assortment of [illegible] No. [illegible] Centre-st., near Duane. Portable gas apparatus put up to order in city or country. Call and see.

OILS AND PAINTS.

EXTRA REFINED RESIN OIL.

WADSWORTH'S EXTRA REFINED RESIN OILS, FREE FROM ALL DISAGREEABLE ODOR AND WARRANTED to be well adapted for the following purposes:

"BOILED OIL," of a superior grade for "PAINTING."

"MACHINERY OIL," prepared for "RAILROADS, MILLS, FACTORIES," and all classes of MACHINERY; particularly adapted to COLD WEATHER.

"TANNERS' and CURRIERS' OIL," for mixing with TALLOW and finishing.

"FOR GAS," adapted to all the "GAS APPARATUS" now in use.

"FOR PRINTERS' INK, BLACKING, LINIMENTS," and various purposes in the Mechanic Arts.

These Oils are very low in price, manufactured with great care by an improved process of distillation and refining, and offer to dealers more encouragement than any Oils in market.

DANIEL WADSWORTH & CO., Manufacturers,

No. 168 Pearl-st., corner Pine-st.

KEROSENE OILS.

KEROSENE ILLUMINATING OIL.

$4 10 worth of this Oil gives as much light as $20 47 of Sperm Oil.

KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL.

See certificates at the office of the undersigned.

KEROSENE BINNACLE OIL.

Prepared expressly for ship's use.

50,000 gallons of the above Oils for sale.

AUSTENS, Agents.

Kerosene Oil Co., No. 59 Beaver-st., New-York.

ZINC PAINTS.

ZINC PAINT.—THE UNDERSIGNED, AGENTS for the sale of White Oxide of Zinc, manufactured by the PENNSYLVANIA AND LEHIGH ZINC COMPANY, are prepared to receive orders for the same, and would invite the attention of the trade to its evident superiority over others of American manufacture, and the most successful competition with the best of foreign dealers, can with confidence depend upon always obtaining any desired supply of this Paint, which will be found to recommend itself for purity, great body and uniform whiteness. Price and terms arranged on the most liberal footing.

JAMES T. LEWIS & CO., No. 165 Maiden-lane.

THE NEW-JERSEY ZINC COMPANY—BY improved process of manufacture, are now prepared to offer their White Oxide of Zinc, superior in whiteness to any other manufactured in the country. Sold either dry or ground in oil by

H. AITKEN & CO., Agents, No. 163 Washington-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name and firm of REYNOLDS & BUCKLIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the interest of ORLANDO J. REYNOLDS in the concern having been transferred by him to the firm of BUCKLIN & FULLER.

ORLANDO J. REYNOLDS,

McDONOUGH BUCKLIN.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The subscribers have this day formed a copartnership for the manufacture [illegible] under the name and firm of BUCKLIN & FULLER, [illegible] the business of the late firm of REYNOLDS & BUCKLIN, will be liquidated by the undersigned.

McDONOUGH BUCKLIN,

WILLIAM B. FULLER.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 10, 1856.

BOUNTY LANDS.

LAND WARRANTS WANTED—

TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,

No. 76 Wall-st., New-York.

Orders promptly supplied. Warrants always on hand.

LAND WARRANTS WANTED, BY KIRTLAND & CO., No. 42 Wall-st., New-York. Orders promptly filled.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

ENCAUSTIC TILES FOR VESTIBULES, halls, hearths, dining-rooms, conservatories, &c. Garnkirk Chimney-tops, drain-pipes, &c. For sale by MILLER & COATES, No. 279 Pearl-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible] Auctioneer.

TO UNDERTAKERS. [illegible] Sale of the Stock of a [illegible] COFFIN WAREHOUSE. [illegible] will sell on THURSDAY, 25th inst., at [illegible] o'clock, at No. [illegible] Bowery, a large stock of rosewood, mahogany and white-wood coffins of every size and [illegible], being the stock of a wholesale dealer, and [illegible] will be sold for cash. Worthy the attention of the trade. Catalogues now ready.

[illegible] W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Rosewood parlor suites, rosewood [illegible], rich carpets, bronzes, oil-paintings, [illegible], &c., at auction at No. 189 West 21st-st., near [illegible].

[illegible] WESTCOTT will sell on THURSDAY, Sept. [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock, all the costly furniture of the above [illegible] without reserve [illegible]. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Auctioneer.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, AT 10 1-2 o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 118 Nassau-st., a large and splendid assortment of Rosewood, Oak, Walnut and Mahogany Furniture, French plate, pier and mantle glasses, fine oil paintings, rich cut glass and China ware, Piano-fortes, &c.; forming one of the most extensive and beautiful collections of Household Furniture ever offered at auction in this City. Catalogues will be ready, and the articles can be examined on the day previous to sale, when our friends, and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Every facility will be afforded to purchasers for boxing and shipping. It is well known to our friends that we make liberal cash advances [illegible], therefore we feel at liberty to sell without reserve. Parties wishing to purchase for the Trade or otherwise, can buy with confidence. Every article will be warranted as represented. In the stock will be found richly carved bedstead and dressing bureau of Louis XIV style, made to order in Philadelphia, and cost $[illegible]; [illegible] yards superior tapestry carpeting; 6 rosewood [illegible] and 7 octave pianofortes by some of the best City manufacturers; [illegible] French plate mirrors, fine oil paintings; solid rosewood parlor suites in satin brocatel and plush, richly carved rosewood etageres, marble-top centre, side and sofa tables, French secretaries, bookcases, music cabinets, [illegible], hall stands with chairs to match, patent camp [illegible] extension dining tables, dining room chairs, [illegible] Turkish easy chairs, oak and walnut [illegible], wardrobes, rosewood, mahogany, walnut and oak bedsteads; marble-top bureaus and washstands, [illegible].

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT RESIDENCE AND VILLA PLOTS AT AUCTION.—DAVID SCOTT will sell, at public auction, THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, the well-known elegant residence occupied by Charles A. Gregory, Esq., situated on Bergen Heights, near the Court-House, now the City of Hudson, within 2½ miles from the Jersey City Ferry. House 48 by [illegible], containing twenty rooms, built of the very best materials, walls sixteen inches thick, with marble mantels throughout, kitchen range in the basement, bath-room, with warm and cold water, and furnace of the most approved construction, with registers throughout, and gas pipes ready for the introduction of gas; the whole constituting one of the most substantial and elegant residences in Hudson County. There is, besides, on the premises a first-rate gardener's house, built of brick; also, a good stable and carriage house, hennery, &c., together with an abundance of all kinds of choice fruit trees and shrubbery. The view from the above premises is unsurpassed, overlooking the bay and harbor of New-York, Narrows, City of Newark, and the whole surrounding country. Also, will be sold, after the above, twenty-one desirable building plots, adjoining the above, as delineated on the map. A [illegible] and spacious street passes through the whole front of this property on Newark-avenue. Terms liberal, and will be made known on the day of sale. For further particulars, inquire of the auctioneer, No. 75 Montgomery-st.

A. J. BLEECKER & Co., Auctioneers.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON SPRING AND THIRD STS.—Messrs. ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the valuable property known as No. 56 Spring-st., being a lot of ground [illegible], with three buildings thereon —one frame and two with brick fronts. Also, the property known as No. [illegible] 3d-st. The lot is [illegible], with one brick and two frame houses thereon. This property rents for $1,[illegible] per annum. A portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. For maps, &c., apply at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st. By order, JAS. H. & WM. H. FULLIS, Executors.

GILBERT B. SAVAGE, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE AT salesroom No. 66 Cedar-st., between Broadway and Nassau-st., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24, commencing at 10½ A. M., the entire stock of a wholesale grocer, closing business; a large and prime lot of sugars, white refined, light brown and brown; a large invoice of superior teas, [illegible]; raisins, prunes, dates, tamarinds, pickles, catsups, [illegible], brandy in cases, casks and demijohns; claret, port, sherry, Madeira and champagne wines. This sale will be worthy the attention of the dealers, grocers and country merchants. Catalogues and samples at salesroom on Tuesday. BAGLEY & SAVAGE, No. 66 Cedar-st.

JOHN S. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—JOHN S. VAN ANTWERP'S [illegible] Fall Trade Sale of hardware will take place on THURSDAY, Sept. 25, at 10 o'clock, at No. [illegible] Pearl-st., commencing with the entire stock of a retail hardware house to be sold by order of assignee. Also, for account of whom it may concern, slightly damaged, 1,000 dozen Marsh Bros. & Co.'s best hardware, steel assorted, ¾ to 3½ inches. Also, 2 cases French [illegible], assorted, to be sold by [illegible]. Also, slightly damaged, [illegible] dozen beating and [illegible]. Also, 40 bags English horse-nails, 10lb. A large invoice of Birmingham patterns. Catalogues day previous.

W. PELL, Auctioneer.

MARBLE MANTELS AT AUCTION.—PELLS & CO. will sell at auction, THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Sept. 24, at 11 o'clock, at the Warerooms of Messrs. Boyle & Lander, Nos. 4 and 6 East 20th-st., near Broadway, the entire valuable stock, comprising richly sculptured and heavily moulded statuary, Italian marble mantels of modern designs; large variety of white ordinary [illegible], black and gold and Mosaic Italian marble mantels. Also, mantels of Pyrenean, Sarrancolin, Portuguese, [illegible] and other descriptions of foreign marbles, all finished in the most artistic styles. Terms.—Four months, over $100, approved indorsed notes. Catalogues ready. Mantels now ready for examination.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF CARPETS, PARLOR [illegible], bedsteads, bureaus, &c., for account and risk of J. Hallet Smith and Henry V. Conklin, and others whom it may concern. FRANKLIN, NICHOLS & CO. will sell at No. 65 Nassau-st., THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, to the highest bidders, about 250 yards Brussels and ingrain carpets, one rosewood parlor suite, also, several bureaus and bedsteads, and other furniture, and several articles of fancy goods. A deposit of 10 per cent. required from every purchaser.

TUNIS MORRELL, Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF FURNITURE, MIRRORS, &c., &c.—Will be sold THIS MORNING, 10½ o'clock, at No. 79 Nassau-st.; catalogues, with full description, can be had. Shippers, dealers, and those for own use, will attend, as the quality, style, and assortment is equal to any private house rooms. The demand for cash requires this sacrifice. N. B.—Shipped and conveyed where desired.

JOHN S. VANDERVATER, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 24, at 10½ o'clock, at the Salesroom No. 88 Nassau-st., brandies, wines, liquors, cigars, &c. &c., consisting of cognac, otard and other brandies, in casks or cases; Holland gin, Schiedam schnapps, Jamaica and St. Croix rum; Irish, Scotch, and Monongahela whisky, champagne, claret, port, Madeira, and sherry wines, &c., &c.; also, a large lot of imported and domestic cigars.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

SALE OF MAGNIFICENT GILT FRAME FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS AND PIER GLASSES, OIL-PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, &c.—THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. [illegible] Nassau-st., will be sold without reserve, 20 mirrors and pier-glasses of different styles; also 50 oil-paintings of superior merit, by Greeley and other eminent artists.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

BY FRANKLIN, NICHOLS & CO.—THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. 65 Nassau-st. Sale of enameled chamber furniture, with plain and marble tops, in suites of different styles; also several new hair mattresses, palliasses, feather beds, pillows, bolsters, &c., to be sold without reserve by order of mortgagees.

W. C. ALBERTUS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—W. C. ALBERTUS will sell on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24, at 10½ o'clock, in Washington-st., between Front and Water-sts., Brooklyn, horses, light wagons, brick and dirt carts, grocery and feed wagons, harness, carriages, &c., to pay storage and charges. Sale positive.

EDWARD SCHENCK & Co., Auctioneers, No. 23 Nassau-st.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, SEPT. 25—At 10½ o'clock, an importer's stock of wines, brandies, cordials, [illegible], &c., in casks, cases and demijohns, including champagne in bond, cognac, brandies, sherries, ports, Madeira, Hol. gin, rum, Scotch, Irish and Bourbon whisky, &c. Sale positive.

TUNIS MORRELL, Auctioneer.

CIGARS.—100,000 SUPERIOR HAVANA CIGARS, [illegible], in the best of order, will be sold, without reserve, at the salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st., at 10½ o'clock THIS MORNING. Dealers, &c., will attend promptly, as the sale will be completed before 11 o'clock.

[illegible] Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., at No. 127 Atlantic, between Court and Boerum-sts., Brooklyn, parlor, chamber and kitchen furniture. Catalogues at the salesroom.

[illegible] AUCTION.—IRON SAFES.—FIFTEEN NEW [illegible] safes, [illegible] for account of whom it may concern [illegible] THURSDAY, 25th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. [illegible].

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible], Auctioneer.

WILL SELL WITHOUT RESERVE, IN the Merchants' Exchange on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 1, at 12 o'clock, the elegant Gothic dwelling house located upon Lewis-terrace, in West Morrisania. This property is situated in one of the most healthy, convenient and pleasant locations for a gentleman's residence in the vicinity of New-York, being only ten miles from the City Hall, one mile from the High Bridge, thirty minutes' ride from 26th-st., and but a few minutes' walk from both the Melrose and Morrisania depots. Twelve trains of cars pass to and from the City daily, at a yearly commutation of $50 or 18 cents a single trip. The house stands upon a beautiful elevation about 75 feet above the level of the ocean, in view of the East and Harlem Rivers and commanding an extensive an delightful prospect of the surrounding country, presenting a very attractive appearance. The house is large, convenient and nearly new, substantially built, and as warm as a brick or stone house, the sides being filled in with brick. The grounds containing about 1½ acres, are tastefully laid out and handsomely ornamented with a variety of shrubbery; several hundred acres of land upon the west side of the railroad, having been restricted to first-class dwellings, of which this property forms a part, renders it one of the most desirable neighborhoods in the State. A perpetual right of way east of said property will also be included in the above sale, affording both an east and west entrance to the dwelling; the title is indisputable; $2,000 only of the purchase money will be required down, the balance can remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years; particulars will be given at the sale; persons wishing to examine the premises previous to the sale, will have ample time to do so by taking the trains, which leave White and Centre sts. 2½ and 3½ o'clock, P. M. For particulars inquire of N. McGRAW, at the Furniture store of Stillwell & Hamilton No. 455 Broadway, or of the Auctioneers, No. 45 Nassau-st.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, LACE CURTAINS, RICH CARPETS, PARLOR FURNITURE IN ROSEWOOD, &c., &c.—F. COLTON will sell, THIS DAY, Wednesday, Sept. 24, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 18 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and West Broadway, the entire genteel furniture of the house, comprising in part one very superior rosewood piano-forte, 6⅔ octave, made by one of the best makers in the City, and but little used; one or two suites of rosewood parlor furniture in brocatel, mahogany wardrobes, lace curtains, velvet, three-ply and other carpets, mahogany and marble-top centre and side tables, French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, sofas, tête-à-têtes, marble-top washstands, dining-tables, beds and hair mattresses, blankets, counterpanes, quilts, sheets, table linen, China and glass ware, cutlery, stoves, gas chandeliers, together with every article in the house. N. B.—The furniture has for the most part been made to order and is in first-rate condition, and must be removed this day and to-morrow.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, AT 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. 65 Nassau-st.; sale of French China and glass ware, superior silver-plated ware, consisting of casters, spoons, forks, goblets, cups, table knives, &c.; also, table cutlery, clocks, toilet ware, parian and stone China pitchers, fancy goods, &c., &c.

TUNIS MORRELL, Auctioneer.

LIGHT WAGONS.—THIS MORNING, AT 10½ o'clock at No. 79 Nassau-st., two pleasure wagons (new and first-rate article) must be sold. N. B.—Livery stable keepers and private gentlemen will attend the sale in front of salesroom where they are now exhibited.

JOHN P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.

350 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS, at auction, on THURSDAY, Sept. 25, at 10½ o'clock, at the store of S. N. DAVIS & Co., No. 36 Beekman-st.; fresh seasonable goods, adapted to City and country trade, without reserve for cash.

W. C. ALBERTUS, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF GOLD, SILVER and plated watches, cameo sets, breastpins, ear rings, finger rings, studs, sleeve buttons, &c., on THURSDAY, Sept. 25, at 10½ o'clock, No. 19 Court-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn.

SALE OF CABINET MAKERS' STOCK OF SUPERIOR CUSTOM-MADE FURNITURE.—THIS (Wednesday) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, at Salesroom of FRANKLIN, NICHOLS & CO., No. 65 Nassau-st., consisting, in part, of solid carved oak, rosewood, mahogany, and walnut parlor and chamber suites, secretary and library bookcases, etageres, dining-room chairs and tables, sofas, lounges, side, centre, card and fancy tables, arm, rocking, spring-seat and fancy chairs, wardrobes, bedsteads, plain and dressing bureaus, washstands, quartette tables, single and in sets, corner stands, bookstands, &c., &c. We especially invite the attention of intending buyers to this sale, as the goods offered will be warranted and must be sold. Catalogues on morning of sale. Packing done on the premises at a reasonable charge.

POSITIVE SALE.—VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY property at auction on WEDNESDAY, October 1, 1856, at 1 o'clock, on the premises, in Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y. Two very desirable dwelling houses, with large yard and garden attached, containing an assortment of fine fruit trees. Also, about twenty building lots, of dimensions to suit purchasers, the whole situated adjoining and near the New-Haven Railroad Depot. This sale affords an opportunity seldom met with to persons doing business in New-York and desiring a residence in the country. The property fronting the depot is one of the best locations for a first-class hotel to be found on the line of the road. The sale is positive to the highest bidder, without reserve. For information and map of the property, apply to A. PIXLEY, on the premises, or to PHINEAS POTTER, No. 186 Pearl-st., N. Y.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

VIEILLE MONTAGNE ZINC COMPANY OF BELGIUM AND FRANCE.

The subscribers, Agents of this Company, are prepared to supply dealers with their various products, on liberal terms, viz.:

ZINC WHITE PAINT, more brilliant in color and more durable than lead.

SHEATHING ZINC AND NAILS, for sheathing vessels.

SHEET ZINC, of extra size and thickness, for manufacturers' purposes.

ROOFING ZINC, of various descriptions.

Contracts made for the roofing of stores and large buildings under the superintendence of experienced Paris roofers, and guaranteed for five years or longer.

STRONG & SMITH, No. 49 Broad-st., New-York.

METALS, HARDWARE, MANUFACTURERS' MATERIALS, &c.—

Block Tin,	Old Copper,	Old Lead,	Spelter,
Antimony,	Ingot Copper,	Pig Lead,	Solder,
Babbitt,	Brazier's Copper,	Sheet Lead,	Pig Iron.

ALSO,

Cut Nails,	Pump Chain,	Axes,	Files,
WroughtNails,	Wagon Axles,	Shovels,	Vises,
Rivets, Bolts,	Blasting Fuse,	Crow Bars,	Anvils,
Nuts, Washers,	Horse Shoes,	Picks,	Bellows.

ALSO,

Engine Oil,	Cast Steel,	Fisk's Crucibles,
Lard Oils,	German Steel,	Hardware Paper,
Whale Oils,	Iron Wire,	Manila Paper,
London Emery,	Brass and Copper do.,	Bellows Pipes,
Refined Borax,	Sheet Brass,	Bellows Nails.

For sale at low rates by DELAPIERRE & LOCKWOOD, Nos. 81 and 83 Dey-st.

WIRE ROPE FOR ALL KINDS OF HOISTING, including SUGAR HOUSES, MINES, INCLINED PLANES, &c. Also, for STANDING RIGGING, for vessels of every description, and SASH WEIGHTS FOR WINDOWS.

ASHCROFT'S STEAM GAUGES, DUDGEON'S HYDRAULIC JACKS, ALLEN & NOYES' METALLIC PACKING, &c., for STEAM VESSELS.

ENGINES, BOILERS and MACHINERY bought and sold on commission. CHAS. W. COPELAND, Consulting Engineer, No. 66 Broadway, New-York. Also, PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS prepared.

EAGLE FACTORY CLINCH NAILS.—These Nails are manufactured from an excellent quality of iron, are of proper shape, and being very tough, can be recommended as a superior article. A full assortment of the usual sizes on hand, and for sale by the manufacturers' Agents. BUSSING, CROCKER & DODGE, No. 32 Cliff-st.

STEAM BOILERS FOR SALE.—NINE VERtical tubular Boilers, with appurtenances complete, from 15 inches diameter, having 18 4-feet tubes, to 32 inches diameter, having 61 5-feet tubes; well adapted for heating buildings; very cheap. CHARLES W. COPELAND, Consulting Engineer, No. 66 Broadway, N. York.

RAILROAD IRON.—A CARGO OF 300 TONS, to arrive shortly, Erie pattern, 57 pounds per lineal yard and of approved make. For sale by THEODORE DEHON, No. 10 Wall-st., near Broadway.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

JEWELRY AND DIAMONDS VERY LOW.—The subscriber, for the last eighteen years in business in Wall-st., is selling all descriptions of fine Gold, Diamond and all other kinds of Jewelry, at wholesale and retail, at much less than the usual prices.

Ladies' beautiful Gold, Cameo, Mosaic, Carbuncle and Pearl-set Ear-rings, Pins and Bracelets, in boxes, each	$20 00 to	$100 00
Ladies' Pins, Gold, Cameo, Mosaic, Pearl and Carbuncle	2 50 to	20 00 each
Ladies' Ear-rings, Gold, Cameo, Mosaic, Pearl, Carbuncle, &c.	2 50 to	25 00 a pair
Gold Guard Chains, Chatelaine Chains, Fob Chains and Vest Chains	5 00 to	35 00 each
Pure Gold Wedding Rings	2 50 to	8 00 each
Ladies' Gold Bracelets	7 00 to	60 00 each
Plain and Chased Gold Rings	75 cents to	6 00 each
Gentlemen's Seal Rings	3 00 to	20 00 each
Garnet, Opal, Pearl and other Stone Rings	2 00 to	30 00 each
Fine Gold Thimbles	3 50 to	9 00 each
Gold Guard Keys, Fob Keys and Seals	1 50 to	25 00 each
Gold Pens and Pencils	2 00 to	15 00 each
Gold Pencils	1 00 to	7 00 each
Ladies' Porte-monnaies	1 50 to	15 00 each
Gold Crosses and Necklaces	2 00 to	17 00 each
Gold and Stone Sleeve-Buttons and Studs	2 00 to	15 00 a set
Gold Spectacles and Eye-Glasses	1 75 to	15 00
Diamond Ear-rings, Pins, Finger-rings and Crosses	9 00 to	500 00
Gold Armlets, Scarf Pins and Silver Thimbles	25 cents to	40 00

GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, near Broadway, up stairs.

GOLD WATCHES AND STERLING SILVER WARE, together with a large assortment of Diamonds and all kinds of fine Gold Jewelry, &c.

Gold Detached Levers for ladies	$35 to $60
Gold Best Enamel Levers for ladies	100 to 150
Gold Jules Jurgensen Watches	150 to 250

Also, all kinds of Watches, at equally low prices. Real Albata Plated-ware, Forks, Spoons, Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, &c., very low. All articles guaranteed to be as represented.

SQUIRES, LANDER & CO., No. 97 Fulton-st.

BRACELETS, LADIES' GOLD BRACELETS.—The subscriber is selling all descriptions of mosaic, cameo, coral, and all gold bracelets for ladies, at retail, at very low prices.

Plain band bracelets ... $5 to $8 each.
Cameo Bracelets ... [illegible] to [illegible] each.

GEORGE C. ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor, near Broadway.

MEDICAL.

JUST PUBLISHED: A new edition of that practical medical work,

HUMAN FRAILTY, OR PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCHES.

It is beautifully illustrated, and describes the causes and effect of all diseases of a delicate nature; it contains copious instructions for the perfect restoration of those who are prevented by impediments from entering into the marriage state, with observations on the direful results of early abuse; also a professional dissertation, illustrating the results of chemical tests and examination of the Spermatozoa, by the Patentee's newly-constructed Urinometer, with powerful lenses, also instructions for the proper treatment and cure of every stage and form of those disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury, to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution. Price 25 cents. Sent post-paid to any address.

This invaluable work may be obtained, as well as the Triesemar, from Dr. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. To be consulted, as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 6 till 8 in the evening.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM.

THIS CELEBRATED REMEDY FOR WEAK AND INFLAMED EYES was constantly used, with signal success, by a distinguished Oculist during a long professional career; and may be confidently relied upon as the very best salve that can be used. In cases where the eyelids are inflamed, it acts almost like magic in relieving all irritations, and usually effects a complete cure after a few applications. Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, No. 100 Fulton-st., New-York.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.—MR. KENNEDY, of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over 1,100 cases, and never failed, except in two cases, both thunder humor. He has now in his possession over 200 certificates of its virtue, all within 20 miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two to three bottles will clear the system of boils.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effects of it in every case. So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it but that sold another; after a trial, it always speaks for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising—first, that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846; second, that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise and great popularity of the discovery, I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it, and sold about six bottles per day. In April, 1854, I sold over a thousand bottles per day.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you can get, and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adults, one table spoonful per day; children over 8 years dessert spoonful; children from 5 to 8 years, tea-spoonful. As no direction can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

Mr. KENNEDY gives personal attendance in bad cases of Scrofula.

Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, No. 120 Warren-st., Roxbury, Mass. Price $1.

MARSH, ORVIS & CO., No. 150 Greenwich-st.; BOYD & PAUL, Chambers-st.; F. C. WELLS & CO., Franklin-st.; McKESSON, ROBBINS & CO., No. 115 Maiden-lane; HAVILAND, HARRAL & RISLEY, Warren-st.; WARD, CLOSE & CO., Maiden-lane; and retailed by all respectable Druggists.

Wholesale agents for New-York: CHAS. H. RING, No. 192 Broadway; C. V. CLICKENER, No. 81 Barclay-st.; A. B. & D. SANDS, No. 100 Fulton-st., and retailed by all respectable Druggists. Also by Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; BARNES & PARK, No. 304 Broadway.

NEW AND IMPORTANT DISCOVERY IN THE SCIENCE OF MEDICINE.—TRIESEMAR.—None are genuine unless the engravings of the Seals of the Patent Office of England, the Seals of the Ecole de Pharmacie de Paris, and the Imperial College of Vienna, are fixed upon each wrapper and around each case.

Sold by Dr. H. A. BARROW—Member of the Imperial College of Vienna, and Royal College of Surgeons, London, who may be personally consulted at his residence, No. 157 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway,) New-York from 11 o'clock in the morning till 2, and from 6 o'clock till 8 in the evening, (Sundays excepted.)

TRIESEMAR No. 1—Is the remedy of general and local debility, loss of virile power, premature decay, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, &c.; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering its use invaluable to those entering the marriage state.

TRIESEMAR No. 2—Entirely eradicates all traces of those disorders which copevia and cubebs have so long been thought an antidote for to the ruin of the health of a vast portion of the population.

TRIESEMAR No. 3—Is the great European remedy for that class of disorders which, unfortunately, the English physician treats with mercury to the inevitable destruction of the patient's constitution, and which all the Sarsaparilla in the world cannot remove.

TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3, are prepared in the form of a lozenge, devoid of taste or smell, and can be carried in the waistcoat pocket. *Sold in tin cases and divided in separate doses as administered* by Valpeau, Lalleman, Roux, Ricord, &c., &c. Price $3 each, or four cases in one for $9, which saves $3; and in $27 cases whereby there is a saving of $9. To be had wholesale and retail, of Dr. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., a few blocks west of Broadway, New-York.

Special arrangements having been made with the various Expresses, the nine-dollar cases of the Triesmar, and the larger sizes, will be forwarded by Dr. Barrow, carriage paid, immediately on receiving a remittance, to any part of the world, securely packed, and addressed according to the instructions of the writer, thus securing to the public genuine European preparations, and effectually protecting them from spurious and pernicious imitations. The three-dollar cases sent as usual, but not free of carriage.

Consultation and attendance from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 6 till 8.

No. 157 Prince-st., (few blocks west of Broadway,) New-York.

PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.—DR. WATSON has, for a long series of years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than twenty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and do not keep the patient from business, or expose him to detection. An immediate application should always be made; but if the disease has lain concealed in the system, or has spread by injudicious treatment, the undersigned knows himself especially competent to treat such cases, by a method at once safe, speedy and efficacious. Dr. WATSON is in constant attendance, from 7 in the morning until 9 at night, at his consulting rooms and residence, No. 55 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway. W. WATSON, M. D., Formerly Surgeon to the Lock Hospital.

DR. LARMONT'S PARIS AND LONDON MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE—20th edition, 400 pages, 108 electrotype pictures, cloth, $1 and four stamps. Mailed free. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, Primary and Constitutional, Emissions, Impotency, &c. Office—No. 39 Mercer-st., corner Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. Hours—10 A. M. to 9 evening. Sundays—1 to 3 P. M. His book is also sold at No. 222 Broadway. We commend Dr. LARMONT to the afflicted.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, Staats Zeitung, Democrat, Day Book, &c.*

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. HUNTER cures when the treatment of other physicians and all other remedies fail. His Red Drop is your only reliance for a thorough cure in certain diseases. No. 3 Division-st., the only place now so well known for the very extraordinary cures it has performed, without diet or hindrance from business, when all other remedies only drive the disease in the blood. $1 only. This secures the patient from secondary attacks, and is the only remedy on earth that does it. Try all others and see. Observe the number, and beware of a handbill stating that Dr. Hunter has removed—it is a villainous humbug.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—DR. C. D. HAMMOND, Consulting and Operative Surgeon, formerly a pupil with RICORD, of Paris, and with the celebrated Surgeons of this City, Drs. Carnochan and Mott, may be consulted, confidentially, for the treatment and cure of diseases, at his conveniently located rooms, No. 516 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel. His extended observations in the famous Hospital du Midi, in Paris, under RICORD himself, (who is unquestionably the first living surgeon in derangements of the sexual system,) together with his many efficient remedies, render failure impossible. Also, treatment by letter, and the remedies, securely sealed, forwarded. Consultations in English or French. C. D. HAMMOND, M. D.

DR. WATSON'S NEW WORK.—"THE CAUSE AND CURE"—A complete practical treatise on spermatorrhea and premature exhaustion, with local debility, induced by early indiscretion, excess or other causes, in which the nature and effects of this insidious malady, together with the treatment, are fully explained; illustrated by numerous anatomical plates and drawings, with a supplement on genito-urinary diseases. Price, $1. To be had of the author, who may be consulted confidentially at No. 55 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

DR. DOW'S NEW SYSTEM OF MEDICINE.—TO THE MARRIED AND SINGLE OF BOTH SEXES.—Information not generally available, and of great importance to males and females of delicate health, especially those arising from general debility, will be sent on the receipt of eight stamps. Address Dr. SEPTEMUS DOW, New-York.

MURRAY'S FLUID MAGNESIA—PREpared under the immediate superintendence of the discoverer, Sir JAMES MURRAY, for sale by SCHIEFFELIN BROTHERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 170 William-st., cor. Beekman-st., New-York.

DR. THOMPSON'S ANTISEPTIC AND aromatic tooth soap, a most convenient, clean, pleasant and effective dentifrice, sold by druggists generally; also at the Crystal Palace, for 25 cents a box. Office, No. 324 Broadway.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.—SOUTHERN AND Western dealers and club houses will find a complete assortment of well-seasoned playing cards, of all qualities at the depot of the Philadelphia Card Factory of SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Astor House.

RAILROADS.

SARATOGA AND LEBANON SPRINGS. HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

TWO DAILY EXPRESS LINES FOR PASSENGERS LEAVING.

Passengers leave Chambers-st. Station for Saratoga and Lebanon Springs, Direct.

At 6 A. M. Arrive at Saratoga at 12:45 P. M., Lebanon Springs at 1¼ P. M.

At 12 M. Arrive at Saratoga at [illegible] P. M., and at Lebanon Springs at 7¾ P. M.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through.

The same trains connect at Peekskill for Lake Mahopac.

At Oakhill for Catskill Mountain House.

At Albany for Niagara Falls and the Lakes.

And at Troy for Lake George and Canada.

A. F. SMITH, Sup't.

GREAT AMERICAN ROUTE! MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD TO CHICAGO, St. Louis, Rock Island, St. Paul's, Milwaukee, and all places West and Southwest, *via* New-York and Erie, New-York Central, American Lake Shore Railroads, and the Company's splendid steam palaces to Toledo, forming the shortest, quickest and pleasantest route to the Great West. For through tickets and rates of freight, apply at the Company's Office, No. 193 Broadway, corner of Dey-st., New-York. JOHN F. PORTER, Agent.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE.

The Through Ticket and Freight Office of the GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY, *MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD*, and their Railroad and Steamboat Connections to Chicago, Milwaukee, Galena, Burlington, St. Louis, Cairo, and all points West and Southwest, *via* Suspension Bridge, Buffalo or Oswego, is at No. 173 Broadway, New-York, corner of Cortlandt-st. DARIUS CLARK, Agent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—On and after Thursday, Aug. 7, 1856, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.: Buffalo Express, at 6 A. M., for Buffalo. Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk. Mail, at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations. Passengers by this train remain over night at Owego, and proceed the next morning. Chicago Express, at 1 P. M., for Dunkirk. Rockland Passenger, at 3:30 P. M., (from foot of Chambers-st.,) *via* Piermont for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburg and Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. Emigrant, at 6 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations.

THE ABOVE TRAINS RUN DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED. The Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton, with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning, with Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester; at Great Bend, with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Buffalo and Dunkirk, with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

D. C. McCALLUM, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD—FARE REDUCED.—Only $1 50 from New-York to Albany, the inland route connecting with Western, and Northern Railroads.

8:40 A. M. Express train for Albany without change of cars, connecting with 11:15 A. M. Central and Northern trains, 9:10 A. M. Mail train stopping at William's Bridge, and all stations above.

3:20 P. M. Express connecting with the Central Railroad at 11 P. M.

RETURNING, LEAVE ALBANY.

8:30 A. M. Express train, without change of car.
9:15 A. M. Mail train.
4:30 P. M. Express for New-York.

We invite all passengers on business or pleasure to take the Harlem Road, which, for comfort, promptness or safety, is unsurpassed. The Albany trains are now fitted up with Creamer's approved brakes, which place the trains under the control of the Engineer, rendering it the safest Road in the Union.

Tickets to be obtained, or baggage checked, at the office of the Western Railroad, Albany, or at White and Centre, Broome and 26th sts., New-York.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

COLLINGWOOD ROUTE.—FROM NEW-York to Toronto, Georgian Bay, Mackinaw, Sault St. Marie, Lake Superior, Green Bay, Manitowoc, and all Lake Michigan Ports, *via* New-York and Erie or New-York Central Roads. The above route is now open for the transit of freight and passengers to all the above points. The following first-class steamers run in connection with the road: *Europa* and *Champion* on Lake Ontario; *Buckeye State, Queen City, Key Stone State, Niagara, Louisiana, Canada* and *Collingwood*, on Lakes Huron and Michigan. Fare to Mackinaw, $17 50; fare to Green Bay and Lake Michigan ports, $19 50, including meals and berths on Lake steamers. For all information in relation to tickets and freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 267 Broadway, New-York.

J. D. GRANT, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON, PLATTSBURG, ROUSE'S POINT AND MONTREAL SAME DAY.—Leave New-York *via* Hudson River Railroad at 6 A. M.; leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 11:15 A. M.; arrive at Rutland at 3:30, Burlington 5:15, Plattsburg 7:15, Rouse's Point 8 P. M., Montreal 10:30 P. M., and Ogdensburg next morning. Leave New-York at 9 A. M. and 12 noon; leave Troy by Troy and Boston Railroad at 5:45; arrive at Rutland 9:15 P. M., lodge; leave at 6 A. M.; arrive at Ogdensburg and Montreal same afternoon. Leave New-York at 5 P. M., lodge at Troy; leave at 6:30 A. M., for all points north and east of Rutland. ISAAC V. BAKER, Superintendent of Troy and Boston Railroad.

MAY 5, 1856.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM MAY 19, 1856, the trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express, 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Mail, 9 A. M.; Through Way Train, 12 M.; Emigrant, 7 P. M.; For Poughkeepsie, 7 A. M. and 1 P. M.; For Sing Sing, 10:30 A. M. and 3:45 P. M. This train leaves every Friday evening at 11 P. M. For Hudson 3:30 P. M. For Peekskill 4 and 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Sing Sing, and Peekskill Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:35, 8:50 and 10:45 A. M., and 4:35 P. M.; and East Albany at 5, 8:50 and 11:15 A. M., and 5 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, to Scranton, Great Bend, the North and West, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, to Mauch Chunck.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing June 9, 1856. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places, from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., and 3:30 P. M.; for Somerville, at 7:30 and 10:45 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 3 and 5 P. M.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST *via* JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M., $3; 12 M., $2 25; stopping at all way stations. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati ($17 and $15 50) and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW INLAND ROUTE TO PROVIDENCE, NEWPORT, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, &c. *via* PROVIDENCE, HARTFORD AND FISHKILL RAILROAD.—On and after April 17 trains leave Hartford at 7:10 A. M. (Accommodation) and 12:45 P. M., Express. Leave Providence 9 A. M., Express, 2:30 P. M., Accommodation, connecting at Hartford with Express trains for New-York. For particulars, see *Pathfinder Railway Guide*. J. A. BROOKS, Agent, Providence.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON Market by steamer ISLAND CITY, at 6¼, 8 and 10 A. M., 1, 4 and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing, L. I., at the same hours, meeting and exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Through in 30 minutes. Fare, 20 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR NORFOLK AND PETERSBURG.—The United States mail steamship ROANOKE, Capt. THOMAS SKINNER, will leave for the above places on WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., from pier No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Norfolk the next afternoon, and Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great Southern mail line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah, &c. Those for Richmond will arrive at their destination early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, $8; Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 23 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.—The splendid Steamship KNOXVILLE, Capt. C. D. LUDLOW, will leave for SAVANNAH on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24, from pier No. 4, North River, at 4 o'clock P. M. precisely. Bills of lading signed only on board. For freight or passage, apply to SAML. L. MITCHILL, No. 13 Broadway.

The steamship AUGUSTA, Capt. THOMAS LYON, will succeed the above and leave on SATURDAY, Sept. 27.

NOTICE.—THE STEAMSHIP TEXAS WILL sail from pier foot of 9th-st., East River, (Dry Dock) at 2 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO STEAMSHIP LINE *via* NICARAGUA.—SHORTEST ROUTE BY 700 MILES—GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES.—The splendid steamship TEXAS, 1,800 tons burden, will sail from Pier No. 9, foot of North Moore-st., North River, for San Juan de Nicaragua, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 24, at 2 o'clock P. M., to connect with the steamer SIERRA NEVADA, from San Juan del Sur, on the Pacific, for San Francisco. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 5 Bowling Green.

N. B.—The steamship TENNESSEE will sail Oct. 4, to connect with steamship ORIZABA on the Pacific, and the TEXAS will sail again Oct. 24.

FURNITURE.

SCHOOL FURNITURE. CIRCULARS SUPPLIED ON APPLICATION, By R. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st.

FURNITURE.—OVER ONE HUNDRED SUITES of rich rosewood parlor furniture, library and chamber do., to be disposed of at moderate prices. My customers and others about furnishing, are particularly requested to call early and examine for themselves. H. STONEY, No. 536 Broadway, one door above Spring-st., and at Branch Store No. 84 6th-av., a large assortment of cottage furniture, chamber sets solid walnut at [illegible], library and dining-room, at moderate prices.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—H. F. FARRINGTON has now ready for sale an extensive assortment of rich enameled chamber furniture in all patterns and colors, and elaborately decorated in landscape figures and flowers, at the manufactory and warerooms, No. 46 and 48 Wooster-st., between Broome and Grand sts.

ENAMELED COTTAGE FURNITURE.—Elegant suites for $25 at the manufactory, No. [illegible] Broadway, below Bleecker-st. Goods packed to go out of the City.

SPLENDID SUITES OF ENAMELED FURNITURE.—Wholesale and Retail. WARREN WARD, No. 26 Canal-st.

FOR EUROPE.

THE NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS.—The ships comprising this line are as follows:

ATLANTIC, Capt. ELDRIDGE; BALTIC, Capt. COMSTOCK; ADRIATIC, Capt. JAMES WEST.

These ships have been built by contract, expressly for Government service. Every care has been taken in their construction, as also their engines, to insure strength and speed, and their accommodations for passengers are unequaled for elegance and comfort. Price of passage from New-York to Liverpool in first-class cabin, $130; in second cabin, $75. From Liverpool to New-York, 30 and 20 guineas. An experienced surgeon attached to each ship. No berth secured until paid for. The ships of this line have improved water-tight bulkheads, and to avoid danger from ice will not cross the Banks north of 42 degrees until after the 1st of August.

PROPOSED DATES OF SAILING.

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM LIVERPOOL.	
Saturday, April 26	1856	Wednesday, May 14	1856
Saturday, May 10	1856	Wednesday, May 28	1856
Saturday, May 24	1856	Wednesday, June [illegible]	1856
Saturday, June [illegible]	1856	Wednesday, June [illegible]	1856
Saturday, June 21	1856	Wednesday, July [illegible]	1856
Saturday, July [illegible]	1856	Wednesday, July [illegible]	1856
Saturday, July [illegible]	1856	Wednesday, Aug. 6	1856
Saturday, Aug. [illegible]	1856	Wednesday, Aug. 20	1856
Saturday, Aug. 16	1856	Wednesday, Sept. 3	1856
Saturday, Aug. 30	1856	Wednesday, Sept. 17	1856
Saturday, Sept. 13	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 1	1856
Saturday, Sept. 27	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 15	1856
Saturday, Oct. 11	1856	Wednesday, Oct. 29	1856
Saturday, Oct. 25	1856	Wednesday, Nov. 12	1856
Saturday, Nov. 8	1856	Wednesday, Nov. 26	1856
Saturday, Nov. 22	1856	Wednesday, Dec. 10	1856
Saturday, Dec. 6	1856	Wednesday, Dec. 24	1856
Saturday, Dec. 20	1856		

For freight or passage apply to

EDW'D K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York.
BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.
STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 27 Austin Friars, London.
B. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Paris.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.—Chief Cabin Passage, $130; Second Cabin Passage, $75. FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL—Chief Cabin Passage, $110; Second Cabin Passage, $60. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickman.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. NIAGARA, Capt. Ryrie.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

ASIA, Lott, leave New-York	Wednesday, Aug.	20.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston	Wednesday, Aug.	27.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New-York	Wednesday, Sept.	3.
NIAGARA, Leitch, leave Boston	Wednesday, Sept.	10.
PERSIA, Judkins, leave New-York	Wednesday, Sept.	17.
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston	Wednesday, Sept.	24.
ASIA, Lott, leave New-York	Wednesday, Oct.	1.
CANADA, Lang, leave Boston	Wednesday, Oct.	8.
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New-York	Wednesday, Oct.	15.
NIAGARA, Leitch, leave Boston	Wednesday, Oct.	22.

Berths not secured until paid for. An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value therein expressed.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW:

EDINBURG, 2,500 tons, WM. CUMMINGS, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 2,150 tons, ROBERT CRAIG, Commander.
GLASGOW, 1,962 tons, JOHN DUNCAN, Commander.

The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-York for Glasgow direct, as under:

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, 30th September, at 12 o'clock M.
GLASGOW, Saturday, 11th of October, at 12 o'clock M.
EDINBURG, Saturday, 15th November, 12 o'clock M.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First-class, $75; third-class, found with cooked provisions, $30.

An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to J. McSYMON, No. 17 Broadway.

New-York City bills or gold only received for passage.

FOR BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON.—The U. S. Mail Steamship WASHINGTON, E. CAVENDY, Commander, will sail for Bremen, touching at Southampton, to land the Mails and Passengers for England and France, on SATURDAY, Oct. 4, at 12 o'clock M., from pier No. 37 North River.

PRICE OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON OR BREMEN:

In First Cabin, Main Saloon	$130
In First Cabin, Lower Saloon	110
In Second Cabin	60

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamer. Specie delivered in Havre or London. No Parcels received on the day of sailing. All Letters must pass through the Post-Office. For freight or passage, apply to C. H. SAND, Agent, No. 11 South William-st.

The steamer HERMANN will succeed the WASHINGTON, and sail Nov. 1.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail Steamer ARAGO, D. LINES, Commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, Oct. 18, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. Price of passage: First cabin, $130; second cabin, $75. This ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured. Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below." For freight or passage apply to MORTIMER LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 53 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO, and sail Nov. 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—UNITED STATES MAIL Steamship ATLANTIC, ELDRIDGE Commander, will depart with the United States mails for Europe, positively on SATURDAY, Sept. 27, at 12 o'clock M., from her berth at the foot of Canal-st. For freight or passage, having unequaled accommodation for elegance and comfort, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 56 Wall-st.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock A. M. All letters must pass through the Post-Office—any others will be returned.

The Steamship BALTIC, Captain COMSTOCK, will succeed the ATLANTIC, and sail on SATURDAY, Oct. 11.

NOTICE.—The rate of freight from Liverpool to New-York is reduced to Four Pounds per ton measurement, until further notice.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMBOAT AND RAILROAD LINE.—Afternoon boat at 5 o'clock for Hudson, from pier foot of Jay-st., north side, landing at Caldwell's, West Point, (Cozzens' Dock,) Newburg, Marlboro, Milton, Po'keepsie, Rhinebeck, Tarrytown, Red Hook, Bristol, West Camp and Catskill. Fare 50 cents to Newburg, Po'keepsie and Rhinebeck.

The fast-sailing steamers SOUTH AMERICA, Captain W. H. MILLER, and COLUMBIA, Captain C. F. KING, will leave pier foot of Jay-st., north side, at 5 o'clock every day, Sundays excepted, for Hudson, connecting with stages West from Catskill and Railroad East from Hudson.

Tickets may be obtained on board the boat to the following places:

Hudson	[illegible]	Pittsfield	$2 50
Claverack	[illegible]	Cheshire	2 60
Mellenville	[illegible]	South Adams	2 75
Ghent	[illegible]	North Adams	3 00
Chatham 4 Corners	$1 50	Dalton	2 45
East Chatham	1 50	Hinsdale	2 55
Canaan	1 50	Washington	2 50
Lebanon Springs	1 75	Becket	2 50
Edwards	1 80	Chester Factory	2 65
State Line	1 85	Huntington	2 75
West Stockbridge	2 00	Rupert	2 85
Richmond	2 05	Westfield	2 95
Shaker Village	2 20		

The above boats leave Hudson for New-York on arrival of the afternoon cars from the East.

The first train of cars leaves Hudson at 5 A. M., and passengers will arrive at Lebanon Springs and Pittsfield in time for breakfast.

SEPT., 1856.—FOR SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S DOCK, BROWN'S DOCK, (MIDDLETOWN,) and RED BANK.—The new and splendid steamer OCEAN WAVE, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will run as follows, from foot of Robinson-st. Pier, North River:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Thursday, Sept. 18	6¼ A. M.	Thursday, Sept. 18	10½ A. M.
Friday, Sept. 19	7 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 19	11 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 20	11½ A. M.	Monday, Sept. 22	8¼ A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 23	10 A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 23	2 P. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 24	11½ A. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 24	3½ P. M.
Thursday, Sept. 25	12½ P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 25	4½ P. M.
Friday, Sept. 26	7 A. M.	Friday, Sept. 26	2 P. M.
Saturday, Sept. 27	3 P. M.	Monday, Sept. 29	8 A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 30	8½ A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 30	3½ P. M.

FOR SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, OCEAN HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, SILVER POINT, OCEAN PORT AND EATONTOWN.—The superior light-drafted steamer JAMES CHRISTOPHER, Capt. JOHN BORDEN, will run from foot of Jay-st., North River, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK:		LEAVE OCEAN PORT:	
Tuesday, Sept. 16	2 P. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 16	8 A. M.
Wednesday, Sept. 17	3 P. M.	Wednesday, Sept. 17	8 A. M.
Thursday, Sept. 18	3½ P. M.	Thursday, Sept. 18	9 A. M.
Friday, Sept. 19	4 P. M.	Friday, Sept. 19	9 A. M.
Saturday, Sept. 20	12 M.	Monday, Sept. 22	6 A. M.
Tuesday, Sept. 23	10½ A. M.	Tuesday, Sept. 23	3 P. M.

Stages for Squan Village and other parts of the country.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—FOR NORTHPORT AND PORT JEFFERSON, L. I.—The ISLAND BELLE, Capt. J. POST, Jr., will leave New-York, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 11 A. M., from Catharine Market-slip, for the above places, connecting at North Port with stages for Comac, and by the North route to Smithtown and [illegible], and and at Port Jefferson for Wading River, Baiting Hollow and Miller's place.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY AT 7 A. M. FROM Sept. 22, steamer ALIDA, from Canal and Spring sts. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. ARMENIA, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, from Chambers-st., making the principal landings, connecting at Albany with trains for Saratoga and the north, also with trains west to Niagara and Suspension Bridge.

COAL.

THE CELEBRATED BRECKENRIDGE COAL is now for sale at the following coal yards at $25 per ton for the present: Col. R. L. SNOW, No. 336 6th-av., corner 21st-st., New-York; WALTER [illegible] [illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against [illegible] YOUNG, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at [illegible], No. 324 Delancey-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of October next.—Dated New-York, April [illegible], 1856. MARY YOUNG, [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF [illegible]—WILLIAM A. WHEELER, ANTHONY C. BROWN and JOHN S. ELDRIDGE, Trustees, &c., for the Northern Railroad Bondholders, against THE NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, (N. Y.)—In pursuance of a decretal order made in the above entitled action, and bearing date the eighth day of April, A. D. 1856, I, the undersigned Referee, appointed by the Court to execute the said order, shall sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the town of Malone, in the County of Franklin, and State of New-York, on the [illegible] day of October next, at [illegible] o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular, the mortgaged premises and property mentioned in said decree in due form, and subject to all the rights which James Savage, John Jenney, [illegible] and George B. Seymour have [illegible] as Trustees for the holders of Bonds known as the First Mortgage Bonds of the Northern Railroad Company, [illegible] to secure [illegible] five hundred thousand dollars, [illegible] premises and property are described in said decree as follows:

The several mortgaged premises situate in the Counties of St. Lawrence, Franklin and Clinton, and within the bounds of the several towns in the said [illegible], the lines through which the Northern Railroad has been located and constructed in accordance with the act of incorporation of the Northern Railroad Company, passed [illegible] 1845, and all amendments thereto, viz.: The towns of Oswegatchie, Lisbon, Potsdam, Madrid, Norfolk, Stockholm and Lawrence, in the County of St. Lawrence; the towns of Moira, Bangor, Malone, Burke and Chateaugay, in the County of Franklin; the towns of Clinton, Ellenburgh, Chazy, Mooers and Champlain, in the County of Clinton. The said railroad extending from Rouse's Point, Champlain, including within its eastern terminus what is known as the Rouse's Point Bridge, Pier or Crossing, or so much thereof as has been constructed by the defendants under the act entitled an "Act authorizing the Northern Railroad Company to extend its pier at Rouse's Point, on Lake Champlain," passed July 1, 1851, and also including the Champlain Branch of said road, to the River St. Lawrence at Ogdensburgh, a distance of about one hundred and [illegible] miles, and located and constructed in the aforesaid towns of the Counties of Clinton, Franklin and St. Lawrence, and said premises and property mortgaged are described in said mortgages, without reference to any schedule thereunto attached, describing more minutely the personal property mortgaged, as follows: the said description [illegible] in the date of the execution of said mortgages:

"The Railroad of the Northern Railroad Company, constructed or to be constructed—the same being one hundred and seventeen miles in length, extending from Lake Champlain to Ogdensburgh, together with the franchises of the said Company, and all and singular the railway, rails, bridges, fences, privileges, rights and real estate, buildings and fixtures of every kind and description now owned by the said Company, or which shall hereafter be owned by them, and all the tolls, income, issues and profits to be had from the same, and all the land and real estate used for Railway, Depots or Stations, with all the buildings standing or hereafter to be erected thereon, and all real estate now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said Company, together with all the locomotives, engines and tenders, passenger cars, freight cars and all other cars, and shops, tools and machinery, and all other personal property whatsoever of every name and nature, now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said Company, and in any way belonging or appertaining to the said Railroad of the said Company, now constructed or to be constructed."

The sale will include the following:

Comprising the several articles of personal property owned by the Northern Railroad Company, covered by the two mortgages to the plaintiffs, several of them and which is directed in the foregoing judgment and decree to be sold by the Referee and claimed in the complaint as not being affected or covered by the mortgage to DANFORTH, DEWELL and SEYMOUR:

First—The steamer Boston, her engines, boilers, boats, tackle, apparel and furniture: a claim and demand against GEORGE FARRAR, for sailing and converting the same.

Second—The boats and vessels comprising what is known as the "Ogdensburg Railroad Line" of Canal Boats on Lake Champlain, and consisting of the following named Canal boats, barges and vessels, with their [illegible] and their sails, rigging tackle, apparel and furniture:

The Ricbiles, [illegible] [illegible]

Third—All the household furniture and hotel fixtures contained in, and appertaining to, the hotel known as the "Station House Hotel," at Rouse's Point, in the County of Clinton, in the State of New-York.

Fourth—A certain bond executed by JOHN R. CRAWFORD and PHILO CHAMBERLAIN to WILLIAM T. [illegible], of Boston, dated the 16th day of December, A. D. 185[illegible], in the penal sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the repayment, within five years from the date, of all sums of money which should from time to time be loaned or advanced by said WILLIAM T. [illegible] to said CRAWFORD & CHAMBERLAIN, with semi-annual interest, and further conditioned that said CRAWFORD & CHAMBERLAIN would secure the payment of said money by mortgages upon any steam Propellers or Vessels, or which might thereafter be owned by said Crawford & Chamberlain, and by the transfer of policies of insurance thereon, which Bond belonged to the Northern Railroad Company, on the 7th day of April, 1854, and there was then due or owing and unpaid thereon, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, with interest thereon, from the [illegible] day of December, A. D., 1853.

Also, a claim against GEORGE [illegible] and [illegible] PUTNAM for the said Bond, which is in their possession and claimed by them.

Dated at Ogdensburgh, N. Y., Aug. 21, 1856.

au22-lawtoWWF. WM. G. BROWN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES W. TUCKER and ALBERT O. WHITTEMORE, plaintiffs, against HENRY ARNOLD and JOHN DOE, (the latter a fictitious name,) composing the firm of ARNOLD & CO., defendants.—Summons for money demand on contract.—To said defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the City Hall, in the City of New-York, a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 229 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of six hundred and twenty-nine dollars, with interest from the 18th day of October, 1855, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Nov. 1, 1855.

FANCHER & HAGER, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint above mentioned was filed in said office Aug. 26, 1856. FANCHER & HAGER, au27-lawtoW* Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT.—JOTHAM C. MEEKER and JOHN M. PERKINS against DAVID C. DUVALL—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 150 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and forty-two dollars and sixty-six cents, with interest from the 8th day of February, 1856, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Aug. 22, 1856. F. W. BURKE, Plaintiffs' Attorney, No. 150 Nassau-st.

N. B.—The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York Sept. 4, 1856.

s5-lawtoW* F. W. BURKE, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JOTHAM C. MEEKER and JOHN M. PERKINS against JAMES S. WATERMAN and ELLREY P. YOUNG. Summons for a money demand on contract. (Com. not served.) To JAMES S. WATERMAN and ELLREY P. YOUNG: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City of New-York, on the 22d day of September, 1856, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 150 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and five dollars and forty-three cents, with interest from the 21st day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Sept. 22, 1856.

F. W. BURKE, Plaintiffs' Attorney,
s23-lawtoW* No. 150 Nassau-st.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—ANDREW M. ARCULARIUS, PETER E. BONNETT, and JOHN W. SCHENCK, against DANIEL BALL.—Summons for money demand on contract.—To DANIEL BALL, above defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall of said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 29 Wall-st., (Jauncey-court,) in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs will take judgment for the sum of five hundred and nineteen dollars and fifty cents, with interest from the eighth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Sept. 8, 1856.

MANN & RODMANN, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York Sept. [illegible], 1856.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.—The undersigned, JOHN C. DEVEREUX, of New-York City, and M. THOMPSON, of Washington, D. C., attorneys and counsellors-at-law, are associated for the legal prosecution of claims for creditors of Government in the Court of Claims.

They will co-operate in attention to business entrusted at Washington which may be furnished to their care by the [illegible] in the City of New-York, or elsewhere in any part of the [illegible] [illegible]

JOHN C. DEVEREUX, No. 189 Broadway, corner Dey-st., New-York.
M. THOMPSON, Washington City.

N. B.—J. C. DEVEREUX is a Commissioner of the Court of Claims.

SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY OF MONROE.—FRANCES A. SCOTT against JOHN H. SCOTT.—Summons for relief.—To JOHN H. SCOTT, defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of FRANCES A. SCOTT, plaintiff, a copy of which is filed in the Clerk's office of the said County of Monroe, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at Rochester, Monroe County, New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

E. HUNTER, au7-lawtoW Plaintiff's Attorney.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF [illegible] [illegible] B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of [illegible], notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN H. ELLIOTT, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the administrators, at the office of S. M. & D. B. [illegible], No. 18 South [illegible]-st., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th day of November next.—Dated May [illegible].

MARY ELLIOTT,
HENRY [illegible] LAW, Administrators.
[illegible]-lawtoW THOMAS [illegible]

[illegible] SPEARE, JR., & CO.—NO. 11 FULTON-st., [illegible]

[Advertisement.]

MARK THE FACTS.

GURNEY'S PHOTOGRAPHIC PALACE, No. 840 Broadway, is the most extensive establishment in the United States.

GURNEY was the first to introduce the Art of Photography in this City.

GURNEY has recently made important alterations and improvements in his establishment.

GURNEY has now greater facilities for producing fine work in every branch than has heretofore been in this country.

GURNEY has still in his employ the best of his old artists.

GURNEY has recently added to the above a talented corps of American, French, and German artists.

GURNEY's colored Photographs of all sizes need only to be seen to be appreciated; they speak for themselves.

GURNEY's plain, uncolored Photographs were never equaled; so say Artists and the best judges.

GURNEY's Daguerreotypes are universally pronounced superior productions.

GURNEY has received more testimonials for his skill than any other artist in the profession.

GURNEY received the only medal for Photographic productions, at the late Paris exhibition—consequently

GURNEY stands at the head of the world in the Photographic Art.

GURNEY has not removed any branch of his business to any part of the City.

GURNEY has no connection with any other establishment in any other part of the City.

GURNEY attends personally to his patrons and friends and has for the last sixteen years.

GURNEY will be most happy to continue that attention, and will still endeavor to please all who may give him a visit at his Photographic Palace of Art, No. 840 Broadway, corner Leonard-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

FACTS
THAT NEED NO MASKING.
Progression.
From Humphrey's Photographic Journal of Sept. 1856.

We do not approve of the plan of puffing the members of the Photographic profession by way of personals. This may do very well when one is trying to bring his works into favor with such as are susceptible to *flattery*, and measure out their support according to the amount of editorial ink used as bait. We feel confident that those who best know will agree with us that it is no puffing, when we can say with so much truth, that the Photographic Art this day owes, in no small degree, its position in this country to Mr. C. D. FREDRICKS, a gentleman who was the first to introduce the Photographic process upon an extensive scale in America. Previous to his establishing himself here, he visited Europe, and, with an enterprise worthy of imitation, he was not satisfied with first securing what knowledge he could himself gain, but also engaged the services of several of the most eminent Parisian Artists. He then, in connection with Mr. GURNEY, opened an establishment on a plan unequaled in the world.

After successfully following his profession, in connection with Mr. G., for some time, he has opened a "Temple of Art" in this City, under his own proprietorship and supervision. We have honestly and candidly presented the foregoing, feeling that it is justly due to a fellow-laborer.

CHARLES D. FREDERICKS, late GURNEY & FREDRICKS, Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, &c., No. 585 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel

[Advertisement.]

FACTS WHICH ARE KNOWN.—PHOTOGRAPHS, DAGUERREOTYPES, AMBROTYPES, &c.—The undersigned having removed the Photographic department and his Parisian artists from his old place of business, No. 340 Broadway, to his new and magnificent establishment, No. 585 Broadway, would call the attention of the public to the fact that his Galleries, and the pictures made in them, are superior to anything before exhibited. Those desiring Photographs, Daguerreotypes, or Ambrotypes, executed by artists of refined taste, would do well to call and judge for themselves. Reception rooms on the first floor, and are open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. CHARLES D. FREDRICKS,
Late GURNEY & FREDRICKS, No. 585 Broadway,
Opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

[Advertisement.]

GAS FOR THE COUNTRY.—Gas apparatus, after the Patent of the Maryland Portable Gas Company.—C. R. WOODWORTH & CO. are now offering for sale a most complete, cheap, simple and efficient gas machine, adapted in all respects to the wants of private dwellings, public and private schools, churches, colleges, factories, foundries, hotels, watering-places, &c., as well as of towns and villages. Details will be furnished, by applying in person or by letter to the office of the Company, where a machine can be seen in operation, and descriptive pamphlets obtained.
C. R. WOODWORTH & CO.,
No. 14 Wall-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

FALL CLOTHING.—

Black cloth suits	$12
Cassimere suits	8
Rich moire antique vests	3
Fine blue dress coats	8
Cassimere business coats, $3 50 to	6

At EVANS' extensive clothing warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.

[Advertisement.]

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—This will be a grand gala day for the ladies, as Manager PURDY has announced for an afternoon performance his new dramatic version of Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S new work of "Dred, or the Dismal Swamp," in which Little CORDELIA HOWARD and her parents, and the strength of the company are to appear, the pantomime of "Raoul, or the Magic Star," concluding the entertainment. In the evening, "Dred, or the Dismal Swamp;" "Raoul, or the Magic Star," and the "Old Toll House."

[Advertisement.]

GRAND OPENING DISPLAY OF RICH MEDALLION, Axminster, Wilton and Tapestry Brussels Carpets, purchased by the agent of the house, low for cash, four and five yards wide; Medallion Druggets, Oil-cloths, from three to twenty-four feet wide; beautiful Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets, at extraordinarily low prices. HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 59 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—DYSPEPSIA CURED.—None need suffer while this truly invaluable remedy is at hand for their relief, as no stomach or liver complaint can long withstand their influence. Sold at the manufactories, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London; and by all druggists, at 25c., 62½c., and $1 per box.

[Advertisement.]

THE LAST OF THE WHITE HATS.—The warm weather affords a slight excuse for the appearance of a few white hats in the street, during the past week, but the dilapidated look of these articles should suggest to the owners the propriety of visiting KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway. His Fall style of hat is recommended for its beauty, and we are not at all surprised at its popularity.

[Advertisement.]

☞ We would like to call the attention of our friends to the many handsome styles of Fan and Pencils manufactured by WILMARTH, CLEMMAN & CO., No. 21 Maiden-lane. It is at this establishment that you can obtain the Lowndes' Patent Case, so noted throughout the country.

[Advertisement.]

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.—At the great Emporium for supplying the wants of the housekeeper. Five spacious salesrooms filled with the largest and most varied assortment of goods ever kept in any house-furnishing establishment. ROBERT DAVIS,
Nos. 646 and 648 Broadway,
corner Bleecker-street.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—A new Benzole Gas Works, the best and cheapest in the world, with Fixtures to suit. Gas fixtures—several new and beautiful designs—just completed for the Fall trade. No lead or spelter fixtures sold by us. Call at our great Manufacturing Depôt, No. 416 Broadway. ANDREW WARNER & CO.

[Advertisement.]

TRUSSES, YOUNG'S EMPORIUM OF ART (OLD NUMBER).—Mr. WINCHOW, on the last appointment, must not remain absentee, but a continue among the children suffering. It will immediately relieve them from gain, allay all spasmodic action, unless the cause and remove the hernia. Price $2 extra per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

☞ HEALY'S Patent Dahlia, No. 120 West Broadway, New-York. See advertisement on 6th page.

☞ The subscribers, Wholesale Fish and Smoked Ware-rooms, Wholesale and Retail at McLANDER'S office and Promenading store, No. 200 Greenwich-street, corner of Murray-street. Stock of every size on hand and made to measure in the best manner.

[Advertisement.]

LISK & PERKINS' WOOD-MANUFACTURING SAWS.—Quarter, plain, half-plain and imperial gallon, for JOHN DUNCAN & SONS, No. 400 Broadway, sole agents for the United States.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—Nos. 189, 187 and 189 Water-street, and No. 251 Murray-street, New-York.

LONG ISLAND.

The Republicans all Alive in Queens County.

The nomination of Hon. JNO. A. KING for Governor seems to have aroused a perfect enthusiasm among his own townsmen, as well as throughout the county. As expressed in one of their resolutions, though a prophet may not be honored among his own people, an honest, capable and reliable politician may be. A ratification meeting was held in Flushing on Monday evening, which called out a large gathering of the citizens of that village, of all parties, and delegations were in attendance from Jamaica, Stratton-port and elsewhere. Very spirited and telling speeches were made by Hon. JOSEPH HOXIE and CHAS. A. DANA, Esq., not only in behalf of the gubernatorial nominee, but also upon the questions or question at issue in the Presidential campaign. Mr. HOXIE said he had years since retired from the stump, resolved never to take it again, but the importance of the present campaign, when not only the freedom of a Territory, but the freedom of the whole country was at stake, had compelled him to come forth, and he promised to "labor six days and six nights in a week, and pray all day Sunday, for the success of Free Soil, Free Speech, Free Press, Free Men, all of which would be promoted by electing JOHN C. FREMONT to the Presidency." For an hour and a half Mr. HOXIE kept the audience in the closest attention by his fund of argument, interspersed with frequent wit and humor.

Mr. DANA presented among other things the personal interest that should incite us to vote in favor of free territory. Free men will not go into territory with slaves. If Kansas be surrendered to Slavery we are entirely shut out. The South takes the whole. In reference to FILLMORE, at no time has he expressed himself outright in favor of Freedom. FILLMORE had done this. Mr. FILLMORE had in his great political history voted with the South. Witness his cooperation with FOOT in extracting those men nominated for office when he was Vice-President, who were not "sound on the Slavery question." At the recent Convention of his friends at Syracuse, one of their own men desired to introduce resolutions which would go to show that the American party and their nominee were not wholly Pro-Slavery and did not indorse the BROOKS'S and men of that character, the Kansas outrages, &c. This was done to save the party itself, but the proposer of the resolution had himself been expelled from his council for merely making an effort to save his party from utter defeat. Mr. D. urged that a choice was to be made in the coming election for anything but the most open and decided measures. The whole South are united. Shall we divide among ourselves? Let us *first* have a *free* America to be governed, and then we shall talk about who shall rule it.

During the speaking Mr. KING, the nominee, came into the meeting, by special and urgent invitation, accompanied by the Jamaica Delegation. As he entered the room a banner was suddenly elevated before him:

WELCOME TO LONG ISLAND'S FAVORITE SON.

Loud and long-continued cheering followed, which seemed to be joined in with a hearty good-will by men of all parties present. The Flushing Fremont Glee Club enlivened the exercises with excellent singing. The audience, though closely packed, and standing, remained until midnight, with unabated interest.

The Flushing Republican Club, though feeble at first, has daily grown in numbers, vigor, and efficiency, and is doing good service in the cause.

Fremont Meeting.

The Sixth Ward Republican Club, of Brooklyn, held their regular weekly sitting last evening. As usual, the large church in which they hold their meeting was well filled, and interesting addresses were made by J. M. VAN COTT, Esq., and others.

Consecration of the Church of the Holy Trinity Brooklyn.

The Church of the Holy Trinity, situated at the corner of Montague and Clinton-streets, Brooklyn, was consecrated yesterday. Architecture and decoration combined, this is one of the most splendid Episcopal churches in the country. It has a history of its own, also, which is quite interesting. It was commenced by a private individual, who failed to finish it, and about eighteen months ago there was danger that it would pass out of the hands of Episcopalians, and be sold to the Roman Catholics. Its congregation took counsel. They determined that their beloved edifice should be preserved for Protestant worship. They subscribed, or made themselves responsible for, the large sum of $95,000, which it was necessary to raise, in order to prevent the mortgage on the building from being foreclosed. Thus, by vigorous exertion, they preserved for themselves a sanctuary which may rank with the best Protestant churches of the Old World.

It is now about ten years since the church of the Holy Trinity was opened for public worship, and yet it was not till yesterday that the official consecration of the edifice took place. The building was crowded to its utmost capacity. Besides the principal Episcopal clergy of New-York and Brooklyn, Bishop POTTER of New-York, Bishop CLARKE of Rhode Island, Bishop WHITTINGHAM of Illinois, and Bishop HOPKINS of Vermont, were present. The usual services of the Episcopal Church were performed, various clergymen participating in the duties, to which was added the ritual for the consecration of churches appointed by the Episcopal Church, which was principally read by Bishop POTTER. A very eloquent sermon was preached by Bishop CLARKE, who took for his text the 15th verse of the 5th chapter of Ezra, "Let the house of God be builded in this place." The edifices raised for the worship of the Deity in different nations, he said, are indicative by the degree of civilization which they have reached. There were the African mud temples, and the Chinese pagodas, and the gloomy structures of India—each indicating the civilization of the people who built and worshiped in them. There was the lofty dome of the Mohammedan mosque, which proclaimed, in the religion taught beneath it, a higher civilization and a purer faith than any of the foregoing, but which was one which left unsolved the great problem of human existence, and told the world of no Saviour. Even the Christian religion exhibits its different types in its edifices. The Roman Catholic Church, in its decorations and its paintings, was symbolical of the mingled truth and falsehood which characterized its doctrines. Sometimes to the other extremes, we find the bold and rigid theology of CALVIN setting aside the beauty of holiness as inconsistent with holiness itself. It is proper that the House of God should represent the best phase and the greatest wealth of the people. If the culture of a nation is to be expressed at all in Architecture, if our dwelling houses are to give evidence of our taste and cultivation, why not also the temples of God? Shall we have marble banks and hemlock churches? Though it is reasonably said that we must have cheap churches to reach the hearts of the people, it is not necessary that costly churches should be costly to the worshipers. It is objected that the poor suffer hunger and cold and nakedness while the wealth of the rich is expended on their buildings, but does not the erection of these edifices give employment to the poor, and are they any poorer because the shadows of the church spire marks the passage of the sun over their lowly roofs? The soul is educated through other avenues besides that of hearing. It is of the highest importance that nothing mean, vulgar, or sordid should be associated with the worship of God.

The reverend gentleman proceeded to discourse at length on the ministry. His sermon was most eloquent and powerful.

The seats in the South gallery, capable of holding 300 persons, are henceforth to be free. We congratulate our Episcopalian friends in the success of their efforts to preserve this fine building to Heretics. To their pastor, Rev. Dr. Lewis, the highest praise for his activity and perseverance to this end, must be justly lavished.

Fire in Brooklyn Caused by the Explosion of a Fluid Lamp.

At 9 o'clock last evening a fluid lamp exploded in the grocery store of Gerrian Meyer, No. 12 Bleecker-street, near Fulton, which soon set the building on fire, and before the flames could be stayed the inside of the building was nearly burned out. Mr. MEYER lost by stock in about $300. Not insured.

The building was owned by Mr. HIRAM COX, who occupied the upper floors of it as a dwelling. He lost by fire and water to the extent of $200, which was not insured. Mr. COX was absent at the time, and was in his bed, and soon after the fire broke out Officer Gorse of the Fifth Ward Police, and Officer Adamson Gaines of the First Ward, by great exertion, succeeded in rousing the inmates of the building, just as the fire had reached his room.

State Convention of Colored Citizens.

A body of Delegates representing the colored citizens of the State, met yesterday morning in Convention in Washington-hall, Syracuse, N. Y. The Monday they succeeded in perfecting an organization by electing the following as permanent officers:

President—WM. RICE, of Troy.

Vice Presidents—Stephen Myers, Albany; S. W. B. Smith and James Scott, New-York City; S. S. C. Warrick and Freeman Marrows, Brooklyn.

Secretaries—George LeVere and James Still, New-York; D. C. Yarrick and F. W. Ray, Brooklyn.

Messrs. RICE and MYERS addressed the Convention.

The afternoon and evening sessions were occupied in the discussion of resolutions, reported by a Committee, recommending the formation of Suffrage Associations throughout the State, auxiliary to the State Association, and that measures be taken to urge their claims of equal rights before the next Legislature.

TUESDAY, Sept. 23.—The Convention met this morning, when the resolutions under discussion were adopted.

Rev. HENRY H. GARNET addressed the Convention, advising his colored brethren not to cease in their labors until they had all of their rights. He estimated the colored vote at 6,000, a large proportion of which is in New-York and Brooklyn. He thought they had as good a right at least to enjoy the privilege of voting as foreigners; the oppressed Irishmen, once naturalized, are the loudest shouters for "Buck and Breck" and Slavery extension, and are the bitterest foes of the negro. Of all things he hated to see a black Democrat. His remarks throughout were well received.

A Committee reported the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That, inasmuch as the Republican Party of this country presents a platform more consistent with the principles of liberty and justice than that of any other party, we, therefore pledge ourselves to use our best endeavors to secure the success of the candidates nominated by that party, namely, FREMONT and DAYTON, for President and Vice-President, and KING and SELDEN for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.

Resolved, That we further recommend that the various Suffrage Associations in different parts of the State appoint Committees to interrogate candidates for office in their respective localities.

☞ The Queen's County Agricultural Fair is to open Thursday, Sept. 25, at Hempstead, Long Island. JOHN A. KING, the Republicans' popular candidate for Governor, is the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements.

Brooklyn Board of Health.

The meetings of this Board are still held every morning, but there has been no case of infectious or contagious disease reported for several days, and no business of importance was transacted yesterday. Several shipowners applied for permission to discharge cargoes at different points, but none of them having clear bills of health from the Quarantine officer, the applications were denied.

John M. Butler against Wm. Shaw and James Irving.

This case, which has been on trial in the Circuit Court, Brooklyn, before Judge BROWN, for several days, was concluded yesterday morning, the jury rendering a verdict against each of the defendants in the sum of $800. BUTLER was assaulted and beaten by defendants some two years ago at the Union Race Course.

Sixteenth Ward, Brooklyn.

This Ward has been divided into three Election Districts, as follows:

First District.—Commencing at the northeast corner of Division-avenue and Lorimer-street, and bounded by Lorimer, Wyckoff, South Second, Ninth streets, to the line of the Sixteenth and Nineteenth Wards, thence through the centre of Division-avenue to the place of beginning.

Second District.—That portion of said Ward lying north of Johnson-street is to be known as the Second District.

Third District.—All south of Johnson-street.

Suicide.

GEORGE NIEMAN, a German, residing at Green Point, Brooklyn, committed suicide Monday night by taking a dose of arsenic. Domestic troubles is the alleged cause for the rash act.

Caution to Hackmen.

A hackman, named THOMAS MCLEAN, was brought before Mayor HALL in Brooklyn, yesterday, by the Hack Inspector, on a charge of using insulting language to a lady. He was fined $10.

☞ Circuit Court Calendar, Brooklyn, for this day.—Nos. 60, 61, 63, 70, 74, 77, 77½, 82, 84, 85, 87 to 96.

MARRIED.

WIGHTMAN—RITTER.—In this City, on Wednesday, Sept. 17, by Rev. Dr. Bethune, pastor of Trinity Church, D. C. WIGHTMAN to ROSINA C., youngest daughter of the late Henry Ritter.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

FYFE—MCKENZIE.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 23, by Rev. Thomas Armitage, Mr. WILLIAM H. FYFE to Miss JANE E., daughter of the late John McKenzie, all of this City.

MAGINNIS—WHITTLESEY.—In Salem, Conn., on Wednesday, Sept. 17, at the residence of Oramel Whittlesey, by Rev. Benjamin Hopkinson, WILLIAM H. MAGINNIS, of New-York, to Miss NEWTIE M. WHITTLESEY, of the former place.

DIED.

MCCREADY.—In this City, on Tuesday, Sept. 23, ELIZABETH ZACHARIAH, daughter of Nathaniel L. and Caroline Amanda McCready, aged 1 years and 3 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 10 West 22d-st., without further notice.

SHAW.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Sept. 17, ROSANA J., youngest daughter of the late James K. Shaw, aged 13 years and 5 months.

TIDBY.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, Sept. 23, CHARLES TIDBY, aged 54 years.

His funeral will take place from St. Paul's Church, Court-st., Brooklyn, this afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

BREWSTER.—At Hyde Park, L. I., on Monday, Sept. 22, after a short illness, Mrs. NANCY BREWSTER, widow of Pascal P. Brewster.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. H. Budelia, at Oyster Bay, at 10 o'clock, on Thursday, Sept. 24. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

COGGSWELL.—At Saybrook, Conn., on Friday, Sept. 19, OLIVER COGGSWELL, son of the late Chas. D. Gobb, of Columbus, Mo., aged 22 years.

FICKETT.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Sept. 22, of consumption, CHARLES HENRY, son of the late Francis Fickett, Esq., in the 31st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at the residence of his mother, No. 214 Henry-st., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, 24th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., without further invitation. The remains will be interred at the Second-st. Cemetery, New-York.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange, Sept. 23.

$8,000 Ten. State 6s '90	85¾	200	Reading Railr'd	s60	85
14,000 Virginia 6s	85¼	200	do		85¼
5,000 N. Car. State 6s	86¼	100	do	s60	85
20,000 Mo. State 6s	82	200	do	b60	84¼
8,000 Cal. State 7s '85	74	400	do		84¼
5,000 Indiana State 5s	86¼	200	do	b5	85¼
8,000 Erie R. Conv. 6s	90	1000	do		85¼
1,000 Er. R. R. C. B's '71	86¼	200	do	b60	85¼
800 H. R. R. R. 1st m.	95	200	do		84¾
5,000 do 2d m.	66	100 M. S. & N. I. R.			80¾
20,000 Ill. C. R. R. B's, c.	94½	100	do	b5	80¾
6,000 do c.	94	200	do	s60	80
10 Bank of North Am.	104	200	do		80¼
20 Commerc. Bank	80	100	do	b60	80¼
40 Penn. Coal Co.	s2 86½	100	do	b60	80¼
100 Ward C'l & Iron Co.	25	100	do	s60	80¼
30 Mich. Cen. R. R.	92¼	300 Panama R. R.		b60	80¾
170 N. Y. Cent. R. R.	c 95¼	200 Ill. Cen. R. R.		s2	117¾
150 do	b60 97	100 do		b60	118¾
300 do	c 95¼	50 do		s2	118¾
100 do	s2 95¼	1200 Cle. & Pitts. RR.		s2	89¾
100 Erie Railroad	c 69	250 do		b60	89
100 do	s2 69	17 Gal. & Chi. R. R.		110	
10 do	68½	5 do			109¾
300 do	b3 68½	10 do			109¾
200 do	s2 68½	100 Cle. & Tol. R. R.		s2	77¾
500 do	68¾	1000 do		b60	78
300 do	s2 68¾	500 do		b10	78
500 do	b60 68¾	500 do		b10	77¾
200 do	s2 68¾	100 do		b60	77¾
300 do	s60 68	200 do			77¾
300 do	c 68¾	100 do		s60	77¾
400 do	s2 68¾	200 do		b60	77¾
100 do	b60 68¾	100 do		b10	77¾
400 do	s2 68¾	100 do		b5	77¾
1000 do	b10 68¾	100 do		b4	77¾
100 do	b5 68¾	600 do		b60	77¾
210 do	s2 68¾	50 do		s2	77¾
400 do	s10 68¾	63 Chi. & Ek. Is. R. R.			67¾
100 do	s2 68¾	50 do			67¾
600 do	b60 68¾	10 Ohio L. & Tr. Co.			35
400 do	s2 68¾	200 Nic. Trans. Co.		s2	2
300 do	s60 68¾	100 Del. & H. C. Co.		s30	132
300 do	s60 68¾				

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000 Missouri State 6s	86	100 Erie Railroad		b60	69¾
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. Bs	89¾	100 do			69¾
100 Ward Coal & Iron Co.	26¾	100 do		s2	69¾
50 do	b10 26¾	100 do		s60	69¾
50 Nic. Transit Co.	2¾	100 do		s2	69¾
140 Reading R. R.	84¾	1150 do		s60	69¾
300 do	s30 84¾	100 do		s2	69
400 do	s10 84¾	200 do		b7	69
14 Mich. Cent. R.	92	200 do		b15	69
50 Ill. Central R.	s60 118¾	200 do		s2	69
200 do	118	200 do		s60	68¾
120 Cl. & Tol. R.	77¾	100 do		b60	69
100 do	77¾	100 do		s2	68¾
100 Panama R. R.	100	100 Mich. S. & N. I. R.		b60	80
10 Gal. & Chi. R.	110	50 do		s10	80¾

TUESDAY, Sept. 23—P. M.

The activity in the shares of the New-York and Erie Road continues. The additional transactions to-day reach 16,000 shares, opening for cash at 69¾, selling up to 69¾ and closing 69, while contracts for the option of the other week sales, in large amounts, at 69¾@70 ¥ cent. The market buying is understood to be for purchase under the Stock. The rise is credited with renewed activity towards the Board. The impression is that the Stock will sell much for the usual election calls of the parties concerned the movement; mainly, however, [illegible]

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The Company on a Capital Account in shares and debt of $22,770,517, all told, appear from the above to own their main line, its equipments and a large body of real estate, costing together $25,012,526, and about three millions other assets, chiefly procurative, derived from the profits of the Road during the suspension of its common dividends. These dividends were renewed in April last, first at the rate of 6 ¥ cent. a year, to be raised hereafter as the progress of the traffic and the finances of the Company may seem to justify. The $800,000 a year to the Sinking Fund is a special provision, if we mistake not, for the leases of the Northwestern Virginia Company, for which the Baltimore and Ohio are made ultimately responsible in case of failure of the Branch Company. The common stock of the Baltimore and Ohio is owned

By Private shareholders	$6,419,100
State of Maryland	600,000
City of Baltimore	3,500,000
City of Wheeling	600,000
Total	$10,104,000

The annual general meeting of the Stockholders of the New-York and Erie Railroad will be held on the second Tuesday in October. The principal object will be the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year. It is possible the occasion will be embraced by the executive officers to say something of the results of the year's business on the Road, and the prospect of an early resumption of dividends upon their Stock, which have now been suspended over two years. It is already understood, in view of the nine months' exhibit of the current Railroad year, and the large traffic since it was laid before the Stockholders in July, August and September, that the net income to the Stock will amount to about $1,950,000, or something over $400,000 added for the last quarter to the $818,000 made up to July 1. This added to the net income of last year, $[illegible], will make $2,[illegible], or over 20 ¥ cent., to which, in some shape, the Stockholders will be entitled. The specific appropriations will have been:

To sinking fund, 1855	$800,000	
To sinking fund, 1856	800,000	$[illegible]
To new construction, 1855	[illegible]	
To new construction, 1856	[illegible]	[illegible]
Belonging to Dividend Fund proper		$[illegible]
Applied to Floating Debt, 1855		[illegible]
Balance to answer in new account		[illegible]
Total		[illegible]

It will be for the Stockholders, under the change of the case, to determine at their October meeting whether the Road shall be continued in the Central Ohio way, or be made a direct line to the Ohio River, by the Erie Railroad, or be made a branch of the Erie Railroad, or be made a branch of the Erie Railroad, or be made a branch of